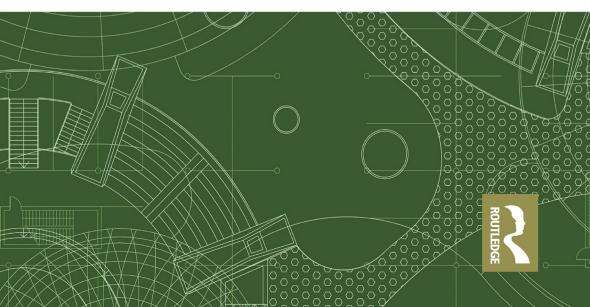


Earthscan Studies in Natural Resource Management

THE BIOECONOMY AND NON-TIMBER FOREST PRODUCTS

Edited by Carsten Smith-Hall and James L. Chamberlain



The Bioeconomy and Non-timber Forest Products

The Bioeconomy and Non-Timber Forest Products provides the first investigation into the role of these products in supporting a transition from business-as-usual to a forest-based bioeconomy.

While the bioeconomy is a new concept, more and more countries throughout the world are actively pursuing a transition to this contemporary economic model, and transitioning to a bioeconomy will influence the way forests are managed and conserved. The present book brings together critical analysis from diverse countries, products, and experiences, learning from research and practices, and providing insights into transition pathways. The introductory chapter presents key concepts and issues, followed by three parts. The first part establishes where we are using examples from five continents to assess how non-timber forest products are integrated into bioeconomic strategies. In the second part, chapters present how we move forward by delving into transition pathways and providing examples of activities supporting sectors and countries in moving towards the bioeconomy. Finally, chapters in the third part uncover tools and technologies to help transitions. Each chapter concludes with key messages for the bioeconomy and non-timber forest products, with the final chapter highlighting central findings and discussing ways forward.

The book is an essential resource for academics, professionals, and policymakers interested in learning about and supporting a transition to a forest-based bioeconomy, including students and scholars of forest and natural resource management, bioeconomics, circular economy, and ecological economics more widely.

Carsten Smith-Hall is a Professor in Forest and People in Developing Countries in the Department of Food and Resource Economics at the University of Copenhagen, Denmark. He co-coordinates the Global Task Force on Unlocking the Bioeconomy and Non-Timber Forest Products and serves the World Conservation Union's Medicinal Plant Specialist Group.

James L. Chamberlain is a Research Forest Products Technologist for the US Forest Service and an Adjunct Faculty member in the Department of Sustainable Biomaterials at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, USA. He co-coordinates the Global Task Force on Unlocking the Bioeconomy and Non-Timber Forest Products.

Earthscan Studies in Natural Resource Management

The Moroccan Argan Trade

Producer Networks and Human Bio-Geographies Daniel F. Robinson

Fair and Equitable Benefit-Sharing in Agriculture

Reinventing Agrarian Justice Elsa Tsioumani

Participatory Governance of UNESCO Biosphere Reserves in Canada and Israel

Resolving Natural Resource Conflicts Natasha Donevska

Balancing the Commons in Switzerland

Institutional Transformations and Sustainable Innovations Edited by Tobias Haller, Karina Liechti, Martin Stuber, François-Xavier Viallon and Rahel Wunderli

Natural Resource Sovereignty and the Right to Development in Africa Edited by Carol Chi Ngang and Serges Djoyou Kamga

Reindeer Husbandry and Global Environmental Change

Pastoralism in Fennoscandia Edited by Tim Horstkotte, Øystein Holand, Jouko Kumpula and Jon Moen

The bioeconomy and non-timber forest products

Edited by Carsten Smith-Hall and James Chamberlain

Drylands Facing Change

Interventions, Investments and Identities Edited by Angela Kronenburg García, Tobias Haller, Han van Dijk, Cyrus Samimi, and Jeroen Warner

For more information about this series, please visit: www.routledge.com/ books/series/ECNRM/

The Bioeconomy and Non-timber Forest Products

Edited by Carsten Smith-Hall and James L. Chamberlain





First published 2023 by Routledge 4 Park Square, Milton Park, Abingdon, Oxon OX14 4RN

and by Routledge 605 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10158

Routledge is an imprint of the Taylor & Francis Group, an informa business

© 2023 selection and editorial matter, Carsten Smith-Hall and James Chamberlain; individual chapters, the contributors

The right of Carsten Smith-Hall and James Chamberlain to be identified as the authors of the editorial material, and of the authors for their individual chapters, has been asserted in accordance with sections 77 and 78 of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988.

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reprinted or reproduced or utilised in any form or by any electronic, mechanical, or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, without permission in writing from the publishers.

Trademark notice: Product or corporate names may be trademarks or registered trademarks, and are used only for identification and explanation without intent to infringe.

British Library Cataloguing-in-Publication Data A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data Names: Smith-Hall, Carsten, editor. | Chamberlain, James L. (James Luther), 1956-, editor. Title: The bioeconomy and non-timber forest products / Carsten Smith-Hall, James Chamberlain. Description: New York, NY : Routledge, 2023. | Includes bibliographical references and index. Identifiers: LCCN 2022025556 (print) | LCCN 2022025557 (ebook) | Subjects: LCSH: Non-timber forest products. | Non-timber forest products industry. | Biology, Economic. Classification: LCC SD543 .B56 2023 (print) | LCC SD543 (ebook) | DDC 333.75/13-.dc23/eng/20220822 LC record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2022025556 LC ebook record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/202202557

ISBN: 978-1-032-15626-2 (hbk) ISBN: 978-1-032-15630-9 (pbk) ISBN: 978-1-003-24500-1 (ebk)

DOI: 10.4324/9781003245001

Typeset in Goudy by Taylor & Francis Books The findings and conclusions in this publication are those of the author(s) and should not be construed to represent any official USDA or U.S. Government determination or policy.



Contents

	List of figures List of tables List of boxes List of contributors Foreword Preface and Acknowledgements Acronyms and Abbreviations	x xiii xv xvi xxii xxii xxiv xxvi
Int	roduction	1
1	Why focus on non-timber forest products in the bioeconomy? CARSTEN SMITH-HALL AND JAMES CHAMBERLAIN	3
	RT 1 here are we – the starting point	15
2	Non-timber forest products and the European bioeconomy: status and transition pathways MARKO LOVRIĆ, SVEN MUTKE, ELENA GÓRRIZ MIFSUD, INAZIO MARTINEZ DE ARANO, DAVIDE MATTEO PETTENELLA, ENRICO VIDALE, IRINA PROKOFIEVA AND ROBERT MAVSAR	17
3	Non-timber forest products in Canada: their role in bioeconomy sen wang, harry nelson, shashi kant and andrea lyall	30
4	Commercial fungi, indigenous communities, and the bioeconomy transition in Southwest China JUN HE	43

viii Contents

5	The potential for using non-timber forest products to develop the Brazilian bioeconomy sandra regina afonso, joberto veloso de freitas, janaína d.a. s. diniz and maria de fátima de brito lima	57
6	Informal markets, marginal populations, and the bioeconomy – the success story of açaí (<i>Euterpe oleracea</i> Mart.) in the Guiana Shield JANAÍNA D.A.S. DINIZ AND NATHALIE CIALDELLA	76
7	Lessons for the forest-based bioeconomy from non-timber forest products in Mexico MARÍA TERESA PULIDO SILVA AND DANIELA ORTEGA MEZA	92
8	Non-timber forest products and bioeconomy transitioning in Cameroon: potentials and challenges JUDE NDZIFON KIMENGSI, GADINGA WALTER FORJE AND NYONG PRINCELY AWAZI	109
	.RT 2 ow do we move on – specific examples	129
		129 131
He	bw do we move on – specific examples An operational transition pathway to a forest-based bioeconomy: lessons from the wild-simulated ginseng industry MI SUN PARK AND HANSOL LEE	
Н. 9	An operational transition pathway to a forest-based bioeconomy: lessons from the wild-simulated ginseng industry MI SUN PARK AND HANSOL LEE The potential of non-timber forest products to contribute to the bioeconomy transition: the example of baobab (<i>Adansonia</i> <i>digitata</i> L.) in Malawi DIETRICH DARR, WILLIAM K. DUMENU, JENS GEBAUER, VICTOR KASULO, MATTHIAS KLEINKE, KATHRIN MEINHOLD, CHIMULEKE MUNTHALI AND	131

PART 3 Helpful tools and technologies – tricks of the trade		197
13	Forest management for sustainable sourcing of non-timber forest products in a bioeconomy MICHELLE BALASSO, SVEN MUTKE, JONATHAN P. SHEPPARD AND JAMES CHAMBERLAIN	199
14	Mediterranean stone pine production systems and the emerging bioeconomy in Chile verónica loewe-muñoz and claudia delard	215
15	Participatory GIS applications for wild berry utilisation and the Finnish bioeconomy RAINER PELTOLA, JARI MIINA AND MIKKO KURTTILA	233
PA	RT 4	
Co	nclusion	249
16	The keys to unlocking the bioeconomy with non-timber forest products JAMES CHAMBERLAIN AND CARSTEN SMITH-HALL	251
	Index	266

Figures

1.1	The number of publications registered in Web of Science	
	2010-2021 on "bioeconomy" (n=5769), "forest* bioeconomy"	4
1 2	(n=1186), and "forest-based bioeconomy" (n=168).	4
1.2	Overview of bioeconomic themes, chapters, featured NTFPs,	
	geographical coverage, and methods (photo: © Carsten Smith-	10
4 1	Hall).	10
4.1	Fungal value chains: the example of the Yunnan conventional	50
r 1	matsutake value chain. Source: He (2010).	52
5.1	Brazilian biomes and political regions. Source: the authors,	
	based on public open access databases available at www.ibge.	50
5.2	gov.br	58
5.2	Volumes, values, and prices for the five main food NTFPs in	
	Brazil, 2008 to 2019. All values adjusted to 2020 values.	()
5 0	Source: the authors, based on data from IBGE (2020).	63
5.3	Volumes, values, and prices for the five main non-food NTFPs	
	in Brazil, 2008 to 2019. All values adjusted to 2020 values.	(-
11	Source: the authors, based on data from IBGE (2020).	67
6.1	The limits and countries of the Guiana Shield (source: created	50
()	by Poccard-Chapuis).	79
6.2	The main açaí trade flows from Brazil, French Guiana, and	0.2
	Suriname (by the authors).	83
7.1	Biogeographic provinces of Mexico (based on Morrone et al	
	2017), including study sites and species distribution. Numbers	
	correspond to study sites: 1: San Lorenzo; 2: La Reforma; 3: El	
	Chico National Park; 4: X-Maben ejido. Letters correspond to	
	locations: A: Matehuala: B: Cancún. Solid triangles: Litsea	
	glaucescens locations following Jiménez-Pérez et al (2011).	
	Localities are sites where there are herbarium records (black	07
- 2	triangles).	97
7.2	Annual average volume and value for periods of 5 years (USD	
	PPP) of NTFPs in Mexico. Source: Prepared by the authors	
	using data from SEMARNAT (2020) and Statistical Yearbook	0.0
	of Forest Production.	98

7.3	Total production (thousand tonnes) of NTFPs in Mexico, by state, 1995–2017. A) including mountain soil. B) Disregarding	
	mountain soil. Source: based on official statistics from	
	SEMARNAT (2020). Categories: mountain soil, other	
	(includes Agave, Guadua, Lippia, Sabal, Tillandsia, and some	
	fungi), resins (Pinus spp., Bursera spp.), rhizomes (Jatropha	
	dioica, Smilax aspera), waxes (Euphorbia antisyphilitica), fibres	
	(Agave lechuguilla, Agave spp., Nolina cespitifera, Sabal spp.),	99
74	and gums (Manilkara zapota). Case studies. Figure top left: leaves of a Mexican laurel tree in	99
7.4	its natural habitat. Figure top right: wax extraction process in	
	the <i>pailas</i> . Figure lower left: guano palm roof used in	
	traditional Mayan houses. Figure lower right: remnants of the	
	candelilla that could be used in the bioeconomy. © Pulido,	
	except Mexican laurel by © Ortega-Meza.	101
8.1	Conceptual framework on NTFPs and the SDGs, including	
	potentials and challenges in relation to the bioeconomy (based	
	on Rosa and Martius, 2021).	112
8.2	Map of the agro-ecological zones of Cameroon (Source:	
	authors' own map).	114
8.3	Respondents' perceptions of products and services provided	
	by bamboo, rattan, and bush mango in Cameroon ($n = 563$;	
	data collected in 2015 for bush mango and 2020 for rattan and	
0.1	bamboo).	121
9.1	The harvested roots of <i>Panax ginseng</i> and the cultivation area	
	in Pyeongchang, Republic of Korea. Source: Cho, Jae Young	122
0.2	(WooriDo Co., Ltd). Number of wild simulated ginseng farm households and	132
9.2	cultivation area in the Republic of Korea (2011–2019). Source:	
	Wood-cultivated ginseng Information Service System (Korea	
	Forestry Promotion Institute, 2021).	135
9.3	Wild simulated ginseng yield and sales, Republic of Korea,	100
	2008–2019. Source: KFS statistics on production and sales of	
	forest products (Korea Forest Service, 2020d).	136
10.1	Appearance (a), seedling and tuber (b), fruit and fruit pulp (c),	
	fruit pulp for sale (d), distribution area (e), ice-lollies (f), juice	
	(g), seed oil, "coffee" powder, fruit powder, and soap (h) made	
	of Adansonia digitata (L.). Sources: (d): Sanchez et al (2011), (a-	
	c, e-h): authors.	150
10.2	Cascading use of baobab biomass.	154
11.1	A three-level framework supporting transition to a forest-	
	based bioeconomy. Inspired by Geels (2002), Turnheim et al	1/0
171	(2015), and Piplani and Smith-Hall (2021).	168
12.1	Forest regions in Argentina (Source: MAyDS, 2020).	181

xii List of figures

12.2	A georeferenced database to estimate the potential of the	
	bioeconomy in Argentina (Map of the Bioeconomic Potential	
	of Argentina; CIECTI, 2020).	185
12.3	Some NTFPs from the Atlantic Forest, Argentina (Source:	
	Sharry S., author's private image library).	188
12.4	Sustainable use of biodiversity, with emphasis on NTFPs in	
	high-range conservation forests in Argentina (Source: Usubi	
	project, author's private image library).	188
12.5	Bioprospecting and propagation activities for regional NTFPs	
	in Patagonia (Source: Boeri P., author's private image library).	191
13.1	Conceptual framework for integration of NTFPs into forest	
	management to transition into a bioeconomy (modified from	
	Sheppard et al, 2020a).	202
14.1	Illustration of the three stone pine assessed productive	
	systems. Medium-intensity managed plantations for pine nut	
	production at age 11, O'Higgins region (1a), and at age 9, Bio	
	region (1b); Medium-intensity plantation managed as an	
	agroforestry system during the first eight years, at age 4, with	
	sheep (2a), and at age 9, after pruning (2b), Nuble region; High-	
	intensity managed plantations for pine nut production, six	
	months (3a) and one year (3b) after establishment, Maule	
	region, Chile. Photos taken by the authors.	217
15.1	Average bilberry and lingonberry yields in Finland (kg ha ⁻¹),	
	2001–2021.	237
15.2	Total number of berry observations in Finland, 2001–2021.	
	One monitored forest harbours five observation quadrats, so	
	each forest produces five observations per monitoring visit.	
	Each forest is visited thrice in a growing season (during	
	flowering, raw, and ripe berry stages).	238
15.3	Distribution of berry monitored forests in Finland, 2020.	239
15.4	Visits to the Berry Observation platform during 2020.	240
15.5	An example of a berry map from Levi region, a nature tourism	
	destination and the largest ski resort in northern Finland. The	
	potential bilberry forests are presented on the topographic	
	map using different shades of grey. The darker the grey grid	
	(grid size $20 \text{ m x } 20 \text{ m}$), the higher the potential bilberry yield.	241
15.6	Screenshots of the Berry Bucket application. Summary of a	
	picking event and picking route (A), the user's picking location	
	library (B), and the picking information for the location	
	"Pöyliövaara" (C).	242

Tables

2.1 International NTFP trade figures in 2011 and 2012 focused or		
	the EU. Data from Pettenella et al (2014) and Wolfslehner et al	
	(2019).	22
3.1	Maple taps in Canada, 1991–2016.	34
3.2	Wild blueberry production in Canada, 2017.	35
4.1	Commercial wild fungi in Yunnan: distribution, species,	
	habitats, uses, and collecting ethnic groups. Source: He et al	
	(2014).	45
4.2	Volume and value of total annual commercial wild harvesting	
	of fungi in Yunnan. Source: Hua et al (2017).	46
5.1	Distribution of the value (USD) of NTFP production from	
	natural forests across Brazilian regions and biomes, 2019.	59
5.2	Produced volume (tons) and absolute (USD) and relative (%)	
	production values for NTFPs in Brazil, 2019, by main	
	categories and product types.	61
6.1	Summary of the field research.	81
6.2	Diversity of modes of açaí consumption in Brazil, French	
	Guiana, Suriname, and Europe (France, Netherlands).	85
7.1	Overview of product case studies and methods.	95
7.2	Current innovations in the Mexican bioeconomy. Source:	
	Prepared by the authors using SAGARPA (2016) data.	103
8.1	Estimated annual value (USD, standard deviation in brackets)	
	of unprocessed and processed bamboo, rattan, and bush	
	mango products in Cameroon.	117
9.1	Overview of legislation and policy documents subjected to	
	content analysis.	134
9.2	Institutional stakeholders and their roles in the wild-simulated	
	ginseng industry's shift toward the bioeconomy.	136
9.3	SWOT analysis of the wild-simulated ginseng industry as part	
	of the bioeconomy in the Republic of Korea.	138
9.4	Profitability of non-timber forest products in 2020. Source:	
	Korea Forest Service, 2020a.	138

xiv List of tables

9.5 Operationalising the transition pathway to making wild-		
	simulated ginseng contribute to the bioeconomy: phase-wise activities in the Republic of Korea.	141
10.1	Potential for innovative bio-based products from baobab.	153
11.1	Interventions to facilitate transition pathways to a forest-based	
	bioeconomy.	170
12.1	Patagonian species covered by the regional bioeconomy	
	UNRN project.	190
13.1	Examples of relationships between silvicultural practices,	
	NTFPs, and possible co-production approaches.	204
13.2	Types of multiple-product production compatibility and	
	examples.	207
14.1	Three management schemes for stone pine plantations in	
	Chile, 2020: (i) Net Present Values (NPV) across three discount	
	rates, and (ii) Internal Rate of Return (IRR).	220

Boxes

2.1	Types of NTFP innovations (based on Weiss and	
	Rametsteiner, 2005).	24
6.1	Açaí retail outlets and circulation in Brazil, Suriname, and	
	French Guiana.	83

Contributors

- Sandra Regina Afonso. Researcher at the Brazilian Forest Service and Collaborating Professor at the Postgraduate Program in Environment and Rural Development at the University of Brasília. Main research topics: non-timber forest products, bioeconomy, and production chains.
- **Inazio Martinez de Arano**. Senior expert at the Bioregions Facility at the European Forest Institute in Finland. He has a background in landscape management and forest policy. Co-ordinator of the INCREDIBLE project on NTFP innovation networks in the Mediterranean.
- Nyong Princely Awazi. Assistant Lecturer at the Department of Forestry and Wildlife Technology, College of Technology, the University of Bamenda, Cameroon. PhD in Agroforestry. His work focuses on the cross-cutting themes of agroforestry, forestry, climate change mitigation and adaptation, and natural resource management.
- Michelle Balasso. Forestry professional and researcher, PhD in Forest Science at the University of Tasmania. Research interests and portfolio in forest growth modelling, wood quality, multi-purpose forest management with inclusion of NTFPs, and remote sensing for forest metrics estimation.
- **Patricia Boeri**. Professor at the National University of Rio Negro, Patagonia, Argentina. Current research focuses on plant biotechnology, tissue culture, conservation and bioprospecting. She has co-directed and directed several research projects on bioeconomics and the valuation of biodiversity in the Patagonian region.
- James Chamberlain. Research Scientist with the USDA Forest Service in the eastern United States. His research focuses on the ecological and economic impacts of foraging food and medicine from forests. He is the co-lead of the IUFRO Task Force "Unlocking the Bioeconomy and Nontimber Forest Products". He also is deputy coordinator of IUFRO Research Group 5.11 on Non-Wood Forest Products.
- Nathalie Cialdella. Researcher at the French agricultural research and international cooperation organisation in French Guiana after eight

years in Brazilian Pará State (Embrapa). PhD in Agrarian Sciences (AgroParisTech). Focus on rural families, agroecology, agroforestry, and socio-biodiversity.

- **Dietrich Darr**. Professor of Agribusiness at the Rhine-Waal University of Applied Sciences, Germany. His research interests include the role of NTFPs in rural livelihoods, smallholders' land-use decision-making, and upgrading agri-food and forestry value chains and small and mid-sized enterprises in the global south.
- **Claudia Delard**. Forest Engineer (University of Chile), researcher at the Instituto Forestal (INFOR) in Chile. Specialised in forest species and productive model diversification, stone pine cropping, and non-timber forest products.
- Janaína Deane de Abreu Sá Diniz. Professor in the Graduate Programs in Environment and Rural Development and in Sustainability alongside Traditional Peoples and Territories, both at the University of Brasília, Brazil. The main research topics are logistics, family-farming, non-timber forest products, and socio-biodiversity production chains.
- William Kwadwo Dumenu. Research Scientist at CSIR-Forestry Research Institute of Ghana and a partner in the BAOQUALITY project at Rhine-Waal University of Applied Sciences. His research interests involve governance, utilisation and valorisation of NTFPs (including forest products and small and mid-sized enterprises) for rural livelihood and sustainable economic development.
- **Gardinga Forje**. National consultant for heritage tourism development for UNESCO-Cameroon, holds a PhD in Natural Resource Management. His research focuses on nature tourism, rural livelihoods, resource governance, protected areas management, and sustainable forestry.
- Joberto Veloso de Freitas. Professor at the Federal University of Amazonas in the Graduate Program in Forest Science and Environment, Brazil. Holds a PhD in Forestry from the University of Aberdeen, UK, and an MSc in Tropical Forest Science from the National Institute of Amazonian Research. His research focuses on forest management for timber and nontimber forest production, and national forest monitoring and assessment.
- Jens Gebauer. Professor of Sustainable Agricultural Production Systems with particular focus on horticulture and Head of Tropical Greenhouse with Study and Showpiece Gardens at the Rhine-Waal University of Applied Sciences, Germany. His research fields are agrobiodiversity, agroecology, and horticulture.
- Jun He. Environmental social scientist specialising in human ecology and a professor at the School of Ethnology and Sociology, Yunnan University,

China. His research interests lie in global value chains, indigenous knowledge, non-timber forest products, agroforestry, and forest governance.

- Shashi Kant. Professor of Forest Resource Economics and Management and the Founding Director of the Master of Science in Sustainability Management program at the Institute for Management & Innovation, University of Toronto, Canada.
- Victor Kasulo. Associate Professor in Environmental and Natural Resource Economics in the Department of Forestry at Mzuzu University, Malawi. His research interests revolve around bioeconomic management and sustainable environmental and natural resources utilisation.
- Jude Kimengsi. Leader of the Research Group on Forest Institutions and International Development at the Faculty of Environmental Sciences, Technische Universität Dresden, and Associate Professor in Resource and Environmental Geography at the University of Bamenda, Cameroon. Principal Investigator for the German Research Foundation project on institutions and sustainable forest management in Cameroon. His research focuses on livelihood dynamics and institutional change pathways around forest communities in the global south.
- Matthias Kleinke. Professor of Environmental Technology at Rhine-Waal University of Applied Sciences, Germany. Before his appointment, he was the Managing Director of various waste management companies. His research focuses on the utilisation of surplus biomass.
- Mikko Kurttila. Principal scientist and program director of the "Profitable and responsible primary production" programme at the Natural Resources Institute Finland (Luke). His research portfolio includes multi-criteria decision support methods and tools, multi-objective use of forests, and NTFPs related studies.
- Hansol Lee. Associate researcher at Asian Forest Cooperation Organization with a master's in International Agricultural Development Cooperation at the Graduate School of International Agricultural Technology, Seoul National University, the Republic of Korea. Her research interests include regional development, social conflicts, natural resource policy, and international cooperation in the environment and forest sector.
- Maria de Fátima de Brito Lima. Environmental Analyst at the Brazilian Forest Service, Forest Products Laboratory. Doctoral student and holding an MSc in Forest Science from the University of Brasília. Research topics: forest management, use of wood in construction and social housing, and non-timber forest products in the Cerrado Biome.
- Verónica Loewe-Muñoz. Researcher at the Chilean Forest Institute (INFOR). Forest Engineer (University of Chile), with a master's in Public Administration (Harvard University, US) and a PhD (University of

Córdoba, Spain). Recipient of the IUFRO Outstanding Doctoral Research Award 2019 for her scientific achievements in *Pinus pinea* research on species domestication. Her research interest focuses on forest diversification with new alternative and sustainable productive models implemented with economic, environmental, and social perspectives.

- Marko Lovrić. Senior researcher with the Bioeconomy programme, European Forest Institute, Finland. Background in forest policy and economics. Research interests in the collection, consumption, and value chains of NTFPs in Europe.
- Andrea Lyall. Professional forester, pursuing a PhD on indigenous perspectives on forests. She has over 20 years of experience working with over 30 indigenous communities in British Columbia, Washington, Alaska, and Ontario. Managing Director of the Kwikwasut'inuxw Haxwa'mis-owned company Tsekame' Forestry in British Columbia, Canada.
- **Robert Mavsar**. Deputy Director at the European Forest Institute, Finland. Has a background in forest economics. Acted as the coordinator of the FP7 project StarTree focused on sustainable exploitation of NTFPs in Europe.
- Kathrin Meinhold. Coordinator of the Sustainable Food Systems Research Centre at Rhine-Waal University of Applied Sciences, in which the sustainable commercialisation of NTFPs is a priority topic. Pursuing a PhD on baobab commercialisation within the framework of the international baobab research projects "BAOFOOD" and "BAOQUALITY".
- Daniela Ortega Meza. Professor in the Tourism Education Program at the Valle del Mezquital Technology University in Mexico. Her lines of research are sustainable tourism in protected natural areas and the relationship between non-timber forest products and tourism.
- **Elena Górriz Mifsud**. Senior researcher with the bioeconomy and governance department at the Forest Science and Technology Centre of Catalonia, Spain. Her work focuses on forest economics, environmental policy, and NTFPs.
- **Jari Miina**. Senior scientist in silviculture at the Natural Resources Institute Finland (Luke). His research topics focus on forest regeneration and management and modelling joint production of timber and NTFPs.
- **Chimuleke Munthali** (†). Former Professor at the Department of Forestry of Mzuzu University in Malawi. His work included research on the phenology, morphology, and management aspects of the baobab tree and other indigenous fruit tree species in Southern Africa.
- Sven Mutke. Head of Service for Forest Industries at the Forest Research Centre (INIA-CSIC) of the Spanish National Research Council. Research

xx List of contributors

focuses on Mediterranean NTFPs. Coordinator of the IUFRO Research Group 1.08 on Silviculture for edible Non-wood Forest Products.

- Harry Nelson. Associate Professor in the Faculty of Forestry at the University of British Columbia, Canada. His research areas are natural and environmental resource policy and economics, emphasising forestry in Canada.
- **Mi Sun Park**. Associate Professor in international forest policy at the Graduate School of International Agricultural Technology, Seoul National University, the Republic of Korea. Her research interests include governance, discourse, communication, institution, and international cooperation in the forest sector. She is coordinator of IUFRO Research Group 9.03.04 on Traditional Forest Knowledge and deputy coordinator of IUFRO Research Group 9.01.07 on Forests and the Media.
- **Rainer Peltola**. Senior scientist at Natural Resources Institute Finland (Luke) in Rovaniemi. He works with multiple uses of forests, forest ecosystem services, and wild berry value chains. The main focus is currently wild berry yield monitoring and yield forecast development.
- **Davide Matteo Pettenella**. Professor at the University of Padova, Department of Land, Environment, Agriculture and Forestry, Italy. His research focuses on forest economics, including the economic aspects of NTFPs.
- Meenakshi Piplani. Sustainability Framework Specialist in the Department of Strategy and Innovation at the non-profit organisation Preferred by Nature in Estonia. She has a joint master's in Sustainable Tropical Forestry, focusing on the forest-based bioeconomy and non-timber forest products in low-income countries, and works with sustainability certification.
- Irina Prokofieva. Head of Forest Economics at the Forest Science and Technology Centre of Catalonia, Spain. Focuses on economic and legislative aspects of NTFPs.
- Natalia Raffaeli. Adjunct Professor, Wood Research Laboratory, College of Agricultural and Forest Sciences, Universidad Nacional de La Plata in Argentina. Member of the Argentinean Standardization Organization Technical Committee of Solid Biofuels and the International Bioeconomy Forum, representing Argentina.
- Sandra E. Sharry. Professor at the Universidad Nacional de La Plata y Universidad Nacional de Rio Negro in Argentina. Vice-President of Pro-Diversitas (Pan American Program for the Defence and Development of Biological, Cultural and Social Diversity) and Co-ordinator of the Round Table Forest Bioeconomy – Argentina. Member of the Bioeconomy Group (Argentina) and the Group of Studies on Latin America's Bioeconomy and the Caribbean.

- Jonathan Sheppard. Assistant Professor at the Chair of Forest Growth and Dendroecology, University of Freiburg, Germany. His research interests are forest growth and management, agroforestry, non-timber forest products, and LiDAR-based measurement techniques.
- María Teresa Pulido Silva. Professor and researcher at the Autonomous University of the State of Hidalgo, Mexico. Her research focuses on the sustainable use of non-timber forest products and the study of traditional agricultural systems. She has undertaken ethnobotanical research with and for different traditional societies in Mexico, Colombia, and Brazil.
- **Carsten Smith-Hall**. Professor at the University of Copenhagen, Faculty of Science, Department of Food and Resource Economics, Denmark. His research focuses on environmental products and rural livelihoods, trade and conservation of non-timber forest products, and the relationships to the bioeconomy, particularly in lower-income countries. He co-leads the IUFRO Task Force "Unlocking the Bioeconomy and Non-timber Forest Products" and co-ordinates IUFRO Working Group 5.11 on Non-Wood Forest Products.
- **Enrico Vidale**. External collaborator at the University of Padova, Department of Land, Environment, Agriculture and Forestry, Italy. His work focuses on designing suitable legal environments for the sustainable use of NTFPs.
- Sen Wang. Adjunct Professor in the John H. Daniels Faculty of Architecture, Landscape and Design, University of Toronto, Canada. Deputy Coordinator of IUFRO Working Group 9.04.00 – Forest Resource Economics.
- **Florian Wichern**. Professor of Soil Science and Plant Nutrition at Rhine-Waal University of Applied Sciences, Germany. A main research area is carbon and nutrient flow analyses in ecosystems at different scales, from soil microbial communities in the rhizosphere to regional nutrient flows.

Foreword

The bioeconomy is a new approach to promoting the sustainable development of human society and the economy. It integrates sustainable and renewable biological resource uses with economic development, providing employment opportunities and creating wealth while facilitating sustainable management of resources and environmental protection. Non-timber forest products, or NTFPs, are the biological resources produced by plants, fungi, lichens, and animals and used by humans for a diverse range of purposes, including food, fuel, and medicine, all constituent parts of the bioeconomy. In the context of climate change, landscape degradation and other environmental challenges, the pursuit of a sustainable bioeconomy is a global issue. However, there is insufficient awareness and action on integrating NTFPs into the bioeconomy, and national level evaluations of NTFPs are missing or of low quality.

To fully understand whether and how NTFPs have been integrated into global and national efforts to transition to and expand the bioeconomy, and how such efforts can be supported, the IUFRO Task Force "Unlocking the Bioeconomy and Non-Timber Forest Products", with more than 70 outstanding scientists around the world, has done a great deal of research on this topic. Based on a wide range of case studies, under the leadership of Carsten Smith-Hall and James Chamberlain, the Task Force Coordinators, the Task Force completed this seminal book.

This book provides the first comprehensive global assessment of the bioeconomy with NTFPs. Building on reviews and new empirical findings from five continents, the book explores bioeconomy transition pathways integrating NTFPs and provides insights on tools and technologies that can facilitate the bioeconomy transition.

As the IUFRO Vice-President for Task Forces, Special Programmes, Projects and IUFRO-led Initiatives, I express my sincere gratitude and congratulations to the authors excellent work. The book will be of great value to anyone concerned with the bioeconomy, from researchers to students and policymakers, practitioners, and investors. It will contribute to increasing public recognition of the importance of the bioeconomy and the roles of NTFPs in facilitating bioeconomy transitions and encourage forestry and other natural resource institutions to take actions to develop the effective integration of NTFPs into local, regional, and national policies.

Shirong Liu

- AND -

IUFRO Vice-President for Task Forces, Special Programmes, Projects and IUFRO-led Initiatives President of the Chinese Academy of Forestry

Preface and Acknowledgements

The use of forests is as old as humankind. For tens of thousands of years, forests have been cleared, modified, and used for food, shelter, and warmth, with "barely a tool or weapon that did not have a wooden part" (Williams, 2003: 26), in temperate and tropical parts of the world, on six continents (Roberts et al, 2017). Non-timber products were widely used and important in everyday life, including utensils, food, and medicine. The 5000-year-old Tyrolean Iceman found in the European Alps had a bow and an axe handle made from yew, a knife with an ash wood handle, arrows with viburnum and dogwood shafts, arrowheads fixed with birch-bark-tar, and carrying dry deer meat and a prune, roe deer antlers, birch bark baskets, and fungi for medicinal and fire-making purposes (Capasso, 1998; Wierer et al, 2018). The use of non-timber forest products throughout the world has continued to the present day, with more than five billion people using them (Shackleton and Vos, 2022). Contemporary patterns of use and importance vary, from occasional subsistence use in Western Europe (Lovrić et al, 2020) to being of central economic importance to rural livelihoods around the Serengeti National Park in East Africa (Jiao et al, 2019); different ways of carrying on uses of non-timber forest products that started before the first village on the planet came into being.

On the other hand, the bioeconomy, and in particular the forest-based bioeconomy, here considered "the set of economic activities to grow, harvest, process, reuse, recycle, and sell forest products and associated forest ecosystem services" (Piplani and Smith-Hall, 2021: 3) is a phenomenon of the 21st century. The linkages between non-timber forest products and the bioeconomy are unexplored and enigmatic. Uncovering, describing, and making these connections visible is an opportunity to make forests relevant to contemporary global challenges – curbing deforestation, mitigating climate change, halting biodiversity losses, and reducing poverty. This book contributes significantly to this effort, providing for the first time explicit analyses of non-timber products and the forest-based bioeconomy. Going beyond academic rigour and sharing the state of knowledge, each chapter ends with key messages for the bioeconomy and non-timber forest products, emphasising policy relevance.

The book results from a large global collaborative effort coordinated by the International Union of Forest Research Organisations (IUFRO) Global Task Force on "Unlocking the bioeconomy and non-timber forest products". It represents the collective output of 48 experts from six continents with diverse backgrounds, leaving their comfortable disciplinary silos to engage with the challenges of understanding and sharing linkages between non-timber products and the forest-based bioeconomy.

We thank the many IUFRO Global Task Force members and the hundreds of participants in the Task Force's monthly webinars – the talks and the discussions are inspiring. We are grateful to the IUFRO leadership for their support in establishing the Task Force and implementing its work. We also extend our thanks to the reviewers of individual chapters and the entire book manuscript. Finally, we thank Hannah Ferguson and Katie Stokes at Routledge for their support – and patience – during the publication process. The finalisation of the book manuscript was financially supported by the Independent Research Fund Denmark (Grant No. 0217 – 00158B).

> Carsten Smith-Hall and James Chamberlain Copenhagen (Denmark) and Blacksburg (USA) April 2022

References

- Capasso, L. (1998) 5300 years ago, the Ice Man used natural laxatives and antibiotics. *Lancet* 352: 1864.
- Jiao, X., Walelign, S.Z., Nielsen, M.R. and Smith-Hall, C. (2019) Protected areas, household environmental incomes and well-being in the Greater Serengeti-Mara Ecosystem. *Forest Policy and Economics* 106: 101948.
- Lovrić, M., Re, R. Da, Vidale, E., Prokofieva, I., Wong, J., Pettenella, D., Verkerk, P. J., and Mavsar, R. (2020) Non-wood forest products in Europe: a quantitative overview. Forest Policy and Economics 116: 102175.
- Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forest-based bioeconomy. *Forests* 12: 1673.
- Roberts, P., Hunt, C., Arroyo-Kalin, M., Evans, D. and Boivin, N. (2017) The deep human prehistory of global tropical forests and its relevance for modern conservation. *Nature Sustainability* 3: 17093.
- Shackleton, C.M. and Vos, A. de (2022) How many people globally actually use non-timber forest products? *Forest Policy and Economics* 135: 102659.
- Wierer, U., Arrighi, S., Bertola, S., Kaufmann, G., Baumgarten, B., Pedrotti, A., Pernter, P. and Pelegrin, J. (2018) The Iceman's lithic toolkit: raw material, technology, typology and use. *PLoS ONE* 13 (6): e0198292.
- Williams, M. (2003) Deforesting the Earth from prehistory to global crisis. London: The University of Chicago Press.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

AAFC	Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada
AEZ	Agro-ecological zone
BC	British Columbia
CAD	Canadian dollar
CCFM	Canadian Council of Forest Ministers
CDMX	Mexico City
CIFOR	Center for International Forestry Research
CITES	Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora
CNTR	Centre for Non-Timber Resources
CO ₂	Carbon dioxide
EC	European Commission
EU	European Union
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
FFU	Research Committee for Development Research of the
	Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs
FBWG	Forest Bioeconomy Working Group
ForestAr	Strategic Forestry and Industrial Forest Plan Argentina 2030 Initiative
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GIS	Geographic Information System
HH	Household
HDI	Human Development Index
IBF	International Bioeconomy Forum
IBGE	Instituto Brasileiro de Geografia e Estatística
ICRAF	World Agroforestry Centre
IICA	Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture
INBAR	The International Bamboo and Rattan Organisation
IRR	Internal Rate of Return
IUFRO	International Union of Forest Research Organizations
Luke	Natural Resources Institute Finland
MPBA	Map of Argentine Bioeconomy Potential

MINCyT	Ministry of Science, Technology and Productive Innovation of the Nation
MS-NFI	Multi-Source National Forest Inventory
MX\$	Mexican peso
NFI	National Forest Inventory
NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation
NPV	Net Present Value
NTFPs	Non-timber forest products
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PAGE	Partnership for Action on Green Economy
PPP	Purchasing power parity
PROFEPA	Procuraduría Federal de Protección al Ambiente
PSMNR	Program for the Sustainable Management of Natural
	Resources
RMB	Renminbi (the official currency of the People's Republic of
RWID	China)
SAGARPA	Secretaría de Agricultura, Ganadería, Desarrollo Rural, Pesca y
5/10/10/10/1	Alimentación
SCLU	Social, Cultural, and Land Use
SEMARNAT	Secretaría de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales
SDGs	Sustainable Development Goals
SFM	Sustainable forest management
SIDRA	Sistema IBGE de Recuperação de Dados Agregados
SMEs	Small and medium-sized enterprises
SNIF	Sistema Nacional de Informações Florestais
SWOT	Strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, threats
Spp.	Species pluralis
UNDP	The United Nations Development Programme
UNEP	The United Nations Environment Programme
UNRN	Universidad Nacional de Rio Negro
USD	United States dollar
USUBI	Uso sustentable de la biodiversidad
WEF	World Economic Forum
WoS	Web of Science
WWF	World Wildlife Fund



Introduction



1 Why focus on non-timber forest products in the bioeconomy?

Carsten Smith-Hall and James Chamberlain

Reality check: hidden products and emerging opportunities

We know little about most forest products in the world. Production of a limited number of commercial (mainly timber) species is well investigated and supported by detailed inventory data, silvicultural systems and specific management guidelines, with well-established value chains. But the distribution, ecology, and management of most species supplying forest products remain poorly understood, as do the associated production networks. For instance, of more than 50,000 plant species used for medicine globally, about 2500 are internationally traded in value chains that are, for the most part, unknown, with very few species in cultivation (Schippmann et al, 2006). For almost all wild-harvested species (mainly non-timber), there is no or little data on harvest volumes, available stock, possible yields, or sustainable harvest levels. Knowledge about management interventions, production network structures, and demand drivers is severely lacking. This is true, even though more than 1.6 billion people in the world are forest-proximate (Newton et al, 2020), that forest income makes up an astonishing 22% of total household income for rural people in the tropics and subtropics (Angelsen et al, 2014), and that forest products may be important in filling income gaps and providing safety nets (Wunder et al, 2014). The generation of species-level data is impaired by the objectives and financial limitations of many research studies leading to the collection of aggregated data, e.g. on fuelwood income, not allowing breakdown to the species level. This is further compounded by the difficulties in collecting data on a wide variety of products available at different times of the year, although recent advances in developing methods at the household and national levels (Angelsen et al, 2011; FAO, 2016) are evident. The result is that most species and associated products remain invisible. Consequently, and paradoxically, most species and products are overlooked when developing forest-related policies and programmes. This is true also for recent advances to define and implement the bioeconomy.

The result is a lack of focus on emerging opportunities. Unlocking the bioeconomy to include all forest products and users may contribute to solving global challenges. Arguably, making non-timber forest products (NTFPs)

DOI: 10.4324/9781003245001-2

visible would increase the value of standing forests, which could reduce deforestation and biodiversity losses, adverse climate effects, and decreases in environmental incomes. Existing bioeconomic strategies pay limited attention to combining economic growth and sustainable natural resource management (Georgeson et al, 2017) while forests continue to be degraded and disappear (Vancutsem et al, 2021), with tropical forest carbon loss a major source of global emissions (Feng et al, 2022) and driving biodiversity decline (Maxwell et al, 2016). As many as five billion people may use NTFPs (Shackleton and Vos, 2022), and these products provide significant income sources in tropical and temperate regions (Angelsen et al, 2014; Lovrić et al, 2020). This provides a solid argument for doing better with what we have – non-timber forest products have a substantial and unrealised role in contributing to a greener and more sustainable future.

Much more than the current approach: the allure of a forest-based bioeconomy

Interest in the bioeconomy is increasing rapidly, as evident by the annual number of peer-reviewed publications in the past decade (Fig. 1.1). This interest is found across a large number of (Web of Science) categories, dominated by green sustainable science technology, environmental sciences, biotechnology applied microbiology, and energy fuels. Also, there is increasing interest in the bioeconomy within forestry, with the annual number of forest-based bioeconomy publications rising from 0 in 2014 to 40 in 2020.

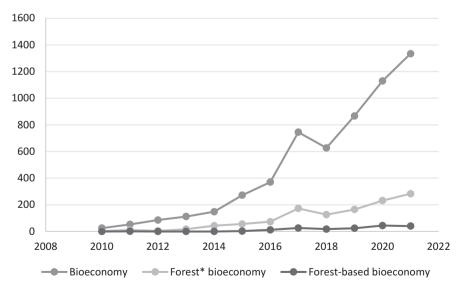


Figure 1.1. The number of publications registered in Web of Science 2010–2021 on "bioeconomy" (n=5769), "forest* bioeconomy" (n=1186), and "forestbased bioeconomy" (n=168).

Despite the growing interest in the bioeconomy, it is not well defined. This has advantages and disadvantages. The main benefit is that many different stakeholders can identify with the concept that is then applied across a wide range of sectors (D'Amato et al, 2017), resulting in broader attention to the bioeconomy. The main disadvantage is that two bioeconomy studies (or researchers) may focus on topics so far apart that it is hard to spot common ground. For instance, two of the most cited bioeconomy publications are Vaaje-Kolstad et al (2010), describing an enzyme acting on the surface of crystalline chitin, and McMichael (2012), providing a Marxist inspired criticism of neoliberal responses to rising food prices. The bioeconomy can thus appear in many guises, ranging from being indistinguishable from the regular market economy to being an integrated part of a decoupling circular economy concept, addressed by widely different lines of thinking and methods from both the natural and social sciences.

This book focuses on the emerging subject of the forest-based bioeconomy, recently defined as "the set of economic activities to grow, harvest, process, reuse, recycle, and sell forest products and associated forest ecosystem services" (Piplani and Smith-Hall, 2021: 3). This is more operational and tangible than wider bioeconomy definitions, including that proposed by the European Union (EU, 2018) leading to the above-outlined difficulties in creating a common understanding of the bioeconomy, while still allowing for a broad range of approaches. Piplani and Smith-Hall (2021) identified five distinct approaches to a forest-based bioeconomy, varying across seven variables (the paradigmatic belief system, public policy goals, final product or service sold, key stakeholders, transition pathways, the informal economy, and the strength of the link to environmental sustainability). Approaches range from the technocratic biotechnology school emphasising economic growth, development of new high-value products, large companies, and weak sustainability linkage to the eco-society school focused on degrowth, organic products, sustainable consumption, and strong sustainability attention. However, the past focus in the forest-based bioeconomy literature has been overwhelmingly on biotechnological approaches (Jankovský et al, 2021).

A forest-based bioeconomy is thus much more than the opportunity to use bio-based materials to replace fossil energy sources or wood products to substitute greenhouse gas-intensive products. A forest-based bioeconomy is an opportunity to rethink, reinvent, and reposition the forest sector in relation to the global mega-challenges – halting biodiversity losses and eliminating poverty. This menu of possible positive outcomes makes a forest-based bioeconomy attractive. Realising these positive outcomes requires a renewed focus on sustainable forest management, sustainable forest incomes and industries, and sustainable forest products consumption (recognising that an important initial step is the need to develop and agree on operational sustainability measures). These sustainability outcomes cannot be achieved as long as most forest products are ignored. Increased attention must be paid to the vast group of non-timber forest products. There are isolated examples of the nationwide economic importance of NTFPs, including shea (*Vitellaria paradoxa* C.F. Gaertn.) nuts in Burkina Faso (Wardell et al, 2021) and the Chinese caterpillar fungus in the Himalayas and Tibet (Smith-Hall and Bennike, 2022). But these have not been integrated into any explicit bioeconomic thinking or analysis.

We can do better with what we have! A forest-based bioeconomy with non-timber products

We acknowledge the widespread dissatisfaction with the term "non-timber forest products". While this term (and its allied versions, such as non-wood forest products) has been used for decades to group a wide range of products, ranging from fungi to medicinal plants and firewood, there is no common agreement on definitions and what products are/should be included. There have been many attempts to clarify the term (Belcher, 2003; Ahenkan and Boon, 2011; Muir et al, 2020) and move towards a unified definition (Mantau et al, 2007; Shackleton et al, 2011). However, challenges remain. For instance, the sectoral limitation of the term to forests is artificial for many products harvested both inside and outside forests, particularly in places where the latter may be significantly more important such as in sub-Saharan West Africa (Pouliot and Treue, 2013). However, resolving the NTFP definitional issue is not the purpose of this book. Our emphasis is on investigating the links between non-timber products and a forest-based bioeconomy, not providing a general delimitation of the NTFP term. The product cases included in the chapters of this book are all forest harvested. The authors of this chapter view NTFPs as "all biological materials other than timber which are extracted from forests for human use" (De Beer and McDermott, 1996: 24), while subsequent individual chapters may present other (allied) definitions. Following the Global Forest Resources Assessment 2020 (FAO, 2018: 4), this book considers forests as "land spanning more than 0.5 hectares with trees higher than 5 meters and a canopy cover of more than 10 percent, or trees able to reach these thresholds in situ. It does not include land that is predominantly under agricultural or urban land use".

While being used throughout the world (e.g. Shackleton et al, 2011; Angelsen et al, 2014; Lovrić et al, 2020), NTFPs are mostly not considered in official policies (Laird et al, 2011; Muir et al, 2020). Hence, the NTFP Paradox. As many as five billion people may use NTFPs (Shackleton and Vos, 2022), their global annual value has been conservatively estimated at USD 7.7 billion (FAO, 2020), and rural household-level NTFP income in the tropics and subtropics is almost as important as agricultural income (Angelsen et al, 2014) – so why are these products not given more attention? Part of the explanation lies in the huge number of products; their aggregated importance may be high, although individual product groups and species may be of low importance. For instance, in a study of 8000 households in 24 countries, Hickey et al (2016) found that 77% were involved in wild food collection even if the wild food income only averaged 4% of total household income. Also, products are dispersed spatially and temporally and thus hard to capture in surveys. This makes official estimates too low, whether in national or global statistics. In addition, many NTFP uses and values are hard to capture, such as for sacred goods (Wunder et al, 2011). Coupling NTFPs to the emerging forest-based bioeconomies around the world is an opportunity to improve the collection of their statistics to make these products more visible and integrate them into new initiatives receiving recognition and funding.

Attention to NTFPs in the forest-based bioeconomy has increased in the last couple of years. The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) recently published a report on forest products in the global bioeconomy (Verkerk et al, 2022); while the emphasis is on timber and related traditional products such as wood pulp, the report includes a box on NTFPs and a section dedicated to global resin production, trade, and consumption. The Center for International Forestry Research (CIFOR) report on the forest-based bioeconomy in sub-Saharan Africa (Rosa and Martius, 2021) found NTFPs to constitute an important pathway to the bioeconomy, noting challenges in terms of governance structures, the informality of tenure and trade, widespread rent-seeking, and lack of skills to promote sustainable production networks. NTFPs in the EU bioeconomy have been briefly treated in Wolfslehner et al (2019) and touched upon for the Czech Republic in Purwestri et al (2020), while Di Cori et al (2022) progress to propose a framework for quantifying the bioeconomic importance of NTFPs in the EU. The body of knowledge that combines NTFPs and the bioeconomy is minimal, while there is considerable separate literature on NTFPs and bioeconomies, indicating substantial scope for learning using existing studies by bringing these fields together in joint analyses.

The purpose of this book

This book provides the first explicit in-depth investigation of how nontimber forest products are part of local, national, and global bioeconomies, and a concerted effort to identify interventions to support the transition to a forest-based bioeconomy. Each chapter ends by drawing out the key messages for the bioeconomy with NTFPs.

The book examines three central themes:

• Theme 1: Where are we? Using examples from five continents, this assesses approaches to integrating NTFPs into bioeconomic strategies and provides national and supranational level overviews of the current acknowledgement and importance of NTFPs in the bioeconomy. The theme details recent advances as well as ongoing changes.

- 8 Carsten Smith-Hall and James Chamberlain
- Theme 2: How do we move on? Using examples from Africa, Asia, and Latin America, this part delves into transition pathways, providing examples of bundles of NTFP related activities that support sectors and countries in moving towards the bioeconomy.
- Theme 3: What tools and technologies can help transitions? These texts identify and exemplify interventions supporting NTFP-based transitions to the bioeconomy, such as integrating NTFP and timber objectives in forest management or using mobile technologies to increase production.

The book has four distinctive features relative to the existing literature:

- It enters and maps unknown territory as scholarship on the bioeconomy with non-timber forest products is virtually non-existent.
- Through its integrative approach (covering and integrating assessment of bioeconomy resources and strategies, identifying and describing bioeconomic transition pathways, and presenting tools and technologies to assist transitions) and inclusion of diverse studies, it moves beyond the dominant biotechnological approach to the bioeconomy, expanding scholarship to other ways of thinking about and approaching the bioeconomy.
- Through its global coverage, the book expands the scholarship on the bioeconomy beyond the current primary focus on Western and Northern Europe.
- The methods in the chapters are centred on literature reviews that combine knowledge on NTFP-bioeconomy linkages and/or new empirical in-depth data at a fine scale. The book thus grounds advances in new reviews and empirically derived knowledge, explicitly focusing on operationalising a forest-based bioeconomy, including sustainable forest management interventions and embracing social and cultural integrity issues.

The book is built around a string of (empirical) cases from five continents that engage with the bioeconomy relative to non-timber forest products: (i) *theoretically*, to define and characterise the role of these products in transitioning to a bioeconomy; (ii) *empirically*, through analysis of how and to what degree the products contribute to a bioeconomy, and; (iii) *practically*, by identifying interventions to support the integration of the products into bioeconomy strategies.

The primary audience is professionals interested in non-timber forest products and the sustainable management of these resources to enhance the biological and economic dynamics of their harvests, in this process contributing to establishing a bioeconomy that embraces more than the wood products from forests. This may include students, researchers, forestland managers, and policymakers interested in interdisciplinary studies, across the natural and social sciences divide. In terms of disciplines, the book is relevant to agronomists, anthropologists, economists, environmental scientists, foresters, geographers, and other resource management fields. A secondary audience is practitioners in government agencies, international aid agencies, and NGOs involved in project implementation. The book speaks directly to policymakers working toward integrating NTFPs into the sustainable management of forests and promoting a forest-based bioeconomy.

Getting together. The IUFRO Global Task Force: unlocking the bioeconomy and non-timber forest products

In June 2019, the Board of the International Union of Forest Research Organizations (IUFRO) commissioned a Global Task Force to investigate whether and how non-timber forest products have been integrated into global and national efforts to transition to and expand the bioeconomy and how such efforts can be supported. The Global Task Force comprises over 70 experts (from more than 20 countries) charged with reviewing the state of knowledge, identifying research gaps, advancing empirical analysis, examining challenges and opportunities, and developing recommendations to advance the harmonised integration of non-timber forest products into the national and global bioeconomies. More than 40 authors from six continents, primarily drawn from this pool of experts representing the leading scholars in this area, have contributed to this book. The task force is facilitating dialogue with a global interdisciplinary and cross-sectoral network of researchers working on the interfaces of markets, products, policies, and forest resources and engaging colleagues in discussions and examinations of issues related to non-timber forest products and the bioeconomy, including through an open monthly webinar series.

Structure and content of this book

Changing a country's economic trajectory to embrace elements of the bioeconomy is challenging. Nations and people must seek new ways to produce and consume resources sustainably. The forest-based bioeconomy offers an opportunity to reduce the environmental impacts of economic growth through science-based management facilitating sustainable utilisation, including of NTFPs. In pursuit of this, the book focuses on the above three themes. Fig. 1.2 presents an overview of bioeconomic themes, chapters, featured NTFPs, geographical coverage, and methods.

Theme 1 presents studies looking into the present state of the bioeconomy in a range of locations (countries or regions) to visualise and illustrate the importance of NTFPs and the linkages between these products and the bioeconomy. In Chapter 2, Marko Lovrić and co-authors draw on work on NTFPs in Europe, from Portugal to Russia, to identify commonalities and patterns that can inform the integration of NTFPs into the ongoing work to develop European bioeconomies. In Chapter 3, Sen Wang and co-authors document the lack of focus on NTFPs in developing the Canadian



Figure 1.2. Overview of bioeconomic themes, chapters, featured NTFPs, geographical coverage, and methods (photo: © Carsten Smith-Hall).

bioeconomy in the past two decades, paying particular attention to the potential for supporting the livelihoods of the First Nations. In Chapter 4, Jun He highlights the importance of indigenous institutions and knowledge in relation to the sustainable use of commercial NTFPs in promoting bioeconomy development in southwest China. In Chapter 5, Sandra Afonso and co-authors supply insights into the main NTFPs relevant to the Brazilian bioeconomy and identify activities that can integrate the two. Staving in South America in Chapter 6, Janaína Diniz and Nathalie Cialdella use the example of the conservation and trade of the açaí palm in French Guiana, Surinam, and northern Brazil to shed light on the importance of cultural aspects and market dynamics to facilitate the development of a bioeconomy that benefits marginalised local populations. In Chapter 7, María Teresa Pulido Silva and Daniela Ortega Meza review more than two decades of official NTFP statistics in Mexico and find that the official reporting system needs revision, as does the approach to the bioeconomy, needing to pay more attention to issues of poverty alleviation, resource sustainability, and secondary processing. Lastly, in Chapter 8, Jude Kimengsi and co-workers provide empirical insight into the forest-based bioeconomy of Cameroon, focusing on bush mango, rattan, and bamboo, identifying challenges linked to the NTFP-based bioeconomy transitioning.

Theme 2 contains four studies examining how to facilitate the transition to an NTFP inclusive bioeconomy. In Chapter 9, Mi Sun Park and Hansol Lee use the case of wild-simulated forest-grown ginseng in South Korea to identify a three-phased activity-based pathway to revitalise the ginseng industry and transit to a forest-based bioeconomy, focusing on developing a stable production system, improving value chains and export conditions, and supporting the development of the ginseng biotechnology-based industry. In Chapter 10, Dietrich Darr and co-authors examine the production, processing, and commercialisation of baobab in East Africa, focusing on how innovative bio-based products, the principles of cascading use, renewable energy, and the circularity of nutrients constitute pathways to move toward the forest-based bioeconomy. In Chapter 11, Meenakshi Piplani and Carsten Smith-Hall present a framework for analysing the transitioning to the forest-based bioeconomy and apply it to the case of commercial medicinal plants in Nepal, identifying four bioeconomic transition pathways: cultivation, decentralised resource management, developing the domestic processing industry, and establishing regional collaboration. The theme ends with Chapter 12, where Sandra Sharry, Patricia Boeri, and Natalia Raffaeli provide a specific example of the process of integrating NTFPs into the Argentinean bioeconomy at the national and sub-national levels.

Theme 3 presents three examples of tools and technologies that can assist in a forest-based bioeconomy transition. In Chapter 13, Michelle Balasso and co-authors integrate the concepts and principles of forest management, NTFPs, and the bioeconomy, arguing that the transition can be facilitated through combining silvicultural management of non-timber and timber species with the use of governance mechanisms that consider socio-economic and legislative actions. In Chapter 14, Verónica Loewe-Muñoz and Claudia Delard investigate the economics of stone pine nut production under different management schemes in Chile, arguing that cultivation incentives and fostering stakeholder involvement to reach a critical production area and volumes, supported by science-based technological innovation, facilitate the transition to a bioeconomy. Lastly, in Chapter 15, Rainer Peltola and coauthors show how citizen science and GIS-based approaches and tools can be combined and applied to increase the production of wild berries and strengthen the integration of NTFPs into the Finnish bioeconomy.

Key messages for the bioeconomy and NTFPs

- Integrating NTFPs into the bioeconomy presents opportunities to make their values more visible, reinvent thinking and approaches in the forest sector, and increase forests' contributions to global challenges like biodiversity conservation and poverty eradication.
- These opportunities have not been realised. Characterising, defining, and developing the forest-based bioeconomy concept is still emerging, and there is almost no consideration of the bioeconomic role of NTFPs.
- The potential of a (forest-based) bioeconomy goes beyond the current dominant emphasis on biotechnology and the geographical limitation to northern and western Europe.

- 12 Carsten Smith-Hall and James Chamberlain
- This book provides the first global approach to thinking about and integrating NTFPs into a forest-based bioeconomy. Based on a diversity of studies, it covers and integrates the assessment of bioeconomy resources and strategies, identifies and describes bioeconomic transition pathways, and presents tools and technologies to assist transitions.

Note

The findings and conclusions in this publication are those of the author(s) and should not be construed to represent any official USDA or U.S. Government determination or policy.

References

- Ahenkan, A. and Boon, E. (2011) Non-timber forest products (NTFPs): clearing the confusion in semantics. *Journal of Human Ecology* 33 (1): 1–9.
- Angelsen, A., Larsen, H.O., Lund, J.F., Smith-Hall, C. and Wunder, S. (Eds.) (2011) Measuring livelihoods and environmental dependence: methods for research and fieldwork. London: Routledge.
- Angelsen, A., Jagger, P., Babigumira, R., Belcher, B., Hogarth, N., Bauch, S., Börner, J., Smith-Hall, C. and Wunder, S. (2014) Environmental income and rural livelihoods: a global-comparative analysis. *World Development* 64: S12–S28.
- Belcher, B. (2003) What isn't an NTFP? International Forestry Review 5 (2): 161-168.
- D'Amato, D., Droste, N., Allen, B., Kettunen, M., Lähtinen, K., Korhonen, J., Leskinen, P., Matthies, B.D. and Toppinen, A. (2017) Green, circular, bio economy: a comparative analysis of sustainability avenues. *Journal of Cleaner Production* 168: 716–734.
- De Beer J.H. and McDermott, M. (1996) The economic value of non-timber forest products in Southeast Asia. Amsterdam: The Netherlands Committee for IUCN.
- Di Cori, V., Robert, N., Franceschinis, C., Pettenella, D.M. and Thiene, M. (2022) Framework proposal to quantify the contribution of non-wood forest products to the European Union forest-based bioeconomy. *Forests* 13: 362.
- EU. (2018) A sustainable bioeconomy for Europe: strengthening the connection between economy, society and the environment. Brussels: European Commission.
- FAO. (2016) National socio-economic surveys in forestry. Guidance and survey modules for measuring the multiple roles of forests in household welfare and livelihoods. FAO Forestry Paper 179.
- FAO. (2018) Global forest resources assessment 2020: terms and definitions. Forest Resources Assessment Working Paper 188.
- FAO. (2020) Global forest resources assessment 2020: main report. Rome: FAO.
- Feng, Y., Zeng, Z., Searchinger, T.D., Ziegler, A.D., Wu, J., Wang, D., He, X., Elsen, P.R., Ciais, P., Xu, R., Guo, Z., Peng, L., Tao, Y., Spracklen, D.V., Holden, J., Liu, X., Zheng, Y., Xu., P., Chen, J., Jiang, X., Song, X-P., Lakshmi, V., Wood, E.F. and Zheng, C. (2022) Doubling of annual forest carbon loss over the tropics during the early twenty-first century. *Nature Sustainability* doi:10.1038/s41893–41022– 00854–00853.
- Georgeson, L., Maslin, M. and Poessinouw, M. (2017) The global green economy: a review of concepts, definitions, measurement methodologies and their interactions. *Geo* 4 (1): e00036.

- Hickey, G.M., Pouliot, M., Smith-Hall, C., Wunder, S. and Nielsen, M.R. (2016) Quantifying the economic contribution of wild food harvests to rural livelihoods: a global-comparative analysis. *Food Policy* 62: 122–132.
- Jankovský, M., García-Jácome, S.P., Dvořák, J., Nyarko, I. and Hájek, M. (2021) Innovations in forest bioeconomy: a bibliometric analysis. *Forests* 12: 1392.
- Laird, S.A., Wynberg, R. and McLain, R.J. (2011) Regulating complexity: policies for the governance of non-timber forest products. In Shackleton, S., Shackleton, C., and Shanley, P. (Eds.) Non-timber forest products in the global context. Heidelberg: Springer, pp. 227–253.
- Lovrić, M., Re, R. Da, Vidale, E., Prokofieva, I., Wong, J., Pettenella, D., Verkerk, P. J., and Mavsar, R. (2020) Non-wood forest products in Europe: a quantitative overview. *Forest Policy and Economics* 116: 102175.
- Mantau, U., Wong, J.L.G. and Curl, S. (2007) Towards a taxonomy of forest goods and services. Small-scale Forestry 6: 391–409.
- Maxwell, S.L., Fuller, R.A., Brooks, T.M. and Watson, J.E.M. (2016) The ravages of guns, nets and bulldozers. *Nature* 536: 143–145.
- McMichael, P. (2012) The land grab and corporate food regime restructuring. The Journal of Peasant Studies 39(3-4):681-701.
- Muir, G.F., Sorrenti, S., Vantomme, P., Vidale, E. and Masiero, M. (2020) Into the wild: disentangling non-wood terms and definitions for improved forest statistics. *International Forestry Review* 22 (1): 101–119.
- Newton, P., Kinzer, A.T., Miller, D.C., Oldekop, J.A. and Agrawal, A. (2020) The number and spatial distribution of forest-proximate people globally. *One Earth* 3: 363–370.
- Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forest-based bioeconomy. *Forests* 12: 1673.
- Pouliot, M. and Treue, T. (2013) Rural people's reliance on forests and the non-forest environment in West Africa: evidence from Ghana and Burkina Faso. World Development 43: 180–193.
- Purwestri, R.C., Hájek, M., Šodková, M. and Jarský, V. (2020) How are wood and non-wood forest products utilized in the Czech Republic? A preliminary assessment of a nationwide survey on the bioeconomy. Sustainability 12 (2): 566.
- Rosa, S.F.P. and Martius, C. (2021) Forest-based bioeconomy in sub-Saharan Africa: Looking at benefits, barriers and burdens from a social sustainability standpoint. Occasional Paper 219. Bogor: CIFOR.
- Schippmann, U., Leaman, D. and Cunningham, A.B. (2006) A comparison of cultivation and wild collection of medicinal and aromatic plants under sustainability aspects. In R.J. Bogers, L.E. Craker and D. Lange (Eds.) Medicinal and aromatic plants. Amsterdam: Springer, pp. 75–95.
- Shackleton, C., Delang, C.O., Shackleton, S. and Shanley, P. (2011) Non-timber forest products: concept and definitions. In Shackleton, S., Shackleton, C. and Shanley, P. (Eds.) Non-timber forest products in the global context. Heidelberg: Springer, pp. 3–21.
- Shackleton, C.M. and Vos, A. de (2022) How many people globally actually use nontimber forest products? *Forest Policy and Economics* 135: 102659.
- Smith-Hall, C. and Bennike, R.B. (2022) Understanding the sustainability of Chinese caterpillar fungus harvesting: the need for better data. *Biodiversity and Conservation*: doi:10.1007/s10531-10022-02363-02363.

14 Carsten Smith-Hall and James Chamberlain

- Vaaje-Kolstad, G., Westereng, B., Horn, S.J., Liu, Z., Zhai, H., Sørlie, M. and Eljsink, V.G.H. (2010) An oxidative enzyme boosting the enzymatic conversion of recalcitrant polysaccharides. *Science* 330: 219–222.
- Vancutsem, C., Achard, F., Pekel, J.-F., Vieilledent, G., Carboni, S., Simonetti, D., Gallego, J., Aragão, L.E.O.C. and Nasi, R. (2021) Long-term (1990–2019) monitoring of forest cover changes in the humid tropics. *Science Advances* 7: eabe1603.
- Verkerk, P.J., Hassegawa, M., Van Brusselen, J., Cramm, M., Chen, X., Maximo, Y. I., Koç, M., Lovrić, M. and Tegegne, Y. T. (2022) The role of forest products in the global bioeconomy – Enabling substitution by wood-based products and contributing to the Sustainable Development Goals. Rome: FAO. https://doi.org/10.4060/cb7274en.
- Wardell, D.A., Tapsoba, A., Lovett, P.N., Zida, M., Rousseau, K., Gautier, D., Elias, M. and Bama, T. (2021) Shea (Vitellaria paradoxa C.F. Gaertn.) – the emergence of global production networks in Burkina Faso, 1960–2021. International Forestry Review 23 (4): 534–561.
- Wolfslehner, B., Prokofieva, I. and Mavsar, R. (Eds.) (2019) Non-wood forest products in Europe: seeing the forest around the trees. What Science Can Tell Us 10. Joensuu: European Forest Institute.
- Wunder, S., Börner, J., Shively, G. and Wyman, M. (2014) Safety nets, gap filling and forests: a global-comparative perspective. *World Development* 64: S29–S42.
- Wunder, S., Luckert, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2011) Valuing the priceless: what are non-marketed products worth? In Angelsen, A., Larsen, H.O., Lund, J.F., Smith-Hall, C. and Wunder, S. (Eds.) Measuring livelihoods and environmental dependence: Methods for research and fieldwork. London: Routledge, pp. 127–145.

Why focus on non-timber forest products in the bioeconomy?

Ahenkan, A. and Boon, E. (2011) Non-timber forest products (NTFPs): clearing the confusion in semantics. Journal of Human Ecology 33 (1): 1–9.

Angelsen, A., Larsen, H.O., Lund, J.F., Smith-Hall, C. and Wunder, S. (Eds.) (2011) Measuring livelihoods and environmental dependence: methods for research and fieldwork. London: Routledge.

Angelsen, A. , Jagger, P. , Babigumira, R. , Belcher, B. , Hogarth, N. , Bauch, S. , Börner, J. , Smith-Hall, C. and Wunder, S. (2014) Environmental income and rural livelihoods: a globalcomparative analysis. World Development 64: S12–S28.

Belcher, B. (2003) What isn't an NTFP? International Forestry Review 5 (2): 161–168.

D'Amato, D., Droste, N., Allen, B., Kettunen, M., Lähtinen, K., Korhonen, J., Leskinen, P., Matthies, B.D. and Toppinen, A. (2017) Green, circular, bio economy: a comparative analysis of sustainability avenues. Journal of Cleaner Production 168: 716–734.

De Beer J.H. and McDermott, M. (1996) The economic value of non-timber forest products in Southeast Asia. Amsterdam: The Netherlands Committee for IUCN.

Di Cori, V., Robert, N., Franceschinis, C., Pettenella, D.M. and Thiene, M. (2022) Framework proposal to quantify the contribution of non-wood forest products to the European Union forest-based bioeconomy. Forests 13: 362.

EU. (2018) A sustainable bioeconomy for Europe: strengthening the connection between economy, society and the environment. Brussels: European Commission.

FAO . (2016) National socio-economic surveys in forestry. Guidance and survey modules for measuring the multiple roles of forests in household welfare and livelihoods. FAO Forestry Paper 179.

FAO . (2018) Global forest resources assessment 2020: terms and definitions. Forest Resources Assessment Working Paper 188.

FAO . (2020) Global forest resources assessment 2020: main report. Rome: FAO.

Feng, Y., Zeng, Z., Searchinger, T.D., Ziegler, A.D., Wu, J., Wang, D., He, X., Elsen, P.R., Ciais, P., Xu, R., Guo, Z., Peng, L., Tao, Y., Spracklen, D.V., Holden, J., Liu, X., Zheng, Y., Xu., P., Chen, J., Jiang, X., Song, X-P., Lakshmi, V., Wood, E.F. and Zheng, C. (2022) Doubling of annual forest carbon loss over the tropics during the early twenty-first century. Nature Sustainability doi:10.1038/s41893%9641022%9600854%9600853.

Georgeson, L., Maslin, M. and Poessinouw, M. (2017) The global green economy: a review of concepts, definitions, measurement methodologies and their interactions. Geo 4 (1): e00036. Hickey, G.M., Pouliot, M., Smith-Hall, C., Wunder, S. and Nielsen, M.R. (2016) Quantifying the economic contribution of wild food harvests to rural livelihoods: a global-comparative analysis. Food Policy 62: 122–132.

Jankovský, M., García-Jácome, S.P., Dvořák, J., Nyarko, I. and Hájek, M. (2021) Innovations in forest bioeconomy: a bibliometric analysis. Forests 12: 1392.

Laird, S.A., Wynberg, R. and McLain, R.J. (2011) Regulating complexity: policies for the governance of non-timber forest products. In Shackleton, S., Shackleton, C., and Shanley, P. (Eds.) Non-timber forest products in the global context. Heidelberg: Springer, pp. 227–253. Lovrić, M., Re, R. Da, Vidale, E., Prokofieva, I., Wong, J., Pettenella, D., Verkerk, P.J., and Mavsar, R. (2020) Non-wood forest products in Europe: a quantitative overview. Forest Policy and Economics 116: 102175.

Mantau, U. , Wong, J.L.G. and Curl, S. (2007) Towards a taxonomy of forest goods and services. Small-scale Forestry 6: 391–409.

Maxwell, S.L. , Fuller, R.A. , Brooks, T.M. and Watson, J.E.M. (2016) The ravages of guns, nets and bulldozers. Nature 536: 143–145.

McMichael, P. (2012) The land grab and corporate food regime restructuring. The Journal of Peasant Studies 39(3–4):681–701.

Muir, G.F., Sorrenti, S., Vantomme, P., Vidale, E. and Masiero, M. (2020) Into the wild: disentangling non-wood terms and definitions for improved forest statistics. International Forestry Review 22 (1): 101–119.

Newton, P., Kinzer, A.T., Miller, D.C., Oldekop, J.A. and Agrawal, A. (2020) The number and spatial distribution of forest-proximate people globally. One Earth 3: 363–370.

Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forestbased bioeconomy. Forests 12: 1673.

Pouliot, M. and Treue, T. (2013) Rural people's reliance on forests and the non-forest environment in West Africa: evidence from Ghana and Burkina Faso. World Development 43: 180–193.

Purwestri, R.C., Hájek, M., Šodková, M. and Jarský, V. (2020) How are wood and non-wood forest products utilized in the Czech Republic? A preliminary assessment of a nationwide survey on the bioeconomy. Sustainability 12 (2): 566.

Rosa, S.F.P. and Martius, C. (2021) Forest-based bioeconomy in sub-Saharan Africa: Looking at benefits, barriers and burdens from a social sustainability standpoint. Occasional Paper 219. Bogor: CIFOR.

Schippmann, U., Leaman, D. and Cunningham, A.B. (2006) A comparison of cultivation and wild collection of medicinal and aromatic plants under sustainability aspects. In R.J. Bogers , L.E. Craker and D. Lange (Eds.) Medicinal and aromatic plants. Amsterdam: Springer, pp. 75–95.

Shackleton, C., Delang, C.O., Shackleton, S. and Shanley, P. (2011) Non-timber forest products: concept and definitions. In Shackleton, S., Shackleton, C. and Shanley, P. (Eds.)Non-timber forest products in the global context. Heidelberg: Springer, pp. 3–21.

Shackleton, C.M. and Vos, A. de (2022) How many people globally actually use non-timber forest products? Forest Policy and Economics 135: 102659.

Smith-Hall, C. and Bennike, R.B. (2022) Understanding the sustainability of Chinese caterpillar fungus harvesting: the need for better data. Biodiversity and Conservation: doi:10.1007/s10531%9610022%9602363%9602363.

Vaaje-Kolstad, G. , Westereng, B. , Horn, S.J. , Liu, Z. , Zhai, H. , Sørlie, M. and Eljsink, V.G.H. (2010) An oxidative enzyme boosting the enzymatic conversion of recalcitrant polysaccharides. Science 330: 219–222.

Vancutsem, C. , Achard, F. , Pekel, J.-F. , Vieilledent, G. , Carboni, S. , Simonetti, D. , Gallego, J. , Aragão, L.E.O.C. and Nasi, R. (2021) Long-term (1990–2019) monitoring of forest cover changes in the humid tropics. Science Advances 7: eabe1603.

Verkerk, P.J., Hassegawa, M., Van Brusselen, J., Cramm, M., Chen, X., Maximo, Y. I., Koç, M., Lovrić, M. and Tegegne, Y. T. (2022) The role of forest products in the global bioeconomy – Enabling substitution by wood-based products and contributing to the Sustainable Development Goals. Rome: FAO. https://doi.org/10.4060/cb7274en.

Wardell, D.A., Tapsoba, A., Lovett, P.N., Zida, M., Rousseau, K., Gautier, D., Elias, M. and Bama, T. (2021) Shea (Vitellaria paradoxa C.F. Gaertn.) – the emergence of global production networks in Burkina Faso, 1960–2021. International Forestry Review 23 (4): 534–561.

Wolfslehner, B. , Prokofieva, I. and Mavsar, R. (Eds.) (2019) Non-wood forest products in Europe: seeing the forest around the trees. What Science Can Tell Us 10. Joensuu: European Forest Institute.

Wunder, S., Börner, J., Shively, G. and Wyman, M. (2014) Safety nets, gap filling and forests: a global-comparative perspective. World Development 64: S29–S42.

Wunder, S., Luckert, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2011) Valuing the priceless: what are nonmarketed products worth? In Angelsen, A., Larsen, H.O., Lund, J.F., Smith-Hall, C. and Wunder, S. (Eds.) Measuring livelihoods and environmental dependence: Methods for research and fieldwork. London: Routledge, pp. 127–145.

Non-timber forest products and the European bioeconomy: status and transition pathways

Bratman, G.N., Daily, G.C., Levy, B.J. and Gross, J.J. (2015) The benefits of nature experience: improved affect and cognition. Landscape and Urban Planning 138: 41–50. Buttoud, G., Kouplevatskaya-Buttoud, I., Slee, B. and Weiss, G. (2011) Barriers to institutional learning and innovations in the forest sector in Europe: markets, policies and stakeholders. Forest Policy and Economics 13: 124–131.

de Frutos Madrazo, P., Martínez-Peña, F. and Esteban Laleona, S. (2012) Edible wild mushroom tourism as a source of income and employment in rural areas. The case of Castilla y León. Forest Systems 21: 81–98.

EC (2018) A sustainable bioeconomy for Europe: strengthening the connection between economy, society and the environment: updated bioeconomy strategy. Brussels: Publication Office of the European Union.

EC (2021) New EU forest strategy for 2030. Communication from the Commission to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions. COM(2021) 572 final. Brussels: European Commission, p. 27. Evard, C. (2014) Business establishment conditions in selected regions. Deliverable 4.2 of the StarTree project. Available at https://www.star-tree.eu/results/deliverables.html#wp-4. Accessed on 18.5.2021.

FAO (2014) State of the World's Forests 2014: Enhancing the socioeconomic benefits from forests. Rome: FAO.

Ludvig, A., Corradini, G., Asamer-Handler, M., Pettenella, D., Verdejo, V., Martínez, S. and Weiss, G. (2016a) The practice of innovation: the role of institutions in support of Non-Wood Forest Products. BioProducts Business 1 (6): 73–84.

Ludvig, A., Tahvanainen, V., Dickson, A., Evard, C., Kurttila, M., Cosovic, M., Chapman, E., Wilding, M. and Weiss, G. (2016b). The practice of entrepreneurship in the non-wood forest products sector: support for innovation on private forest land. Forest Policy and Economics 66: 31–37.

Ludvig, A., Weiss, G. and Zivojinovic, I. (2015) Star Tree Deliverable 5.4 innovation system report. Available at https://www.star-tree.eu/results/deliverables.html#wp-5. Accessed on 23.5.2021.

Mandallaz, D. (2008) Sampling techniques for forest inventories. Boca Raton: CRC Press. Mantau, U. (2001) Recreational and environmental markets for forest enterprises: a new approach towards marketability of public goods. New York: CABI.

Martinez de Arano, I., Maltoni, S., Picardo, A. and Mutke, S. (2021) Non-wood forest products for people, nature and the green economy. Recommendations for policy priorities in Europe. A white paper based on lessons learned from around the Mediterranean. Series Knowledge to Action n^o 5. Barcelona: EFI and FAO, p. 85.

Muir, G.F., Sorrenti, S., Vantomme, P., Vidale, E. and Masiero, M. (2020) Into the wild: disentangling non-wood terms and definitions for improved forest statistics. International Forestry Review 22(1): 101–119

Pettenella, D., Vidale, E., Da Re, R. and Lovric, M. (2014) D3.1. NTFP in the international market: current situation and trends. StarTree deliverable. Available at https://star-tree.eu/images/deliverables/WP3/D3%201-Int_trade_final.pdf. Accessed on 12.3.2021.

Pouta, E., Sievänen, T. and Neuvonen, M. (2006) Recreational wild berry picking in Finland – Reflection of a rural lifestyle. Society and Natural Resources 19: 285–304.

Prokofieva, I. (2016) Institutional changes and their impacts. Project deliverable D4.3. StarTree project (EU project 311919). Available at: https://www.star-tree.eu/results/deliverables.html#wp-4. Accessed on 3.7.2021.

Prokofieva I. and Górriz , E. (2015) Informal institutions and stakeholder perceptions on institutional role in selected case studies. Project deliverable D4.3. StarTree project (EU project 311919). Available at: https://www.star-tree.eu/results/deliverables.html#wp-4. Accessed on 3.7.2021.

Prokofieva, I., Bouriaud, L., ButtoudKouplevatskaya I., Corradini, G., Górriz, E. and Nichiforel, L. (2014) The role of institutions in NTFP development: current state and historical changes. Project deliverable D4.1. StarTree project (EU project 311919).Available at: https://www.star-tree.eu/results/deliverables.html#wp-4. Accessed on 3.7.2021.

Sánchez-González, M. (2015). Alcornoque 1.0. Simulador de crecimiento y pro- ducción para masas densas de alcornoque (Quercus suber L.). Available online:

http://wwwx.inia.es/alcornoqueWeb/ Accessed on 4.7.2021.

Schulp, C.J. , Thuiller, W. and Verburg, P.H. (2014). Wild food in Europe: A synthesis of knowledge and data of terrestrial wild food as an ecosystem service. Ecological Economics 105: 292–305.

Schunko, C., Grasser, S. and Vogl, C.R. (2015) Explaining the resurgent popularity of the wild: Motivations for wild plant gathering in the Biosphere Reserve Grosses Walsertal, Austria. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine 11: 14–55.

Sheppard, J., Santos e Silva, C., Louro, R., Stara, K., Belova, O. and Spiecker, H. (2019) Identification and ecology of NTFP species. In: Vacik, H., Hale, M., Spiecker, H., Pettenella, D., Tome, M. (Eds.) Non-wood forest products in Europe: ecology and management of mushrooms, tree products, understory plants and animal products. Norderstedt: BoD – Books on Demand GmbH, pp. 19–42.

Šišák, L. (2006) Importance of non-wood forest product collection and use for inhabitants in the Czech Republic. Journal of Forest Science 52 (9): 417–426.

Tomé, M. and Faias, S. (2014). State of the art, review of silviculture, models and decision support tools for multi-purpose trees (MPT) and non-wood forest products (NTFP). Deliverable 2.1 of the StarTree project FP7 Project no. 311919. Available at: https://www.star-tree.eu/results/deliverables.html#wp-2. Accessed on 6.7.2021.

Vacik, H. Hale , M., Spiecker H. , Pettenella, D. and Tome, M. (Eds.) (2019) Non-wood forest products in Europe: ecology and management of mushrooms, tree products, understory plants and animal products. Norderstedt: BoD – Books on Demand GmbH, pp, 414.

Vantomme, P. (2003). Compiling statistics on non-wood forest products as policy and decisionmaking tools at the national level. International Forestry Review 5 (2): 156–160.

Vidale E., Da Re R., Corradini G. and Pettenella , D. (2016). NWFP Sector recommendations. Project deliverable D3.6. StarTree project (EU project 311919). Available at https://www.star-tree.eu/results/deliverables.html#wp-3. Accessed on 5.7.2021.

Wahlén, C.B. (2017) Opportunities for making the invisible visible: towards an improved understanding of the economic contributions of NTFPs. Forest Policy and Economics 84: 11–19.

Weiss, G., Ludvig, A., Zivojinovic, I., Asamer-Handler, M. and Huber P. (2017) Non-timber innovations: how to innovate in side-activities of forestry – Case study: Styria, Austria. Austrian Journal of Forest Science 134(1a): 231–250.

Weiss, G. and Rametsteiner, E. (2005) The role of innovation systems in non-timber forest products and services development in central Europe. Economic Studies 14 (1): 23–36. Wolfslehner, B., Prokofieva, I. and Mavsar, R. (Eds) (2019) Non-wood forest products in Europe: Seeing the forest around the trees. What Science Can Tell Us 10. Joensuu: European Forest Institute.

Wong, J. and Chapman, E. (2019) StarTree Preliminary questionnaire on collection and usage of non-wood forest products in Europe. Available at https://zenodo.org/record/3258269#.XRS-9bOgzaUk. Accessed 19.01.22.

Wong, J.L.G., Thornber, K. and Baker, N. (2001) Resource assessment of non-wood forest products: experience and biometric principles. NTFP Series 13. FAO, Rome. Biometrics and NTFP inventory. Available from: http://www.fao.org/3/y1457e/y1457e.pdf. Accessed 09.02.21. Živojinović I., Nedeljković J., Stojanovski V., Japelj A., Nonić D., Weiss G. and Ludvig A. (2017) Non-timber forest products in transition economies: innovation cases in selected SEE countries. Forest Policy and Economics 81: 18–29.

Non-timber forest products in Canada: their role in bioeconomy

Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada (2019) Crop Profile for Lowbush Blueberry in Canada, 2017. AAFC No. 12972E. Pest Management Program, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Ottawa. Baranov, F.I. (1918) On the question of the biological basis of fisheries. Izvestiya 1: 81–128. (Translated from Russian by W.E. Ricker , 1945).

Belcher, B., Penner, R., Munier, A., Brigham, T. and Griffith, J. (2010) Supporting Canada's non-timber forest product sector: lessons from Manitoba's northern forest diversification centre. BC Journal of Ecosystems and Management 11(1/2): 103–120.

Bioindustrial Innovation Canada (2019) Canada's Bioeconomy Strategy – Leveraging Our Strengths for a Sustainable Future. Sarnia, Ontario, Canada.

British Columbia Ministry of Forests, Lands, Natural Resource Operations and Rural Development (2020) Indigenous Forest Bioeconomy Program and Indigenous Forestry Program Annual Report for 2019–2020. Office of the Chief Forester, Innovation, Bioeconomy and Indigenous Opportunities Branch. Victoria, BC.

Bugge, M.M. , Hansen, T. and Klitkou, A. (2016) What is the bioeconomy? A review of the literature. Sustainability 8 (7): 691.

CBC Indigenous (2018) BC. First Nations Move to Regulate Lucrative Morel Mushroom Picking Industry. http://www.cbc.ca/news/indigenous/morel-picking-permits-secwepemc-nation-

elephant-hill-wildfire-1.4667183?cmp=rss, accessed on January 12, 2021.

(CCFM) Canadian Council of Forest Ministers (1995) The Canadian Approach: Criteria and Indicators of Sustainable Forest Management. Hull, Quebec.

(CCFM) Canadian Council of Forest Ministers (2006) Indicator 5.1.4: Contribution of Non-Timber Forest Products and Forest-Based Services to the Gross Domestic Product. Criteria and Indicators of Sustainable Forest Management in Canada – National Status 2005. Ottawa. (CCFM) Canadian Council of Forest Ministers (2017) A Forest Bioeconomy Framework for Canada. Natural Resources Canada. Ottawa.

(CNTR) Centre for Non-Timber Resources (2005) The 2005 BC Directory of Buyers & Sellers of Non-Timber Forest Products. Centre for Non-Timber Resources, Royal Roads University, Victoria, BC.

Duchesne, L.C. and Wetzel, S. (2002) Managing timber and non-timber forest product resources in Canada's forests: Needs for integration and research. The Forestry Chronicle 78 (6): 837–842.

Duchesne, L.C. and Wetzel, S. (2003) The bioeconomy and the forestry sector: changing markets and new opportunities. The Forestry Chronicle 79 (5): 860–864.

Georgescu-Roegen, N. (1971) The Entropy Law and the Economic Process. Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press.

Georgescu-Roegen, N. (1986) The entropy law and the economic process in retrospect. Eastern Economic Journal 12 (1): 3–25.

Kant, S., Vertinsky, I. and Zheng, B. (2016) Valuation of ecosystem services using the life satisfaction approach: the case of land use activities of the First Nations peoples of Canada. Forest Policy and Economics 72: 46–55.

Kant, S., Vertinsky, I. and Zheng, B. (2020) Mother Earth and Household Welfare Functions of First Nations Peoples of Canada. Chapter 22. In Maddison, D., Rehdanz, K. and Welsch, H. (Eds.) Handbook on Wellbeing, Happiness and the Environment, Cheltenham, UK: Edward Elgar Publishing Limited, pp. 399–420.

Kant, S. , Vertinsky, I. , Zheng, B. and Smith, P.M. (2014) Multi-domain subjective well-being of two Canadian first nations communities. World Development 64: 140–157.

Mohammed, G.H. (1999) Non-Timber Forest Products in Ontario: An Overview. Forest Research Information Report No. 145. Ontario Forest Research Institute, Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources. Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario.

Murphy, B.L. , Chretien, A.R. and Brown L.J. (2012) Non-timber forest products, maple syrup and climate change. Journal of Rural and Community Development 7 (3): 42–64.

Natural Resources Canada (2003) Developing Non-Timber Forest Products in Canada. Frontline Express, Bulletin No. 28. Great Lakes Forestry Centre, Canadian Forest Service, Natural Resources Canada. Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario.

Natural Resources Canada (2020) The State of Canada's Forests: Annual Report 2020. Ottawa.

Nisga'a Lisims Government (2002) Non-timber forest products. http://www.nisgaanation.ca/non-timber-forest-products, accessed on January 12, 2021.

Nisga'a Lisims Government (2012) Nisga'a Lisims Government Wilp Si'Ayuukhl Nisga'a: Nisga'a Forest Act. Unofficial Consolidation Current to August 31, 2012.

http://www.nisgaanation.ca/sites/default/files/legislation/2000-15%20-

%20Nisga%27a%20Forest%20Act%20-%202010-08-13.pdf, accessed on January 12 , 2021. OECD (2009) The Bioeconomy to 2030 – Designing A Policy Agenda. Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. Paris.

Sigalet, J. and Brigham, T. (2010) From East to West: Key Lessons for Non-Timber Forest Product Development in Canada's Model Forests. Centre for Livelihoods and Ecology, Royal Roads University. Victoria, BC.

Statistics Canada (2012) Fruit and Vegetable Production. Statistics Canada – Catalogue no. 22–003-X, Table 1: Estimate of area, commercial production and farm gate value of fruits in Canada, by province, 2010. Ottawa.

Statistics Canada (2017) Highlight Tables: Aboriginal Peoples Highlight Tables. 2016 Census, Catalogue No. 98–402-X2016009. Ottawa.

Statistics Canada (2018) Human Activity and the Environment: Forests in Canada. Human Activity and the Environment 2017. Ottawa.

Statistics Canada. (2018) Christmas Tree Farms in Canada. Table 32-10-0421-0401_Christmas trees. https://www.statcan.gc.ca/eng/dai/smr08/2018/smr08_228_2018#a1, accessed on February 11, 2021.

Statistics Canada. Forests in Canada. https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/n1/pub/16-201-x/2018001/sec-2-eng.htm, accessed on December 29 , 2020.

Tedder, S. (2008) Tenure and the Management of Non-Timber Forest Products in British Columbia. Sustainable Forest Management Network. Edmonton, Alberta.

Tedder, S. and Mitchell, D. (2003) The Commercial Harvest of Edible Wild Mushrooms in British Columbia. Paper submitted for presentation at XII World Forestry Congress held in Quebec City, Canada. http://www.fao.org/3/XII/0379-B1.htm, accessed on January 6, 2021.

Tedder, S., Mitchell, D. and Hillyer, A. (2002) Property Rights and the Sustainable

Management of Non-timber Forest Products. British Columbia Ministry of Forests. Victoria, BC. Tedder, S., Mitchell, D. and Farran, R. (2000) Seeing the Forest Beneath the Trees: The Social and Economic Potential of Non-Timber Forest Products and Services in the Queen Charlotte Islands/Haida Gwaii. South Moresby Forest Replacement Account. British Columbia Ministry of Forests. Victoria, BC.

Tsilhqot'in National Government (2018) Tsilhqot'in Stewardship Department, 2018 Mushroom Harvest. https://www.tsilhqotin.ca/stewardship, accessed on January 12, 2021.

Vivien, F.-D. , Nieddu, M. , Befort, N. , Debref, R. and Giampietro, M. (2019) The hijacking of the bioeconomy. Ecological Economics 159: 189–197.

Commercial fungi, indigenous communities, and the bioeconomy transition in Southwest China

Belcher, B., Ruíz-Pérez, M. and Achdiawan, R. (2005) Global patterns and trends in the use and management of commercial NTFPs: implications for livelihoods and conservation. World Development 33: 1435–1452.

Belcher, B. and Schreckenberg, K. (2007) Commercialisation of non-timber forest products: a reality check. Development Policy Review 25: 355–377.

Boa, E. (2004) Wild edible fungi: a global overview of their use and importance to people. FAO series book, Rome: Food and Agriculture Organization.

Brown, M. (2019). Yi ethnomycology: wild mushroom knowledge and use in Yunnan, China. Journal of Ethnobiology 39 (1): 131–157.

Fan, B. (2020) Access and cultural embeddedness in caterpillar fugus value chain in Yunnan. Maters Thesis. Kunming: Yunnan University.

He, J., Kebede, B., Martin, A. and Gross-Camp, N. (2020) Privatisation or communalization: a multi-level analysis of changes in forest property regimes in China. Ecological Economics 174: 106629.

He, J. (2018) Harvest and trade of caterpillar mushroom (Ophiocordyceps sinensis) and the implications for sustainable use in the Tibet Region of Southwest China. Journal of Ethnopharmacology 221: 86–90.

He, J. and Sikor, T. (2017) Looking beyond tenure in China's collective forest tenure reform: insights from Yunnan Province, Southwest China. International Forestry Review 19 (1): 29–41. He, J. (2016) Right to benefit from forest? A case study of the timber harvest quota system in Southwest China. Society and Natural Resource 29 (4): 448–461.

He, J., Dong, M. and Stark, M. (2014) Small mushrooms for big business? Gaps in the sustainable management of non-timber forest products in Southwest China. Sustainability 6 (10): 6847–6861.

He, J., Zhou, Z., Yang, H. and Xu, J. (2011) Integrative management of commercialized wild mushroom: a case study of Thelephora ganbajun in Yunnan, Southwest China. Environmental Management 48 (1): 98–108.

He, J. (2010) Globalised forest-products: commoditisation of the matsutake mushroom in Tibetan villages, Yunnan, Southwest China. International Forestry Review 12 (1): 27–37. Hua, R., Chen, Z. and Fu, W. (2017) An overview of wild edible fungi resource conservation and its utilisation in Yunnan. Journal of Agricultural Science 9 (5): 158–169. Li, Y., Yang, Y., Tang, Z., Wang, K., He, J. and Yao, Y. (2021) Conserving the Chinese caterpillar fungus under climate change. Biodiversity and Conservation 30: 547–500. Myers, N., Mittermeier, R.A., Mittermeier, C.G., da Fonseca, G.A. and Kent, J. (2000) Biodiversity hotspots for conservation priorities. Nature 403: 853–858.

Mortimer, P., Karunarathna, S., Li, Q., Gui, H., Yang, X., He, J., Ye, L., Guo, J., Li, H. and Sysouphanthong, P. (2012) Prized edible Asian mushrooms: ecology, conservation and sustainability. Fungal Diversity 56: 31–47.

Neumann, R.P. and Hirsch, E. (2000) Commercialisation of non-timber forest products: review and analysis of research. Bogor: Center for International Forestry Research.

Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a Global Framework for Analysing the Forest-Based Bioeconomy. Forests 12: 1673.

Robinson, B.E., Provencher, B. and Lewis, D.J. (2013) Managing wild resources: institutional choice and the recovery of resource rent in Southwest China. World Development 48: 120–132. Shrestha, U.B. (2012) Asian medicine: a fungus in decline. Nature 482: 35.

Ticktin, T. (2004) The ecological implications of harvesting non-timber forest products. Journal of Applied Ecology 41: 11–21.

Wei, Y., Zhang, L., Wang, J., Wang, W., Niyati, N., Guo, Y. and Wang, X. (2021) Chinese caterpillar fungus (Ophiocordyceps sinensis) in China: current distribution, trading, and futures under climate change and overexploitation. Science of The Total Environment 755: 142548. Winkler, D. (2008) Yartsa Gunbu (Cordyceps sinensis) and the fungal commodification of Tibet's rural economy. Economic Botany 62: 291–305.

Winkler, D. (2009) Caterpillar fungus (Ophiocordyceps sinensis) production and sustainability on the Tibetan Plateau and in the Himalayas. Asian Medicine 5: 291–316.

Yang, X.F., He, J., Li, C., Ma, J.Z., Yang, Y.P. and Xu, J.C. (2008) Matsutake trade in Yunnan Province, China: an overview. Economic Botany 62: 269–277.

Yang, Y., Tian, K., Hao, J., Pei, S. and Yang, Y. (2004) Biodiversity and biodiversity conservation in Yunnan, China. Biodiversity and Conservation 13: 813–826.

Yeh, E.T. and Lama, K.T. (2013) Following the caterpillar fungus: nature, commodity chains, and the place of Tibet in China's uneven geographies. Social and Cultural Geography 14(3): 318–340.

The potential for using non-timber forest products to develop the Brazilian bioeconomy

Afonso, S.R. and Ângelo, H. (2009) Mercado dos produtos florestais não-madeireiros do Cerrado brasileiro. Ciência Florestal 19 (3): 315–326.

Afonso, S.R. (2021) Produtos florestais não madeireiros: do extrativismo vegetal à fbioeconomia da floresta. In: Evangelista, W.V. (Ed.). Produtos Florestais Não Madeireiros: tecnologia, mercado, pesquisas e atualidades. Guarujá, SP: Científica Digital, p. 29–43.

Allegretti, M.H. (1990) Extractive reserves: an alternative for reconciling development and environmental conservation in Amazonia. In: Anderson, A.B. (Ed.), Alternatives to deforestation: steps toward sustainable use of the Amazon rain forest. New York: Columbia University Press, p. 252–264.

Azevedo, A.I., Martins, H.T. and Drummond, J.A.L. (2009) A dinâmica institucional de uso comunitário dos produtos nativos do Cerrado no município de Japonvar (Minas Gerais). Sociedade e Estado 24 (1): 193–228.

Beraldo, K.A.P., Freire, L.E. and Melo, T.V. (2019) Produção agroextrativista dos agricultores familiares e povos tradicionais no estado do Tocantins. Singular Meio Ambiente e Agrárias 1 (1): 31–37.

Brasil (2011) Espécies nativas da flora brasileira de valor econômico atual ou potencial: plantas para o futuro – Região Sul. Ministério do Meio Ambiente. Brasília, DF: MMA. p. 934.

Brasil (2018) Espécies nativas da flora brasileira de valor econômico atual ou potencial: plantas para o futuro: região Nordeste. Ministério do Meio Ambiente. Brasília, DF: MMA. p. 1311. Brasil (2019) Bioeconomia da floresta: a conjuntura da produção florestal não madeireira no Brasil. Servico Florestal Brasileiro/ Ministério da Agricultura. Pecuária e Abastecimento. Brasília: MAPA/SFB.

Brondízio, E. (2008) Amazonian caboclo and the açaí palm. New York: The New York Botanical Garden Press.

Cândido, P.A., Malafaia, G.C. and Rezende, M.L. (2012) A exploração do pequi na região norte de Minas Gerais: abordagem por meio do Sistema Agroalimentar Localizado. Revista IDeAS 5 (2): 118–138.

Carvalho, M.M.X. (2011) Os fatores do desmatamento da floresta com araucária: agropecuária, lenha e indústria madeireira. Revista Esboços 18 (25):32–52.

Cialdella, N. , Silva, E. , Navegantes-Alves, L. and Diniz, J.D.A.S. (2019) Açaí in the Amazon: diversity of tastes at the core of the coexistence of short and global chains. Economie Rurale 367:61-78.

Cialdella, N. and Navegantes-Alves, L. (2014) La ruée vers l'açaii (Euterpe oleracea Mart.): trajectoires d'un fruit emblématique d'Amazonie. Tiers Monde 220: 119–135.

Danner, M.A., Zanette, F. and Ribeiro, J.Z. (2012) O cultivo da araucária para a produção de pinhões como ferramenta para a conservação. Pesquisa Florestal Brasileira 32 (72): 441–451. Diniz, J.D.A.S. and Cerdan, C. (2017) Produtos da sociobiodiversidade e cadeias curtas: aproximação socioespacial para uma valorização cultural e econômica. In Gazolla M. and Schneider , S. (Eds.), Cadeias curtas e redes agroalimentares alternativas: negócios e

mercados da agricultura familiar, Porto Alegre, Editora UFRGS, pp. 259–280. Diniz, J.D.A.S. (2008) Evaluation-construction de projets de développement local à partir de la

valorisation des produits forestiers de l'Amazonie brésilienne: le cas de la noix du Brésil. Thesis (PhD in Logistics and Strategy), Aix-Marseille University, Aix-en-Provence. p. 413.

FAO (2020) Global forest resources assessment 2020: main report. Rome: FAO.

FAO (2021) Aspirational principles and criteria for a sustainable bioeconomy. Rome: FAO. Available at: https://www.fao.org/3/cb3706en/cb3706en.pdf>. Accessed: 21 December 2021. Flora do Brasil (2019) Jardim botânico do rio de janeiro. Available at:

http://floradobrasil.jbrj.gov.br/reflora. Accessed: 19 December 2020.

German Bioeconomy Council (2018). Bioeconomy Policy Part III: update report of national strategies around the world. Available at http://gbs2018.com/resources/ Accessed: 19 January 2022.

Hanazaki, N. , Zank, S. , Fonseca-Kruel, V.S. and Schmidt, I.B. (2018) Indigenous and traditional knowledge, sustainable harvest, and the long road ahead to reach the 2020 Global Strategy for Plant Conservation objectives (2022) Rodriguésia 69 (4): 1587–1601. Available at http://rodriguesia.jbrj.gov.br Accessed: 19 January 2022.

Hochstetler, K. and Keck, M. (2007) Greening Brazil: environmental activism in state and society. Durham: Duke University Press.

Homma, A.K.O. (1996) Modernisation and technological dualism in the extractive economy in Amazonia. In Pérez, M.R. and Arnold, J.E.M. (Eds.), Current issues in non-timber forest products research, Bogor: Center for International Forestry Research, pp. 59–81.

IBGE (2020) Instituto Brasileiro de Geografia e Estatística Available at:

<https://sidra.ibge.gov.br/tabela/289> Accessed: 10 January 2021.

IBGE (2021) Instituto Brasileiro de Geografia e Estatística Available at:

https://sidra.ibge.gov.br/tabela/1737> Accessed: 10 January 2021.

Oliveira, S.V. and Waquil, P.D. (2015) Dinâmica de produção e comercialização da erva-mate no Rio Grande do Sul, Brasil. Ciência Rural 45 (4): 750–756.

Osoegawa, D.K. (2017) Cadeia produtiva da piaçava no rio Xié/Alto Rio Negro – Amazonas. Dissertation. Master in Environmental Science and Sustainability in the Amazon, Federal University of Amazonas.

Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forestbased bioeconomy. Forests 12, 1673. https://doi.org/10.3390/f12121673

Porro, R. (2019) A economia invisível do babaçu e sua importância para meios de vida em comunidades agroextrativistas. Boletim do Museu Paraense Emílio Goeldi. Ciências Humanas 14 (1): 169–188.

Posey, D. (1992) Traditional knowledge, konservation, and the rain forest harvest. In: Plotkin, M.J. and Famorale, L. (Eds.) Sustainable harvest and marketing of rain forest products. Washington: Conservation International, p. 46–50.

Reis, A.F. and Schmiele, M. (2019) Características e potencialidades dos frutos do Cerrado na indústria de alimentos. Brazilian Journal of Food Technology 22: 1–12.

Rodríguez, A.G., Rodrigues, M. and Sotomayor, O. (2019) Towards a sustainable bioeconomy in Latin America and the Caribbean: elements for a regional vision. Natural Resources and Development series, N°193 LC/TS.2019/25 Santiago, Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC). Available at:

<https://repositorio.cepal.org/bitstream/handle/11362/44994/1/S1901014_en.pdf > Accessed: 21 December 2021.

SIDRA (Sistema IBGE de Recuperação de Dados Agregados) (2019) Instituto Brasileiro de Geografia e Estatística Available at: < https://sidra.ibge.gov.br/> Accessed: 10 January 2021. Silva, M.A.; Neves, R.J. (2014). Políticas públicas paraa agricultura familiar na região Sudoeste mato-grossensse: realidade e perspectivas. Acta Scientiarum. Human and Social Sciences. V. 36, n. 2, p. 125–135, July-Dec.SNIF (Sistema Nacional de Informações Florestais) (2019) Serviço Florestal Brasileiro. 2019. Available at: <http://snif.florestal.gov.br/pt-br/> Accessed: 10 January 2021.

Smith, M. and Fausto, C. (2016) Socialidade e diversidade de pequis (Caryocar sp., Caryocaraceae) entre os Kuikuro do Alto Xingu (Brasil). Boletim do Museu Paraense Emilio Goeldi. Antropologia. 11: 87–113.

SNIF (Sistema Nacional de Informações Florestais) (2020) Boletim SNIF 2020. Available at: https://snif.florestal.gov.br/images/pdf/publicacoes/Boletim_SNIF_ed1_2020_vfinal.pdf> Accessed: 10 January 2021.

UNDP (United Nations Development Programme) (2010) América Latina e o Caribe: uma superpotência de biodiversidade. Available at:

<https://www.undp.org/sites/g/files/zskgke326/files/publications/Latin-America-and-the-Caribbean---A-Biodiversity-Superpower--Policy_Brief_PORTUGUESE.pdf>. Accessed: 21 December 2021.

UNEP (United Nations Environment Programme) (2019) Megadiverse Brazil: giving biodiversity online boost. Available at: https://www.unep.org/news-and-stories/story/megadiverse-brazil-giving-biodiversity-online-boost. Accessed 14 June 2021.

Informal markets, marginal populations, and the bioeconomy – the success story of açaí (Euterpe oleracea Mart.) in the Guiana Shield

Allegretti, M.H. (1990) Extractive reserves: an alternative for reconciling development and environmental conservation in Amazonia. In Anderson, A.B. (Ed.)Alternatives to deforestation: steps toward sustainable use of the Amazon rain forest, New York: Columbia University Press, pp. 252–264.

Aquino, J.R., Gazolla, M. and Schneider, S. (2018) Dualismo no campo e desigualdades internas na agricultura familiar brasileira. Revista de Economia e Sociologia Rural 56 (1): 123–142.

Biancolillo, I. , Paletto, A. , Bersier, J. , Keller, M. and Romagnoli, M. (2020) A literature review on forest bioeconomy with a bibliometric network analysis. Journal of Forest Science 66 (7): 265–279.

Borba, A. (2019) The selection of different interlocked behavioral contingences and the maintenance of common pool resources: the case of the production chain of açaí berries in the Brazilian Amazon. Behavior and Social Issues 28: 229–247.

Brasil (2021). Plano Safra 2021/2022 aumenta recursos para técnicas agrícolas sustentáveis. Brazilian Government News. Available at: https://www.gov.br/pt-br/noticias/agricultura-epecuaria/2021/06/plano-safra-21-22-aumenta-recursos-para-tecnicas-agricolas-sustentaveis. Accessed 07/10/2021.

Brasil. Ministry of Science, Technology, Innovations and Communications – MCTIC (2018) Plano de ação em ciência, tecnologia e inovação em bioeconomia. Management and Strategic Studies Centre. Available at:

https://antigo.mctic.gov.br/mctic/export/sites/institucional/ciencia/SEPED/Arquivos/PlanosDeAca o/PACTI_BIOECONOMIA_web.pdf. Accessed 07/10/2021.

Brasil. Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Supply, MAPA (2019a) Monthly analysis for açaí (fruit). March. Available at: https://www.conab.gov.br/info-agro/analises-do-mercado-agropecuario-e-extrativista/analises-do-mercado/historico-mensal-de-sociobiodiversidade.

Accessed 07/10/2021.

Brasil. Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Supply – MAPA (2019b) Boletim da Sociobiodiversidade 3(4): 1–66.

Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics – IBGE (2019) Production of plant extraction and forestry. Available at: https://sidra.ibge.gov.br/pesquisa/pevs/quadros/brasil/2019. Accessed 01/10/2021.

Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics – IBGE (2020) Municipal agricultural research. Available at: https://sidra.ibge.gov.br/tabela/5457. Accessed 01/20/2022.

Brokamp, G., Valderrama, N., Mittelbach, M., Grandez, C.A., Barfod, A.S. and Weigend, M. (2011) Trade in palm products in North-Western South America. The Botanical Review 77 (4): 571–606.

Brondízio, E. (2002) The urban market of açaí fruit (Euterpe oleracea Mart.) and rural land use change: ethnographic insights into the role of price and land tenure constraining agricultural choices in the Amazon estuary. Urban Ecosystems 6 (1-2):67–97.

Brondizio, E.S. (2008) The Amazonian Caboclo and the acai palm: forest farmers in the global market. New York Botanical Garden Press, New York.

Cialdella, N. , Silva, E. , Navegantes-Alves, L. and Diniz, J.D.A.S. (2019) Açaí in the Amazon: diversity of tastes at the core of the coexistence of short and global chains. Economie Rurale 367: 61–78.

Cocklin, B. and Graham, L.R. (1995) The shifting middle ground: Amazonian indians and ecopolitics. American Anthropologist 97 (4): 695–710.

Costa, F.A. (2020) Economia camponesa referida ao bioma da Amazônia: atores, territórios e atributos. Papers do NAEA 1 (2): 146–167.

Costa, F.A. (2019) A brief economic history of the Amazon (1720–1970). Cambridge: Cambridge Scholars Publishing.

Costa, F.A., Fernandes, D.A. and Crispim, C.N.S. (2018) Constituição, situação e dinâmica de arranjos produtivos locais: o caso do APL de açaí na região do Grão-Pará (2002 a 2010). Análise Econômica 36 (69): 109–137.

Dasgupta, P. (2021) The economics of biodiversity: the Dasgupta Review. London: HM Treasury.

Dietz, T. , Börner, J. , Förster, J.J. and von Braun, J. (2018) Governance of the bioeconomy: a global comparative study of national bioeconomy strategies. Sustainability 10: 3190.

Diniz, J.D.A.S. and Cerdan, C. (2017) Produtos da sociobiodiversidade e cadeias curtas: aproximação socioespacial para uma valorização cultural e econômica. In Gazolla M. and Schneider , S. (Eds). Cadeias curtas e redes agroalimentares alternativas: negócios e mercados da agricultura familiar. Porto Alegre: Editora UFRGS, pp. 259–280.

Diniz, J.D.A.S. and van Els, R.H. (2021) Socio-biodiversity products: opportunities to promoting local sustainable development in Brazil and Suriname. In Menke, J. (Ed.) Sustainability at a crossroads: challenges and development opportunities of the Guiana Shield, Suriname. The Anton de Kom University of Suriname, pp. 90–120.

Freitas, M.A.B., Magalhães, J.L.L., Carmona, C.P., Arroyo-Rodríguez, V., Vieira, I.C.G. and Tabarelli, M. (2021) Intensification of açaí palm management largely impoverishes tree assemblages in the Amazon estuarine forest. Biological Conservation 261: 109251.

French Ministry of Agriculture and Agrifood (2019) A bioeconomy strategy for France: goals, issues and forward vision. Available at: https://agriculture.gouv.fr/la-bioeconomie-nouvelle-vision-du-vivant. Accessed 11/20/2020.

Gibbs, A.K. , and Barron, C.N. (1993) Geology of the Guiana Shield. Oxford: Clarendon Press. Granville, J.-J. and Gayot, M. (2014) Guide des Palmiers de Guyane. Guyane: Office National des Forêts.

Guerra, P., Monnier, C., Testé, A., Dulat, J., Juaye, N. and Balvay, R. (2019) Le wassaï en Guyane française: une filière peu reconnue qui mobilise de nombreux acteurs. AgroParisTech/Cirad. Internship report, p. 84.

Hickey, G.M., Pouliot, M., Smith-Hall, C., Wunder, S. and Nielsen, M.R. (2016) Quantifying the economic contribution of wild food harvests to rural livelihoods: a global-comparative analysis. Food Policy 62: 122–132.

Homma, A.K.O. (2012) Plant extrativism or plantation: what is the best option for the Amazon? Estudos Avançados 26 (74): 167–186.

Jardim, M.A.G. (1995) Cartilha informativa sobre a palmeira açaí (Euterpe oleracea Mart). Belém: Museu Paraense Emilio Goeldi.

Karvonen, J., Halder, P.; Kangas, J. and Leskinen, P. (2017) Indicators and tools for assessing sustainability impacts of the forest bioeconomy. Forest Ecosystems 4 (2).

Nobre, I. and Nobre, C.A. (2018) The Amazonian Third Way Initiative: the role of technology to unveil the potential of a novel tropical Biodiversity-Based Economy. In Loures, L. (Ed.)Land use – assessing the past, envisioning the future. IntechOpen.

Oudhof, K , Harmsen, C. , Loozen, S. and Choen, C. (2011) Omvang en spreading van Surinaamse bevolkingsgroepen in Nederland. Bevolkingstrends, 2e kwartaai. Available at: https://www.cbs.nl/nl-nl/nieuws/2011/27/bevolkingstrends-2e-kwartaal-2011. Accessed: 12/09/2021.

Pegler, L. (2015) Peasant inclusion in global value chains: economic upgrading but social downgrading in labour processes? The Journal of Peasant Studies 42 (5): 929–956.

Porro, R. (2019) A economia invisível do babaçu e sua importância para meios de vida em comunidades agroextrativistas. Boletim do Museu Paraense Emilio Goeldi. Ciências. Humanas 14 (1): 169–188.

Price, R. and Price, S. (2001) Maroons under assault: Suriname and French Guiana. Cultural Survival Quarterly 25 (4): 38–45.

Rijal, A., Smith-Hall, C. and Helles, F. (2011) Non-timber forest product dependency in the Central Himalayan foot hills. Environment, Development and Sustainability 13: 121–140. Rogez, H. (2000) Açaí: preparo, composição e melhoramento da conservação. Belém: Ed.ufpa. Santos, J.C., Rocha, C.I.L., Santos, A.P., Sena, A.L.S., Mattietto, R.A. and Elleres, A.S. (2014) Descrição da cadeia produtiva do açaí na Amazônia. In Santana, A.C. (ed). Mercado, cadeia produtiva e desenvolvimento rural na Amazônia. Belém: Universidade Federal Rural da Amazônia, pp. 141–163.

Superti, E., Pegler, L. and Araujo, M.M.V. (2018) The governance of emerging value chains and their impacts on traditional communities. International Journal of Humanities and Social Science 8 (10): 24–35.

Svarrer, K. and Olsen, C.S. (2005) The economic value of non-timber forest products – a case study from Malaysia. Journal of Sustainable Forestry 20: 17–41.

Viana L.F., Homma A.K.O., Menezes de A.J.E.A, Santos J.C. and Farias Neto J.T. (2020) Viabilidade econômica do cultivo de açaizeiro (Euterpe oleracea mart.) irrigado no nordeste paraense, International Journal of Development Research 10 (8): 39177–39182.

Vivero Pol, J.L. (2013) Food as a commons: reframing the narrative of the food syste m. Available at SSRN: https://ssrn.com/abstract=2255447.

Wilkinson, J. , Cerdan, C. and Dorigon, C. (2017) Geographical indications and "origin" products in Brazil: the interplay of institutions and networks. World Development 98: 82–92.

Lessons for the forest-based bioeconomy from non-timber forest products in Mexico

Alexiades, M. and Shanley, P. (Eds.) (2004) Productos forestales, medios de subsistencia y conservación. Estudios de caso sobre sistemas de manejo de productos no maderables, Jakarta: CIFOR.

Anta Fonseca, S., Carabias, J., Díaz de León, A., Illsley, C., López, C., Robinson., D., Escamilla, E., Edouard, F., Ramírez, F., Merino, L., Chauvet, M., Ramírez, O., Álvarez, P., Obregón, R., Madrid, S., Purata, S. and Ávila, S. (2008) Consecuencias de las políticas públicas en el uso de los ecosistemas y la biodiversidad. In Sarukhán, J. (Ed.) Capital natural de México, Vol. III: Políticas públicas y perspectivas de sustentabilidad, CDMX: CONABIO, pp 87–153.

Banco Mundial (2020) Agricultura, valor agregado, Washington: Banco Mundial. Belcher, B.M. (2005) Forest product markets, forests and poverty reduction. International Forestry Review 7 (2): 82–89.

Biodiversity Finance Initiative (2021) Estrategia de Bioeconomía de BIOFIN en México, CDMX: Biofin. Available in: https://www.biofin.org/country/mexico [Accessed 02.03.2022]. Blancas, J., Caballero, J. and Beltrán-Rodríguez, L. (2017) Los productos forestales no maderables de México, Fascículo I, Panorama general, CDMX: CONACYT.

Buda-Arango, G., Durand, L., Trench, T. and Figueroa, F. (2017) Manejo de recursos forestales no maderables y las políticas de simplificación: el caso de la palma xate en la Selva Lacandona, México. Latin American Research Review 52 (3): 344–360.

Bugge, M.M., Hansen, T. and Klitkou, A. (2016) What is the bioeconomy? A review of the literature. Sustainability 8: 691.

Chamberlain, J., Small, C. and Baumflek, M. (2019) Sustainable forest management for non-timber products. Sustainability 11: 2670.

Comisión Nacional para la Biodiversidad (1998) La Diversidad Biológica de México: Estudio de País, CDMX: CONABIO.

D'Amato, D., Droste, N., Allen, B., Kettunen, M., Lähtinen, K., Korhonen, J., Leskinen, P., Matthies, B.D. and Toppinen, A. (2017) Green, circular, bio economy: a comparative analysis of sustainability avenues. Journal of Cleaner Production 168: 716–734.

D'Amato, D. (2021) Sustainability narratives as transformative solution pathways: zooming in on the circular economy. Circular Economy and Sustainability 1: 231–242.

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (1999) FAO Forestry – Towards a harmonised definition of non-wood forest products. Unasylva 198: 50–63.

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (2020) Global forest resources assessment 2020: main report. Rome: FAO.

Instituto Nacional de Estadística y Geografía (2021) Índices de Precios al Consumidor 2021: Reporte mensual. Available in:

https://www.inegi.org.mx/app/indicesdeprecios/Estructura.aspx?idEstructura=112001300030&T =%C3%8Dndices%20de%20Precios%20al%20Consumidor&ST=Inflaci%C3%B3n%20Mensual. Accessed 12.14.2021.

Jiménez-Pérez, N.C., Lorea-Hernández, F.G., Jankowski, C., and Reyes-Chilpa, R. (2011) Essential oils in Mexican bays (*Litsea* spp., Lauraceae): taxonomic assortment and ethnobotanical implications. Economic Botany 65 (2): 178–189.

León-Merino, A., Rivera-Peña, R., Hernández-Juárez, M., Sangerman-Jarquín, D.M., Jiménez-Sánchez, L. and Valtierra-Pacheco, E. (2017) Aprovechamiento de productos forestales no maderables en la comunidad Pensamiento Liberal Mexicano, Oaxaca. Revista Mexicana de Ciencias Agrícolas 18: 3725–3738.

Marshall, E., Schreckenberg, K. and Newton, A.C. (Eds.) (2006) Comercialización de productos forestales no maderables: factores que influyen en el éxito. Conclusiones del estudio de México y Bolivia e implicancias políticas para los tomadores de decisión, Cambridge: Centro Mundial de Vigilancia de la Conservación del PNUMA.

Morrone, J. J., Escalante, T. and Rodríguez-Tapia, G. (2017) Mexican biogeographic provinces: map and shapefiles. Zootaxa 4277 (2): 277–279.

Ortega-Meza, D. (2019) Relaciones entre los productos forestales no maderables y el turismo: el caso del laurel (Litsea glaucescens Kunth) en el Parque Nacional el Chico, México. PhD Dissertation, Pachuca de Soto: Universidad Autónoma del Estado de Hidalgo.

Ortega-Meza, D., Pulido-Silva, M.T., Arruda, J.C. and Da Silva, C.J. (2019) Ethnobotanical study of the Mexican Laurel in El Chico National Park, Mexico: a quantitative perspective. Ethnobiology Letters 10 (1): 1–13.

Ortega-Meza, D., Pulido-Silva, M.T., Goméz, A.A., Da Silva, C.J., Leal, S.N. and Arruda, J.C. (2021) Vínculos entre los productos forestales no maderables y el turismo; el caso del laurel (Litsea glaucescens Kunth) en el Parque Nacional el Chico, Hidalgo, México. El Periplo Sustentable 40: 206–232.

Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forestbased bioeconomy. Forest 12: 1673.

Procuraduría Federal de Protección al Ambiente. (2020) Informe de decomisos de laurel (Litsea glaucescens) efectuado durante el período de 2018–2020 en la Zona de Influencia del Parque Nacional el Chico. Exp. PFPA/20.3/8C.17.5/0001–0020, Pachuca: PROFEPA.

Pulido, M.T. and Caballero, J. (2006) The impact of shifting agriculture on the availability of nontimber forest products: the example of *Sabal yapa* in the Maya lowlands of Mexico. Forest Ecology and Management 222: 399–409.

Pulido, M.T. (2014) Informe final del proyecto Evaluación de la Candelilla (Euphorbia antisyphilitica) en los ejidos de San Lorenzo y la Reforma en la región de Cuatro Ciénegas de

Coahuila, México: UNCTAD (United Nations Conference on Trade and Development) and NRSC (Natural Resources Stewardship Circle).

Rodríguez, A.G. (2017) La bioeconomía: oportunidades y desafíos para el desarrollo rural, agrícola y agroindustrial en América Latina y el Caribe, Santiago de Chile: CEPAL. Secretaría de Agricultura, Ganadería, Desarrollo Rural, Pesca y Alimentación. (2016) Proyecto

Bioeconomía 2010–2018, CDMX: SAGARPA.

Secretaría de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales. (2017) Anuario estadístico de la Producción Forestal, CDMX: SEMARNAT.

Secretaría de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales. (2020) Anuario estadístico de la Producción Forestal, CDMX: SEMARNAT.

Tapia-Tapia, E.C. and Reyes-Chilpa, R. (2008) Productos forestales no maderables en México: aspectos económicos para el desarrollo sustentable. Madera y Bosques 14 (3): 95–112. Toledo, V.M. (2015) Ecocidio en México. La batalla final es por la vida, CDMX: Editorial Grijalbo.

Villaseñor, J.L. (2016) Checklist of the native vascular plants of Mexico. Revista Mexicana de Biodiversidad 87: 559–902.

Winkel, G. (2017) Towards a sustainable European forest-based bioeconomy, assessment and the way forward. Joensuu: European Forest Institute.

World Economic Forum (2020) The global competitiveness report, special edition. Ginebra: WEF.

Non-timber forest products and bioeconomy transitioning in Cameroon: potentials and challenges

Abwe, M.D. , Tamnjong, I. , Ndam, N. and Blackmore, P. (2000) Socio-economic case study of the production-to consumption system of the rattan sector in Cameroon. INBAR Working Paper, pp. 56.

Adekunle, I.A. (2020) On the search for environmental sustainability in Africa: the role of governance. Environmental Science and Pollution Research 28 (12): 14607–14620.

Angelsen, A., Jagger, P., Babigumira, R., Belcher, B., Hogarth, N.J., Bauch, S., Borner, J., Smith-Hall, C. and Wunder, S. (2014) Environmental Income and Rural Livelihoods: A Global-Comparative Analysis. World Development 64: S12–S28.

Awono, A., Eba'a Atyi, R., Foundjem-Tita D. and Levang, P. (2016) Vegetal non-timber forest products in Cameroon, contribution to the national economy. International Forestry Review 18(S1): 66–77.

Betti, J.L. (2007) Plan d'action/. Strategie pour une meilleure collecte des donnees statistiques sur les Produits Forestiers Non Ligneux au Cameroun et recommandations pour les pays de la COMIFAC. COMIFAC. Yaounde.

Chimi, C.D., Nfornkah, B.N., Forje, G.W., Awazi, N.P., Kaam, R., Nguefack, A.J., Tatang, M., Atoupka, A.M., Gansonkeng, Z.J.C., Tabue, M.R.B., Inimbock, S.L. and Zapfack, L. (2021) Indigenous knowledge of bamboo products and uses in the western highlands of Cameroon. Asian Journal of Research in Agriculture and Forestry 7 (2): 22–30.

CIFOR (2008) Non-timber forest products. Center for International Forestry Research (CIFOR), retrieved from: https://www2.cifor.org/ntfpcd/. Accessed August 20 , 2021.

Diaz-Chavez, R., Mortensen, S. and Wikman, A. (2019) Bioeconomy: tapping natural and human resources to achieve sustainability. Stockholm: Stockholm Environment Institute. Eyebe J.-P., Awono A., Ingram V. and Schure J. (2010) Bush mango in Cameroon. CIFOR-ICRAF. https://www.cifor.org/publications/pdf_files/brochures/4640-brochure.pdf.

Fischer, K., Stenius, T. and Holmgren, S. (2020) Swedish forests in the bioeconomy: stories from the national forest program. Society and Natural Resources 33: 896–913.

Forje, G.W., Tchamba, M., Nfornkah, B.N., Chimi, C.D. and Fokeng, R.M. (2019) Bush mango (Irvingia spp.) as an important alternative livelihood source for the indigenes of the Korup national park communities, South West Cameroon. Environmental and Earth Sciences Research Journal 6 (4): 141–148.

Ganmadje, C. , Trinh, T.L. and Ehabe, E. (2018) Rattan value chains in Cameroon. International Bamboo and Rattan Organization (INBAR), pp. 10.

Global Bioeconomy Summit (2015) Communique of the Global Bioeconomy Summit 2015 – making bioeconomy work for sustainable development. Berlin.

International Monetary Fund, IMF (2020) Regional economic outlook, sub-Saharan Africa. COVID-19: an unprecedented threat to development. International Monetary Fund, Washington DC.

Ingram, V. , Schure, J. , Tieguhong, J.C. , Ndoye, O. , Awono, A. and Iponga, D.M. (2014) Gender implications of forest product value chains in the Congo Basin. Forests, Trees and Livelihoods 23(1–2):67–86.

Ingram, V. and Tieguhong, J.C. (2012) Bars to jars: bamboo value chains in Cameroon. AMBIO 42 (3): 320–333.

Ingram, V., Tieguhong, C.J., Nkamgnia, M.E., Eyebe, P.J. and Ngawe, M. (2010a). The bamboo production to consumption system in Cameroon. Working Paper 50. CIFOR, Bogor. Ingram, V., Awono, A., Schure, J. and Mala, W. (2010b) Small and medium-size enterprises in the Non-Timber Forest Sector in Cameroon: Instruments in poverty alleviation, improving food security, and the promotion of economic growth and employment. CIFOR, Bogor.

Institut de Recherche Agricole pour le Développement (I.R.A.D.) (2005) Zones Agroécologiques. Centres, Stations et Antennes.

International Bamboo and Rattan Organization – INBAR (2020) Bamboo, rattan and sustainable development. Bamboo and Rattan Update 1(1): 1–16.

Kidmo, D.K. , Deli, K. and Bogno, B. (2021) Status of renewable energy in Cameroon. Renewable Energy and Environmental Sustainability. 6(2): 11p.

Kimengsi, J.N., Owusu, R. and Balgah, R.A. (2022a) Nexus approach and environmental resource governance in Sub-Saharan Africa: a systematic review. Sustainability Science 17: 1091–1108.

Kimengsi, J.N., Owusu, R., Djenontin, I.N.S., Pretzsch, J., Giessen, L., Buchenrieder, G., Pouliot, M. and Acosta, A.N. (2022b) What do we (not) know on forest management institutions in sub-Saharan Africa? A regional comparative review. Land Use Policy 114: 105931.

Kimengsi, J.N., Mukong, A.K., Giessen, L. and Pretzsch, J. (2022c) Institutional dynamics and forest use practices in the Santchou Landscape of Cameroon. Environmental Science and Policy 128: 68–80.

Kimengsi, J.N. and Balgah, R.A. (2021) Colonial hangover and institutional bricolage processes in forest use practices in Cameroon. Forest Policy and Economics 125: 102406.

Kimengsi, J.N., Mukong, A.K. and Balgah, R.A. (2020) Livelihood diversification and household well-being: Insights and policy implications for forest-based communities in Cameroon. Society and Natural Resources 33 (5): 1–21.

Lambi, C.M., Kimengsi, J.N., Kometa, C.G. and Sunjo, E.T. (2012) The management and challenges of protected areas and the sustenance of local livelihoods in Cameroon. Environment and Natural Resources Research 2 (3): 10–18.

Kröger, M. and Raitio, K. (2020) Finnish Forest Policy in the Era of Bioeconomy: a pathway to sustainability? Forest Policy and Economics 77: 6–15.

Nerfa, L. , Rhemtulla, J.M. and Zerriffi, H. (2020a) Forest dependence is more than forest income: Development of a new index of forest product collection and livelihood resources. World Development 125: 104689.

Nfornkah, B.N. , Chimi, C.D. , Forje, G.W. and Kaam, R. (2020b) Bamboo Policy Integration Analysis Cameroon. INBAR Working Paper: Policy Brief.

Nfornkah, B.N., Enongene, K., Kaam, R., Tanougong, A.D., Chimi, C.D., Forje, G.W. and Awazi, N.P. (2021c) Growth potential and sustainability of economically important rattan species in agro-ecological zones of Cameroon. INBAR Working Paper.

Nfornkah, B.N., Kaam, R., Tchamba, M., Zapfack, L., Chimi, C.D. and Tanougong, A.T. (2020c) Assessing the spatial distribution of bamboo species using remote sensing in Cameroon. Journal of Ecology and The Natural Environment 12 (4):172–183.

Nfornkah, B.N., Kaam, R., Tchamba, M., Zapfack, L., Chimi, D.C., Forje, G.W., Tanougong, A.D., Tsewoue, M.R., Atchombou, J.B., Tientcheu, L., Tchoutezou, Z.G.H., Kede, Y. and Djeukam, S.V. (2021a) Culm allometry and carbon storage capacity of Bambusa vulgaris Schrad. ex J.C. WendL. in the tropical evergreen rain forest of Cameroon. Journal of Sustainable Forestry 40 (6): 622–638.

Nfornkah, B.N., Kaam, R., Zapfack, L., Tchamba, M. and Chimi, C.D. (2020a) Bamboo diversity and carbon stocks of dominant species in different agro-ecological zones in Cameroon. African Journal of Environmental Science and Technology 14 (10): 290–300.

Nfornkah, B.N., Kaam, R., Zapfack, L., Tchamba, M., Chimi, C.D., Forje, G.W., Tanougong, A.N.D., Tsewoue, M.R., Nguefack, J.A., Gansonkeng, Z.J.C. and Okala, S. (2021b) Spatial distribution and carbon storage of a native bamboo species in the high Guinea savannah of Cameroon: *Oxytenanthera abyssinica* (A. Rich.) Munro. International Journal of Environmental Studies 78 (3): 504–516.

Nfornkah, B.N., Tchamba, M., Chimi, C.D., Forje, G.W. and Mairong, F. (2018) Indigenous knowledge on *Irvingia gabonensis* (bush mango) sustainability in the Takamanda National Park (TNP) communities, South West Cameroon. Forests, Trees and Livelihoods 27 (4): 257–263. Njieassam, E.E. (2019) An analysis of environmental impacts of timber exploitation on indigenous communities' land in Cameroon. In Kameri-Mbote, P., Peterson, A., Ruppel, O.C., Orubebe, B.B. and Kam Yogo, E.D. (Eds.) Recht und Verfassung in Afrika – Law, Environment, Africa 32: 697–724.

Oldekop, J.A., Rasmussen, L.V., Agrawal, A., Bebbington A.J., Meyfroidt, P., Bengston, D.N., Blackman, A., Brooks, S., Davidson-Hunt, I., Davies, P., Dinsi, S.C., Fontana, L.B., Gumucio, T., Kumar, C., Kumar, K., Moran, D., Mwampamba, T.H., Nasi, R., Nilsson, M., Pinedo-Vasquez, M.A., Rhemtulla, J.M., Sutherland, W.J., Watkins, C. and Wilson, S.J.

(2020) Forest-linked livelihoods in a globalised world. Nature Plants 6: 1400–1407. Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forestbased bioeconomy. Forests 12: 1673.

Pradhan, P., Costa, L., Rybski, D., Lucht, W. and Kropp, J.P. (2017) A systematic study of Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) interactions. Earth's Future 5 (11): 1169–1179. Pullanikkatil, D. and Shackleton, C.M. (2019) Poverty reduction through non-timber forest products: personal stories. Sustainable Development Goals Series, Springer Nature, Cham. Rosa, S.F.P. and Martius, C. (2021) Forest-based bioeconomy in sub-Saharan Africa: looking at benefits, barriers and burdens from a social sustainability standpoint. Occasional Paper 219. Bogor, CIFOR.

Shidiki, A., Zanguim, T. and Tchamba, N. (2021) Governance of non-timber forest products (NTFPS) Djansang (Ricinodendron heudelotii) and Wild mango (Irvingia gabonensis) and its influence on the livelihood of rural communities of Yokadouma in the east region of Cameroon. Open Journal of Forestry 11: 153–170.

United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (2021) The global forest goals report 2021. United Nations Forum on Forests Secretariat, New York.

UNEP-WCMC (2020). Country overview to aid implementation of the European Union Timber Regulation (EUTR), pp 13.

United Nations. (2015). The millennium development goals report. New York: Author. Available at: http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/2015MDG_Report/pdf/ (Accessed 18. 06.2016). World Bank (2021). Cameroon country report.

https://www.worldbank.org/en/country/cameroon/overview#1.

Word Bank (2004). Sustaining forests: a development strategy. The World Bank, Washington DC.

An operational transition pathway to a forest-based bioeconomy: lessons from the wild-simulated ginseng industry

Ahn, J.T. (2020) Forest Medicinal Materials Bank to lead the bioeconomy era, Media Today. Available at: http://www.mediatoday.asia/206732 (Accessed: 8 September 2021).

Bae, K., Kim, E., Choi, J.J., Kim, M.K., and Yoo, H.S. (2018) The effectiveness of anti-cancer traditional Korean medicine treatment on the survival in patients with lung, breast, gastric, colorectal, hepatic, uterine, or ovarian cancer: A prospective cohort study protocol. Medicine 97 (41): e12444.

Biernat, K. (2019) Introductory Chapter: Objectives and Scope of Bioeconomy. In: Biernat, K. (Ed.)Elements of bioeconomy, Warsaw: IntechOpen, pp.1–12.

Cadman, T. (2009) Quality, legitimacy and global governance: a comparative analysis of four forest institutions.Doctoral dissertation. University of Tasmania, Tasmania.

Carroll, C. and Apsley, D. (2004) Growing American ginseng in Ohio: an introduction. Athens, Ohio State University extension fact sheet, F-56–04.

Choi, Y. (2007) 2020 Vision and strategy of bioindustry. Sejong, Korea Institute for Industrial Economics & Trade, p. 1. Available at:

https://www.bioin.or.kr/InnoDS/data/upload/industry/1436488215617.pdf (Accessed: 26 October 2021)

Coyle, G. (2004) Practical strategy: structured tools and techniques. Harlow: Prentice Hall. Duchesne, L.C. and Wetzel, S. (2003) The bioeconomy and the forestry sector: changing markets and new opportunities. The Forestry Chronicle 79 (5): 860–864.

Government of the Republic of Korea (2020) Korean new deal: national strategy for a great transformation. Ministry of Economy and Finance, Sejong, Available at:

https://english.moef.go.kr/pc/selectTbPressCenterDtl.do?boardCd=N0001&seq=4948 (Accessed: 8 September 2021).

Han, Y.J., Kwon, K.R., Cha, B.C. and Kwon, O. (2007) Component analysis of cultivated ginseng, cultivated wild ginseng, and natural wild ginseng by structural parts using HPLC method. Journal of Korean Institute of Herbal Acupuncture 10 (1): 37–53.

Hu, J., Jiao, J., Wang, Y., Gao, M., Lu, Z., Yang, F., Hu, C., Song, Z., Chen, Y. and Wang, Z. (2019) Effect of extract from ginseng rust rot on the inhibition of human hepatocellular carcinoma cells in vitro. Micron 124: 102710.

Integration of Relevant Ministries (2017) The Third Basic Plan for Biotechnology Support 2025. Ministry of Science and ICT, Sejong, Available at:

https://www.bioin.or.kr/InnoDS/data/upload/policy_rep/03236cde53204f958616e167fe6662c1.p df (Accessed: 26 October 2021).

Kim, K., Um, Y., Jeong, D.H., Kim, H.J., Kim, M.J. and Jeon, K.S. (2019) The correlation between growth characteristics and location environment of wild-simulated ginseng (Panax ginseng CA Meyer). Korean Journal of Plant Resources 32 (5): 463–470.

Korea Forestry Promotion Institute (2017) Establishment of standards for high added value and differentiation of functional efficacy of wild simulated ginseng industry. Seoul.

Korea Forest Service (2011) Distribution analysis and feasibility study of purchasing system of wild-simulated ginseng industry. Daejeon.

Korea Forest Service (2017) Establishment of standards for high added value and differentiation of functional efficacy of wild-simulated ginseng industry. Daejeon.

Korea Forest Service (2020a) A study on strategy for developing wild simulated ginseng industry linking with local development. Daejeon.

Korea Forest Service (2020b) Statistical yearbook of forestry (Issue 50). Daejeon, pp. 7–448. Available at:

https://www.forest.go.kr/kfsweb/cop/bbs/selectBoardArticle.do;jsessionid=hZmOYME7fg1XsaD C461GYQpvX0SxgufekCHJBFI4CgxQpIIkVSaicUN8LldQnOMr.frswas02_servlet_engine5?nttld =3150759&bbsId=BBSMSTR_1064&pageIndex=1&pageUnit=10&searchtitle=title&searchcont= &searc (Accessed: 26 October 2021).

Korea Forest Service (2020c) 2019 KFS statistics on export and import of forest products. Daejeon, Available at:

https://www.forest.go.kr/kfsweb/kfi/kfs/cms/cmsView.do?cmsId=FC_003000&mn=NKFS_04_05_03 (Accessed: 26 October 2021).

Korea Forest Service (2020d) 2019 KFS statistics on production of forest products. Daejeon, Available at:

https://www.forest.go.kr/kfsweb/kfi/kfs/cms/cmsView.do?mn=NKFS_04_05_02&cmsId=FC_000 076 (Accessed: 26 October 2021).

Korea Forestry Promotion Institute (2021) Wood-cultivated ginseng Information Service System. Seoul, Available at: https://sam.kofpi.or.kr/front/prstus/wcgsPsstus.do (Accessed: 26 October 2021).

Korea Legislation Research Institute (2019) Korea Law Translation Center, Sejong, Available at: https://elaw.klri.re.kr/eng_service/main.do (Accessed: 26 October 2021).

Kwon, S.D., Kang, J.H., Yoon, J.H. and Moon, H.S. (2011) An analysis on site, soil and cultivation characteristics of Korean mountain cultivated ginseng (Panax ginseng) field. Journal of Agricultural & Life Science 45 (6): 81–88.

Lee, D.-S. (2010) Weather characteristic and growth of a forest ginseng cultivation site. Journal of Korean Society of Forest Science 99 (6): 863–870.

Lee, G. , Choi, G.S. , Lee, J.Y. , Yun, S.J. , Kim, W. , Lee, H. , Baik, M.Y. and Hwang, J.K. (2017) Proximate Analysis and Antioxidant Activity of Cultivated Wild Panax ginseng. Food Engineering Progress 21 (3): 208–214.

Ministry of Food and Drug Safety (2021) Health and functional food production status. Chengju, Available at:

https://www.index.go.kr/potal/stts/idxMain/selectPoSttsIdxMainPrint.do?idx_cd=3051&board_cd =INDX_001 (Accessed: 8 September 2021).

Mollah, M.L., Kim, G.S., Moon, H.K., Chung, S.K., Cheon, Y.P., Kim, J.K., and Kim, K.S. (2009) Antiobesity effects of wild ginseng (Panax ginseng CA Meyer) mediated by PPARy, GLUT4 and LPL in ob/ob mice. Phytotherapy Research 23 (2): 220–225.

National Institute of Forest Science (2019) The 2nd mid to long term plan of forest technology development (2018–2027), Revised version. Seoul, Available at:

https://books.google.co.kr/books?id=B2oezAEACAAJ (Accessed: 26 October 2021).

Park, H.J., Kim, D.H., Park, S.J., Kim, J.M. and Ryu, J.H. (2012) Ginseng in traditional herbal prescriptions. Journal of Ginseng Research 36 (3): 225–241.

Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forestbased bioeconomy. Forests 12 (12): 1673.

Riff, D. , Lacy, S. and Fico, F. (2005) Analysing media messages: using quantitative content analysis in research. 2nd ed. Mahwah: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.

Shin, S. , Park, M.S. , Lee, H. , Lee, S. , Lee, H. , Kim, T. and Kim, H.J. (2021) Global trends in research on wild-simulated ginseng: quo vadis? Forests 12 (6): 664.

Statista (2018) Health and wellness food market value worldwide from 2016 to 2021 (in billion U.S. dollars), Statista. Hamburg, Available at: https://www.statista.com/statistics/502267/global-health-and-wellness-food-market-value/ (Accessed: 8 September 2021).

Suh, H. , Seo, S.M. , Woo, S.Y. and Lee, D.S. (2011) Forest cultivated ginseng in Korea: All cure medicinal plants. Journal of Medicinal Plants Research 5 (22): 5331–5336.

The Korean Society of Wild Ginseng (2005) A study on the development suggestions in Mountain Ginseng (Panax ginseng C.A. Meyer) Industry. Forest Service: Daejeon.

Wood-cultivated ginseng Information Service System (2021) Current status of wild-simulated ginseng cultivation. Korea Forestry Promotion Institute, Seoul, Available at:

https://sam.kofpi.or.kr/front/prstus/wcgsPsstus.do (Accessed: 26 October 2021).

Wolfslehner, B., Linser, S., Pülzl, H., Bastrup-Birk, A., Camia, A. and Marchetti, M. (2016) Forest bioeconomy – a new scope for sustainability indicators. From Science To Policy 4. Joensuu, European Forest Institute.

Yang, B.W., Lee, J.B., Lee, J.M., Jo, M.S., Byun, J.K., Kim, H.C. and Ko, S.K. (2019) The comparison of seasonal ginsenoside composition contents in Korean wild simulated ginseng (Panax ginseng) which were cultivated in different areas and various ages. Natural Product Sciences 25 (1): 1–10.

Zhang, J.-Y., Sun, H.-J., Song, I.-J., Bae, T.-W., Kang, H.-G., Ko, S.-M., Kwon, Y.-I., Kim, I.-W., Lee, J. and Park, S.-Y. (2014) Plant regeneration of Korean wild ginseng (Panax ginseng Meyer) mutant lines induced by γ-irradiation (60Co) of adventitious roots. Journal of Ginseng Research 38 (3): 220–225.

The potential of non-timber forest products to contribute to the bioeconomy transition: the example of baobab (Adansonia digitata L.) in Malawi

Abdus-Salam, N. and Adekola, S.K. (2018) Adsorption studies of zinc(II) on magnetite, baobab (*Adansonia digitata*) and magnetite-baobab composite. Applied Water Science 8 (8): 222. Aitzetmüller, K. (1996) Intended use of Malvales seed oils in novel food formulations – A warning. Journal of the American Oil Chemists' Society 73 (12): 1737–1738. Alba K., Offiah V., Laws A.P., Falade K.O. and Kontogiorgos, V. (2020) Baobab polysaccharides from fruits and leaves. Food Hydrocolloids 106: 105874. Al-Juhaimi, F., Babtain, I.A., Mohamed Ahmed, I.A., Alsawmahi, O.N., Ghafoor, K., Adiamo, O.Q. and Babiker, E.E. (2020) Assessment of oxidative stability and physicochemical, microbiological, and sensory properties of beef patties formulated with baobab seed (*Adansonia digitata*) extract. Meat Science 162: 108044.

Amosi, N. (2018) Value chain analysis of baobab products for improved marketing and sustainability of their trade in Malawi. MSc thesis. Mzuzu University. Mzuzu.

Aworh, O.C. (2018) From lesser-known to super vegetables: the growing profile of African traditional leafy vegetables in promoting food security and wellness. Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture 98 (10): 3609–3613.

Beer, J.H. de and MacDermott, M.J. (Eds.) (1996) The economic value of non-timber forest products in Southeast Asia. Amsterdam: Netherlands Committee for IUCN.

Chadare, F.J., Linnemann, A.R., Hounhouigan, J.D., Nout, M.J. and van Boekel, M.A. (2008) Baobab food products: A review on their composition and nutritional value. Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition 49 (3): 254–274.

Chagunda, M.F., Kamunda, C., Mlatho, J., Mikeka, C. and Palamuleni, L. (2017) Performance assessment of an improved cook stove (Esperanza) in a typical domestic setting: implications for energy saving. Energy, Sustainability and Society 7 (1): 19.

Chirwa, M. , Meke, G. , Chilima, C. , Mbingwani, E. and Dohse, C. (2014) Population structures and distribution of Adansonia digitata in Malawi. Zomba, Malawi: Forestry Research Institute of Malawi.

Darr, D. , Chopi-Msadala, C. , Namakhwa, C.D. , Meinhold, K. and Munthali, C.R. (2020) Processed baobab (*Adansonia digitata* L.) food products in Malawi: from poor men's to premium-priced specialty food? Forests 11 (6): 698.

Dohse, C. (2014) An assessment of socio-economic impacts resulting from trade with baobab products in Malawi. Lilongwe: PhytoTrade Africa.

Eräjää, S. (2015) Cascading use of biomass: opportunities and obstacles in EU policies: Policy briefing by BirdLife Europe and the European Environmental Bureau. BirdLife and European Environmental Bureau.

European Commission (2012) Innovating for sustainable growth: A bioeconomy for Europe. Luxembourg: Publ. Off. of the Europ. Union.

FAO (1988) Traditional food plants: A resource book for promoting the exploitation and consumption of food plants in arid, semi-arid and sub-humid lands of Eastern Africa. Rome: FAO.

Gangata, B.A. (2020) Strategy, business models and performance of baobab processing enterprises in Malawi. MSc thesis: Mzuzu University. Mzuzu.

GBS (2018) Communiqué Global Bioeconomy Summit 2018: Innovation in the Global Bioeconomy for Sustainable and Inclusive Transformation and Wellbeing. Berlin: Global Bioeconomy Summit.

Gebauer, J., Adam, Y.O., Sanchez, A.C., Darr, D., Eltahir, M.E., et al. (2016) Africa's wooden elephant: the baobab tree (*Adansonia digitata* L.) in Sudan and Kenya: a review. Genetic Resources and Crop Evolution 63 (3): 377–399.

Gebauer, J., Assem, A., Busch, E., Hardtmann, S., Möckel, D. et al. (2014) Der Baobab (*Adansonia digitata* L.): Wildobst aus Afrika für Deutschland und Europa?! Erwerbs-Obstbau 56 (1): 9–24.

Gruenwald, J. (2009) Novel botanical ingredients for beverages. Clinics in Dermatology 27 (2): 210–216.

Hansohm, N. , Jansen, L. , Mandala, K. , Kandiado, P. , Meinhold, K. et al. (2020) Instruction manual of baobab cultivation – based on experiences in Mangochi, Malawi. Kleve: Hochschule Rhein-Waal.

Ismail, B.B., Guo, M., Pu, Y., Wang, W., Ye, X. and Liu, D. (2019a) Valorisation of baobab (Adansonia digitata) seeds by ultrasound assisted extraction of polyphenolics. Optimisation and comparison with conventional methods. Ultrasonics Sonochemistry 52: 257–267.

Ismail, B.B., Pu, Y., Fan, L., Dandago, M.A., Guo, M. and Liu, D. (2019b) Characterizing the phenolic constituents of baobab (*Adansonia digitata*) fruit shell by LC-MS/QTOF and their in vitro biological activities. Science of the Total Environment 694: 133387.

Issa, I., Delbrück, S. and Hamm, U. (2019) Bioeconomy from experts' perspectives – Results of a global expert survey. PloS one 14 (5): e0215917.

Jäckering, L., Fischer, S. and Kehlenbeck, K. (2019) A value chain analysis of baobab (*Adansonia digitata* L.) products in Eastern and Coastal Kenya. Journal of Agriculture and Rural Development in the Tropics and Subtropics 120 (1): 91–104.

Jansen, L., Darr, D., Hansohm, N., Gebauer, J., Meinhold, K., Munthali, C.R. and Wichern, F. (2020) Variation in baobab (*Adansonia digitata* L.) root tuber development and leaf number among different growth conditions for five provenances in Malawi. Journal of Agriculture and Rural Development in the Tropics and Subtropics 121 (2): 161–172.

Jarre, M., Petit-Boix, A., Priefer, C., Meyer, R. and Leipold, S. (2020) Transforming the biobased sector towards a circular economy – What can we learn from wood cascading? Forest Policy and Economics 110: 101872.

Kabbashi, N. , Mirghani, M. , Alam, M. , Qudsieh, Y. and Bello, I. (2017) Characterization of the baobab fruit shells as adsorption material. International Food Research Journal 24(Suppl.): S472–S474.

Kamanula, M., Munthali, C.R., Dziwapo, A. and Kamanula, J.F. (2018) Mineral and phytochemical composition of baobab (*Adansonia digitata* L.) root tubers from selected natural populations of Malawi. Malawi Medical Journal 30 (4): 250–255.

Kamatou, G., Vermaak, I. and Viljoen, A.M. (2011) An updated review of *Adansonia digitata*: A commercially important African tree. South African Journal of Botany 77 (4): 908–919.

Kayode, R.M., Azubuike, C.U., Laba, S.A., Dauda, A.O., Balogun, M.A. and Ajala, S.A. (2018) Chemical composition and anti-microbial activities of the essential oil of Adansonia digitata stem-bark and leaf on post-harvest control of tomato spoilage. LWT 93: 58–63.

Krishnappa, K., Elumalai, K., Dhanasekaran, S. and Gokulakrishnan, J. (2012) Larvicidal and repellent properties of *Adansonia digitata* against medically important human malarial vector mosquito *Anopheles stephensi* (diptera: culicidae). Journal of Vector Borne Diseases 49 (2): 86–90.

Kruger, S. and El Mohamadi, A. (2020) Abiosa sector development plans: Sector report – Baobab. Stellenbosch: Kruger Swart & Associates.

Kuckertz, A. (2020) Bioeconomy transformation strategies worldwide require stronger focus on entrepreneurship. Sustainability 12 (7): 2911.

Lutz, P. , Fernsebner, G. , Späth, M.A. and Mbaye, A. (2015) Baobab: the genuine nutraceutical superfruit. Nutraceuticals Now: 8–9.

Madzimure, J., Musimurimwa, C., Chivandi, E., Gwiriri, L. and Mamhare, E. (2011) Milk yield and quality in Guernsey cows fed cottonseed cake-based diets partially substituted with baobab (*Adansonia digitata* L.) seed cake. Tropical Animal Health and Production 43 (1): 77–82.

Mahonya, S., Shackleton C.M. and Schreckenberg K. (2019) Non-timber forest product use and market chains along a deforestation gradient in Southwest Malawi. Frontiers in Forests and Global Change 2: 71.

Makonese, T., Ifegbesan, A.P. and Rampedi I.T. (2018) Household cooking fuel use patterns and determinants across southern Africa: Evidence from the demographic and health survey data. Energy & Environment 29 (1): 29–48.

Meinhold, K. and Darr, D. (2019) The processing of non-timber forest products through small and medium enterprises – A review of enabling and constraining factors. Forests 10 (11): 1026. Meinhold, K. and Darr, D. (2020) Using a multi-stakeholder approach to increase value for traditional agroforestry systems: the case of baobab (*Adansonia digitata* L.) in Kilifi, Kenya. Agroforestry Systems 95 (7): 1343–1358.

Mohammed, A.A., Chen, C. and Zhu, Z. (2019) Low-cost, high-performance supercapacitor based on activated carbon electrode materials derived from baobab fruit shells. Journal of Colloid and Interface Science 538: 308–319.

Moore, M.-L., Riddell, D. and Vocisano, D. (2015) Scaling out, scaling up, scaling deep: strategies of non-profits in advancing systemic social innovation. Journal of Corporate Citizenship 2015(58): 67–84.

Mpofu, A., Linnemann, A.R., Sybesma, W., Kort, R., Nout, M.J. and Smid, E.J. (2014) Development of a locally sustainable functional food based on mutandabota, a traditional food in southern Africa. Journal of Dairy Science 97 (5): 2591–2599.

Näyhä, A. (2019) Transition in the Finnish forest-based sector: company perspectives on the bioeconomy, circular economy and sustainability. Journal of Cleaner Production 209: 1294–1306.

Oguntuase, O.J. and Adu, O.B. (2020) Bioeconomy as climate action: how ready are African countries? In: Leal Filho W., Ogugu N., Adelake L., Ayal D., and Da Silva I. (Eds.)African handbook of climate change adaptation. Cham: Springer International Publishing, pp. 1–15. Rashford, J. (2018) The use of baobab leaves (*Adansonia digitata* L.) for food in Africa: a review. Economic Botany 72 (4): 478–495.

Rosa-Schleich, J., Loos, J., Mußhoff, O. and Tscharntke, T. (2019) Ecological-economic tradeoffs of diversified farming systems – a review. Ecological Economics 160: 251–263. Sanchez, A.C. (2011) The baobab tree in Malawi. Fruits 66 (6): 405–416.

Sanchez, A.C., Osborne, P.E. and Haq, N. (2011) Climate change and the African baobab (*Adansonia digitata* L.): the need for better conservation strategies. African Journal of Ecology 49 (2): 234–245.

Scarlat, N. , Dallemand, J.-F. , Monforti-Ferrario, F. and Nita, V. (2015) The role of biomass and bioenergy in a future bioeconomy: Policies and facts. Environmental Development 15: 3–34. Scheiterle, L. , Ulmer, A. , Birner, R. and Pyka, A. (2018) From commodity-based value chains to biomass-based value webs: the case of sugarcane in Brazil's bioeconomy. Journal of Cleaner Production 172: 3851–3863.

Schuenemann, F. , Msangi, S. and Zeller, M. (2018) Policies for a sustainable biomass energy sector in Malawi: enhancing energy and food security simultaneously. World Development 103: 14–26.

Schut, A.G. and Giller, K.E. (2020) Sustainable intensification of agriculture in Africa. Frontiers of Agricultural Science and Engineering 7 (4): 371–375.

Schwister, K. and Dietzsch, B. (Eds.) (2007) Taschenbuch der Verfahrenstechnik: Mit 49 Tabellen. München: Fachbuchverl. Leipzig im Carl-Hanser-Verl.

Siró, I., Kápolna, E., Kápolna, B. and Lugasi, A. (2008) Functional food. Product development, marketing and consumer acceptance – a review. Appetite 51 (3): 456–467.

Stadlmayr, B., Charrondière, U.R., Eisenwagen, S., Jamnadass, R. and Kehlenbeck, K. (2013) Nutrient composition of selected indigenous fruits from sub-Saharan Africa. Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture 93 (11): 2627–2636.

Toth, G.G., Nair, P.R., Jacobson, M., Widyaningsih, Y. and Duffy, C.P. (2019) Malawi's energy needs and agroforestry: Impact of woodlots on fuelwood sales. Energy for Sustainable Development 50: 101–108.

Tsetegho Sokeng, A.J., Sobolev, A.P., Di Lorenzo, A., Xiao, J., Mannina, L., Capitani, D. and Daglia, M. (2019) Metabolite characterization of powdered fruits and leaves from *Adansonia digitata* L. (baobab): a multi-methodological approach. Food Chemistry 272: 93–108.

Vermaak, I., Kamatou, G., Komane-Mofokeng, B., Viljoen, A.M. and Beckett, K. (2011) African seed oils of commercial importance – cosmetic applications. South African Journal of Botany 77 (4): 920–933.

Vunain, E., Kenneth, D. and Biswick, T. (2017) Synthesis and characterization of low-cost activated carbon prepared from Malawian baobab fruit shells by H3PO4 activation for removal of Cu(II) ions: equilibrium and kinetics studies. Applied Water Science 7 (8): 4301–4319.

Wohlfahrt, J. , Ferchaud, F. , Gabrielle, B. , Godard, C. , Kurek, B. , Loyce, C. and Therond, O. (2019) Characteristics of bioeconomy systems and sustainability issues at the territorial scale. A review. Journal of Cleaner Production 232: 898–909.

World Bank (2020) World development indicators. Washington, D.C.: World Bank.

A framework supporting the transition to a forest-based bioeconomy and its application to Nepal

Adhikari, K. (2015) Perception or reality? A case study of corrupt practices in the forestry sector in Nepal. European Bulletin of Himalayan Research 46: 9–34.

Basnyat, B., Treue, T., Pokharel, R.K., Baral, S. and Rumba, Y.B. (2020) Re-centralisation through fake scientificness: the case of community forestry in Nepal. Forest Policy and Economics 115: 102147.

Brondizio, E.S., Andersson, K., Castro F. de, Futemma, C., Salk, C., Tengö, M., Londres, M., Tourne, D.C.M., Gonzalez, T.S., Molina-Garzón, A., Lopes, G.R. and Siani, S.M.O. (2021) Making place-based sustainability initiatives visible in the Brazilian Amazon. Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability 49: 66–78.

Bugge, M.M., Hansen, T. and Klitkou, A. (2016) What is the bioeconomy? A review of the literature. Sustainability 8: 691.

Caporale, F. , Mateo-Martín, J. , Usman, F. and Smith-Hall, C. (2020) Plant-based sustainable development – the expansion and anatomy of the medicinal plant secondary processing sector in Nepal. Sustainability 12 (14): 5575.

Charlery, L., Nielsen, M.R., Meilby, H. and Smith-Hall, C. (2016) The effects of new roads on environmental resource use in the Central Himalaya. Sustainability 8 (4): 363.

Collier, P. (2010) The plundered planet. London: Penguin Books.

Cunningham, A., Anoncho, V.F. and Sunderland, T. (2015) Power, policy and the *Prunus africana* bark trade, 1972–2015. Journal of Ethnopharmacology 178: 323–333.

Cunningham, A.B., Brinckmann, J.A., Schippmann, U. and Pyakurel, D. (2018). Production from both wild harvest and cultivation: the cross-border *Swertia chirayita* (Gentianaceae) trade. Journal of Ethnopharmacology 225: 42–52.

Curtis, S. and Patel, K.D. (2021) Sustainable spikenard. In Essence 19 (2): 21-24.

DFRS . (2015) State of Nepal's forests. Forest Resource Assessment (FRA) Nepal, Department of Forest Research and Survey, Kathmandu.

Dietz, T., Börner, J., Förster, J. and von Braun, J. (2018) Governance of the bioeconomy: A global comparative study of national bioeconomy strategies. Sustainability 10 (9): 3190.

Fernández-Blanco, C.R., Burns, S.L. and Giessen, L. (2019) Mapping the fragmentation of the international forest regime complex: institutional elements, conflicts and synergies. International Environmental Agreements 19: 187–205.

FRA . 2020. Global Forest Resources Assessment 2020. Rome: FAO.

Fuenfschilling, L. and Truffer, B. (2014) The structuration of socio-technical regimes –

Conceptual foundations from institutional theory. Research Policy 43: 772–791.

Geels, F.W. (2002) Technological transitions as evolutionary reconfiguration processes: a multilevel perspective and a case-study. Research Policy 31(8–9):1257–1274.

Geels, F.W. (2011) The multi-level perspective on sustainability transitions: responses to seven criticisms. Environmental Innovation and Societal Transitions 1 (1): 24–40.

Geels, F.W. and Schot, J. (2007) Typology of socio-technical transition pathways. Research Policy 36 (3): 399–417.

Georgeson, L., Maslin, M. and Poessinouw, M. (2017) The global green economy: a review of concepts, definitions, measurement methodologies and their interactions. Geo 4 (1): e00036. Gilmour, D.A. and Fisher, R.J. (1991) Villagers, forests and foresters. Kathmandu: Sahayogi Press Pvt Ltd.

GoN . 2004. Herbs and NTFPs policy. Government of Nepal, Kathmandu.

Goraya, G.S. and Ved, D.K. (2017) Medicinal plants in India: an assessment of their demand and supply. National Medicinal Plants Board, Ministry of AYUSH, New Delhi.

Hertog, W.H. and Wiersum, K. (2000) Timur (Zanthoxylum Armatum) production in Nepal. Mountain Research and Development 20 (2): 136–146.

Hinsley, A., Milner-Gulland, E.J., Cooney, R., Timoshyna, A., Ruan, X. and Lee, T.M. (2019) Building sustainability into the Belt and Road Initiative's Traditional Chinese Medicine trade. Nature Sustainability 3: 96–100.

Holmgren, S. , D'Amato, D. and Giurca, A. (2020) Bioeconomy imaginaries: a review of forest-related social science literature. Ambio 49: 1860–1877.

IACGB . (2020) Global bioeconomy policy report (iv): a decade of bioeconomy policy development around the world. Berlin: International Advisory Council on Global Bioeconomy. Johnson, C.J., Venter, O., Ray, J.C. and Watson, J.E.M. (2020) Growth-inducing infrastructure represents transformative yet ignored keystone environmental decisions. Conservation Letters 13: e12696.

Kuhn, T.S. (1962) The structure of scientific revolutions. Chicago: University of Chicago Press. Maxwell, S.L., Fuller, R.A., Brooks, T.M. and Watson, J.E.M. (2016) The ravages of guns, nets and bulldozers. Nature 536: 143–145.

Meadowcroft, J. (2011) Engaging with the politics of sustainability transitions. Environmental Innovation and Societal Transitions 1 (1): 70–75.

Meilby, H. , Smith-Hall, C. , Byg, A. , Larsen, H.O. , Nielsen, Ø.J. , Puri, L. and Rayamajhi, S. (2014) Are forest incomes sustainable? Firewood and timber extraction and productivity in community managed forests in Nepal. World Development 64: 113–124.

Olsen, C.S. (2005) Valuation of commercial central Himalayan medicinal plants. Ambio 34 (8): 607–610.

Olsen, C.S. and Helles, F. (2009) Market efficiency and benefit distribution in medicinal plant markets: empirical evidence from South Asia. International Journal of Biodiversity Science and Management 5 (2): 53–62.

Pauls, T. and Franz, M. (2013) Trading in the dark – the medicinal plants production network in Uttarakhand. Singapore Journal of Tropical Geography 34: 229–243.

Pinker, S. (2018) Enlightenment now – the case for reason, science, humanism, and progress. New York: Viking.

Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forestbased bioeconomy. Forests 12: 1673.

Pouliot, M., Pyakurel, D., and Smith-Hall, C. (2018) High altitude organic gold: the production network for Ophiocordyceps sinensis from far-western Nepal. Journal of Ethnopharmacology 218: 59–68.

Pyakurel, D., Sharma, I.B. and Smith-Hall, C. (2018) Patterns of change: the dynamics of medicinal plant trade in Far-Western Nepal. Journal of Ethnopharmacology 224: 323–334. Pyakurel, D., Smith-Hall, C., Bhattarai-Sharma, I. and Ghimire, S.K. (2019) Trade and conservation of Nepalese medicinal plants, fungi, and lichens. Economic Botany 73 (4): 505–521.

Pretzsch, J. (2014) Paradigms of tropical forestry in rural development. In: Pretzsch, J., Darr, D., Uibrig, H. and Auch, H. (Eds.) Forests and rural development. London: Springer, pp. 7–49. Radelet, S. (2015) The great surge: the ascent of the developing world. New York: Simon & Schuster.

Rotmans, J. (2005) Societal innovation: between dream and reality lies complexity. DRIFT Research Working Paper, University of Maastricht, Maastricht.

Rotmans, J., Kemp, R. and van Asselt, M. (2001) More evolution than revolution: transition management in public policy. Foresight 3: 15–31.

RSA . (2013) The bio-economy strategy. Republic of South Africa Department of Science and Technology.

Smith-Hall, C., Pouliot, M., Pyakurel, D., Fold, N., Chapagain, A., Ghimire, S., Meilby, H., Kmoch, L., Chapagain, D.J., Das, A., Jun, H., Nepal, K., Poudeyal, M.R., Kafle, G. and Larsen, H.O. (2018) Data collection instruments and procedures for investigating national-level trade in medicinal and aromatic plants. IFRO Documentation 2018/2. University of Copenhagen, Department of Food and Resource Economics, Copenhagen.

Smith-Hall, C. , Chapagain, A. , Das, A.K. , Ghimire, S.K. , Pyakurel, D. , Treue, T. and Pouliot, M. (2020) Trade and conservation of medicinal and aromatic plants – an annotated bibliography for Nepal. Kathmandu: Sopan Press.

Stainton, J.D.A. (1972) Forests of Nepal. London: John Murray.

Stewart, K.M. and Cole, D. (2005) The commercial harvest of devil's claw (*Harpagophytum* spp.) in southern Africa: The devil's in the details. Journal of Ethnopharmacology 100 (3): 225–236.

Ticktin, T., Mondragón, D., Lopez-Toledo, L., Dutra-Elliott, D., Aguirre-León, E. and Hernández-Apolinar, M. (2020) Synthesis of wild orchid trade and demography provides new insight on conservation strategies. Conservation Letters 13: e12697.

Turnheim, B., Berkhout, F., Geels, F.W., Hof, A., McMeekin, A., Nykvist, B. and Vuuren, D.P. van (2015) Evaluating sustainability transitions pathways: bridging analytical approaches to address governance challenges. Global Environmental Change 35: 239–253.

UN (2011) Nagoya protocol on access to genetic resources and the fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from their utilisation to the convention on biological diversity: text and annex. Quebec: United Nations Environmental Programme.

World Bank. (2022) World Bank national accounts data – Nepal. World Bank, Washington DC, https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/NY.GNP.PCAP.CD?locations=NP, accessed 8 January 2022.

Živojinović, I., Nedeljković, J., Stojanovski, V., Japelj, A., Nonić, D., Weiss, G. and Ludvig, A. (2017) Non-timber forest products in transition economies: innovation cases in selected SEE countries. Forest Policy and Economics 81: 18–29.

A national-level approach to integrating non-timber forest products and the bioeconomy: the example of Argentina

Ahenkan, A. and Boon, E. (2010) Assessing the impact of forest policies and strategies on promoting the development of non-timber forest products in Ghana. Journal of Biodiversity 1: 85–102.

Boeri, P.A. and Sharry, S. (2019) Bioeconomía: un nuevo paradigma para el uso sustentable de la biodiversidad. In Burger, C., Sharry, S., Crippa, J., Ferlin D'Ambroso, M. and Lima, L. (Eds.) Liber Amicorum: Homenaje a la Profesora Teodora Zamudio. Tomo I. pp. 241–255. Boeri, P. A., Piñuel, M. L., López Dumrauf, I., Dalzotto, D., Sabanes, I., & Sharry, S. (2018) Biotechnology and bio-prospection of native species from Monte desert Patagonia, as strategies for the development of regional bioeconomy. Proceedings of the Fifth International Conference of the IUFRO Unit 2.09.02, on "Clonal trees in the bioeconomy age: opportunities and challenges". Coimbra, Portugal. https://rid.unrn.edu.ar/bitstream/20.500.12049/5001/3/20902-coimbra18-199-204.pdf.

Bugge, M.M. , Hansen, T. and Klitkou, A. (2016) What is the bioeconomy? A review of the literature. Sustainability 8: 691.

CIECTI (Centro Interdisciplinario de Estudios en Ciencia, Tecnología e Innovación) (2020) Una base de datos georreferenciados para estimar el potencial de la bioeconomía en el territorio argentino (Mapa del potencial bioeconómico de Argentina). http://www.ciecti.org.ar/una-base-de-datos-georreferenciados-para-estimar-el-potencial-de-la-bioeconomia-en-el-territorio-argentino-mapa-del-potencial-bioeconomico-de-argentina/ (Accessed on 03.12.2021).

Coremberg, A. (2019) Medición de la cadena de valor de la bioeconomía en Argentina: hacia una cuenta satélite. Secretary of Agroindustry, Ministry of Production and Labor. Buenos Aires. https://www.magyp.gob.ar/sitio/areas/bioeconomia/_archivos//Medicion_de_la_Bioeconomia201 8.pdf.

Desmarchelier, C. (2020) Un lugar donde biodiversidad y economía caminan de la mano. BioEconomía. Buenos Aires, Argentina, https://www.bioeconomia.info/2020/05/22/un-lugardonde-biodiversidad-y-economia-caminan-de-la-mano/.

FAO . (1999) FAO Forestry – Towards a harmonised definition of non-wood forest products. Unasylva 198 (50): 63–64.

Fritsche, U., Brunori, G., Chiaramonti, D., Galanakis, C., Hellweg, S., Matthews, R. and Panoutsou, C. (2020) Future transitions for the bioeconomy towards sustainable development and a climate-neutral economy – knowledge synthesis final report. Publications Office of the European Union, Luxembourg.

Gottinger, A. , Ladu, L. and Quitzow, R. (2020) Studying the transition towards a circular bioeconomy – a systematic literature review on transition studies and existing barriers. Sustainability 12: 8990.

Lachman, J., Bisang, R., de Obschatko, E.S. and Trigo, E. (2020) Bioeconomía: una estrategia de desarrollo para la Argentina del siglo XXI. Instituto Interamericano de Cooperación para la Agricultura (IICA). Buenos Aires, Argentina. https://repositorio.iica.int/handle/11324/12478.

MAyDS (Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development of Argentina) . (2021) Productos forestales no madereros. Buenos Aires.

https://www.argentina.gob.ar/ambiente/bosques/productos-forestales-no-madereros. MAyDS (Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development of Argentina) . (2020) Monitoreo de la superficie de bosque nativo de la República Argentina. Buenos Aires. https://redaf.org.ar/wp-content/uploads/downloads/2021/06/1.Informe-de-monitoreo-2019-Tomo-I.pdf.

MAyDS (Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development of Argentina). (2021) Proyecto USUBI. Buenos Aires. https://www.argentina.gob.ar/ambiente/biodiversidad/usubi.

MAGyP (Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Fishery of Argentina). (2017) Bioeconomía Argentina: visión desde agroindustria. Buenos Aires

https://www.argentina.gob.ar/agricultura/bioeconomia.

MAGyP (Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Fishery of Argentina). (2019) Plan estratégico forestal y foresto-industrial 2030. Programa de Sustentabilidad y Competitividad Forestal. Buenos Aires. https://www.magyp.gob.ar/sitio/areas/sycf/publicacion-forestales-11-diciembre-2019.pdf.

MAGyP (Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Fishery of Argentina). (2021) Bioeconomia. https://www.argentina.gob.ar/agricultura/bioeconomia.

Mahonya, S. , Shackleton, C.M. and Schreckenberg, K. (2019) Non-timber forest product use and market chains along a deforestation gradient in Southwest Malawi. Frontiers in Forests and Global Change 2: 71. doi:10.3389/ffgc.2019.00071.

Ministry of Economy – ME. (2021) ForestAr 2030.

https://www.argentina.gob.ar/superintendencia-de-seguros/seguro-verde/arbol-bosque/forestar-2030.

Ministry of Justice and Human Rights – MJyDH. (2007). National law N 26331: minimum budgets for environmental protection of native forests.

http://servicios.infoleg.gob.ar/infolegInternet/anexos/135000-139999/136125/norma.htm. Murillo, C. and Arias, R.A. (2008) Biocomercio: una alternativa para el desarrollo sostenible. Ciencias Económicas 26 (1): 73–90. Buenos Aires.

Pagliani, M. (2020) Sustainable agroforestry value chains to support forest and landscape restoration in Sao Tome and Principe. FAO, Rome.

Project Implementation Reporting (2021) GEF PIR – 4829 – Mainstreaming sustainable use of biodiversity in production practices of small producers to protect the biodiversity of high value conservation forests in the Atlantic Forest, Yungas and Chaco. Global Environment Facility, Argentina.

Rodríguez, A., Rodrígues, M. and Sotomayor O. (2019) Hacia una bioeconomía sostenible en América Latina y el Caribe: elementos para una visión regional. Serie Recursos Naturales y Desarrollo, N° 191 (LC/TS.2019/25), Santiago, Comisión Económica para América Latina y el Caribe (CEPAL).

Ruiz Perez, M. (1997) Non-timber forest products in Latin America: an overview. In: Crafter, S.A., Awimbo, J. and Broekhoven, A.J. (Eds.) Non-timber forest products: value, use and management issues in Africa, including examples from Latin America. pp.113–118. Center for International Forestry Research (CIFOR) Publications. Jawa Barat, Indonesia.

SAyDS (Secretary of Environment and Sustainable Development) (2019) Nivel de referencia de emisiones forestales de la República Argentina. ONU-REDD Program.

https://redd.unfccc.int/files/2019_submission_frel_argentina.pdf.

Sorrenti, S. (2017) Non-wood forest products in international statistical systems. Non-wood Forest Products Series no. 22. Rome, FAO.

Timmermans, K. (2001) TRIPS, CBD and traditional medicines: concepts and questions. report of an ASEAN workshop on the TRIPS agreement and traditional medicine. World Health Organization Publication. Available at: http://apps.who.int/medicinedocs/en/d/Jh2996e/1.html (Accessed on 16.11.21).

Trigo, E., Regunaga, M., Costa, R., Wierny, M. and Coremberg, A. (2015) La bioeconomía argentina: alcances, situación actual y oportunidades para el desarrollo sustentable. Bolsa de Cereales de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires. https://grupobioeconomia.org.ar/wp-content/uploads/2017/02/La Bioeconomia Argentina -

Alcances situacion actual y oportunidades.pdf.

Trigo, E., Morales, E.V., Grassi, L., Losada, J., Dellisanti, J.P., Molinari, M.E., Murmis, M.R. and Almada, M. (2017) Bioeconomía Argentina: visión desde agroindustria. Ministerio de

Agroindustria de la República Argentina, Buenos Aires. Available at

(http://www.agroindustria.gob.ar/sitio/areas/bioeconomia/_archivos//000000_Bioeconomia%20A rgentina.pdf)

World Bank Report. (2021) The World Bank in Argentina. New York,

https://www.worldbank.org/en/country/argentina/overview.

Forest management for sustainable sourcing of non-timber forest products in a bioeconomy

Aussenac, G. (2000) Interactions between forest stands and microclimate: ecophysiological aspects and consequences for silviculture. Annals of Forest Science 57 (3): 287–301. Azevedo-Ramos, C., de Carvalho, O. and do Amaral, B.D. (2006) Short-term effects of reduced-impact logging on eastern Amazon fauna. Forest Ecology and Management 232 (1): 26–35.

Baskent, E.Z., Keles, S. and Yolasigmaz, H.A. (2008) Comparing multi-purpose forest management with timber management, incorporating timber, carbon and oxygen values: a case study. Scandinavian Journal of Forest Research 23 (2): 105–120.

BECOTEPS. (2011) The European bioeconomy in 2030: delivering sustainable growth by addressing the grand societal challenges. Available from:

https://greengrowthknowledge.org/research/european-bioeconomy-2030-delivering-sustainable-growth-addressing-grand-societal-challenges.

Bergstedt, J. and Milberg, P. (2001) The impact of logging intensity on field-layer vegetation in Swedish boreal forests. Forest Ecology and Management 54(1–2):105–115.

Bonet, J.A.B.A., Palahí, M.P., Colinas, C.C., Pukkala, T.P., Fischer, C.R.F.R., Miina, J.M. and Aragón, J.M. (2010) Modelling the production and species richness of wild mushrooms in pine forests of the Central Pyrenees in northeastern Spain. Canadian Journal of Forest Research 40 (2): 347–356.

Borgström, S. (2018) Reviewing natural resources law in the light of bioeconomy: Finnish forest regulations as a case study. Forest Policy and Economics 88: 11–23.

Calama, R. , Tomé, M. , Sánchez-González, M. , Miina, J. , Spanos, K. and Palahí, M. (2010) Modelling non-wood forest products in Europe: a review. Forest Systems 19: 69–85.

Chamberlain, J.L., Mitchell, D., Brigham, T., Hobby, T., Zabek, L. and Davis, J. (2009) Forest farming practices. North American Agroforestry: An Integrated Science and Practice, 2nd edition, pp. 1–38.

Chamberlain, J.L., Darr, D. and Meinhold, K. (2020) Rediscovering the contributions of forests and trees to transition global food systems. Forests 11 (10): 1098.

Chamberlain, J.L., Emery, M.R. and Patel-Weynand, T. (2018) Assessment of non-timber forest products in the United States under changing conditions. General Technical Report SRS-232, US Forest Service, Southern Research Station, 232, pp. 1–268.

Chamberlain, J.L., Small, C.J. and Baumflek, M. (2019) Sustainable production of temperate and boreal non-timber forest products: examples from North America. In Stanturf J. (Ed.) Achieving sustainable forestry. Volume 1. Boreal and Temperate Forests, Burleigh Doods Science Publishing, Cambridge, pp. 755–790.

Costa, F.R.C., Senna, C. and Nakkazono, E.M. (2002) Effects of selective logging on populations of two tropical understory herbs in an Amazonian forest. Biotropica 34 (2): 289–296. Crockatt, M.E. (2012) Are there edge effects on forest fungi and if so, do they matter? Fungal Biology Reviews 26 (2): 94–101.

Domènech, R., Tracy, E.F., Rovira, M. and Lepeshkin, E. (2019) Beekeeping in Primorsky Province: challenges and opportunities. Forest Science and Technology Centre of Catalonia (CTFC) and WWF Russia. Available from:

https://amurinfocenter.org/upload/iblock/14d/Beekeeping-in-Primorsky-province-WWF-CTFC.pdf.

Duchesne, L.C. and Wetzel, S. (2011) The bioeconomy and the forestry sector: changing markets and new opportunities. The Forestry Chronicle 79 (5): 860–864.

European Commission, Directorate-General for Research and Innovation (2012) Innovating for sustainable growth: a bioeconomy for Europe, Publications Office.

https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2777/6462.

European Commission (2019) The European green deal. COM/2019/640 final.

https://ec.europa.eu/info/strategy/priorities-2019-2024/european-green-deal_en.

European Commission (2021) New EU forest strategy for 2030. COM/2021/572 final.

https://ec.europa.eu/environment/strategy/forest-strategy_en.

Farrell, M. and Chabot, B. (2012) Assessing the growth potential and economic impact of the U.S. maple syrup industry. Journal of Agriculture, Food Systems, and Community Development 2: 11–27.

Gaoue, O.G. and Ticktin, T. (2007) Patterns of harvesting foliage and bark from the multipurpose tree Khaya senegalensis in Benin: variation across ecological regions and its impacts on population structure. Biological Conservation 137 (3): 424–436.

Górriz-Mifsud, E., Marini Govigli, V. and Bonet, J.A. (2017) What to do with mushroom pickers in my forest? Policy tools from the landowners' perspective. Land Use Policy 63: 450–460. Granath, G., Kouki, J., Johnson, S., Heikkala, O., Rodríguez, A. and Strengbom, J. (2018) Trade-offs in berry production and biodiversity under prescribed burning and retention regimes in boreal forests. Journal of Applied Ecology 55 (4): 1658–1667.

Guariguata, M.R., García-Fernández, C., Sheil, D., Nasi, R., Herrero-Jáuregui, C., Cronkleton, P. and Ingram, V. (2010) Compatibility of timber and non-timber forest product management in natural tropical forests: perspectives, challenges, and opportunities. Forest Ecology and Management 259 (3): 237–245.

Guariguata, M.R., Cronkleton, P., Shanley, P. and Taylor, P.L. (2008) The compatibility of timber and non-timber forest product extraction and management. Forest Ecology and Management 256 (7): 1477–1481.

Guariguata, M.R., García-Fernández, C., Nasi, R., Sheil, D., Herrero-Jáuregui, C., Cronkleton, P., Ndoye, O. and Ingram, V. (2011) Timber and non-timber forest product extraction and management in the tropics: towards compatibility? In: Shackleton, S., Shackleton, C., and Shanley, P. (Eds.)Non-timber forest products in the global context. Tropical Forestry, Berlin: Springer, pp. 171–188.

Hamunen, K., Kurttila, M., Miina, J., Peltola, R. and Tikkanen, J. (2019) Sustainability of Nordic non-timber forest product-related businesses – A case study on bilberry. Forest Policy and Economics 109: 102002.

Herrero-Jáuregui, C., García-Fernández, C., Sist, P.L.J. and Casado, M.A. (2009) Conflict of use for multi-purpose tree species in the state of Pará, eastern Amazonia, Brazil. Biodiversity and Conservation 18 (4): 1019–1044.

Holmgren, S., D'Amato, D. and Giurca, A. (2020) Bioeconomy imaginaries: a review of forestrelated social science literature. Ambio 49 (12): 1860–1877.

IACGB (2020) International advisory council on global bioeconomy. Expanding the sustainable bioeconomy – Vision and Way Forward. Communiqué of the Global Bioeconomy Summit 2020. Available from: https://gbs2020.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/GBS2020_IACGB-Communique.pdf.

Jamshidi, R., Jaeger, D., Raafatnia, N. and Tabari, M. (2008) Influence of two ground-based skidding systems on soil compaction under different slope and gradient conditions. International Journal of Forest Engineering 19 (1): 9–16.

Jesson, J. and Lacey, F. (2006) How to do (or not to do) a critical literature review. Pharmacy Education 6 (2): 139–148.

Kurttila, M., Butler, B.J., Hujala, T., Miina, J., Vanhanen, H. and Vacik, H. (2019) The diversifying use of family forests – Opportunities for new services. In: Hujala, T., Toppinen, A., and J. Butler, B. (Eds.)Services in family forestry. World Forests. Springer International Publishing, pp. 67–81.

Lambini, C.K., Nguyen, T.T., Abildtrup, J., Pham, V.D., Tenhunen, J. and Garcia, S. (2018) Are ecosystem services complementary or competitive? An econometric analysis of cost functions of private forests in Vietnam. Ecological Economics 147: 343–352.

Lawrence, A. (2003) No forest without timber? International Forestry Review 5 (2): 87–96. Liu, B., Bonet, J.A., Fischer, C.R., Martínez de Aragón, J., Bassie, L. and Colinas, C. (2016) Lactarius deliciosus Fr. soil extraradical mycelium correlates with stand fruitbody productivity and is increased by forest thinning. Forest Ecology and Management 380: 196–201.

Maguigad, E. (2020) Assessment of policies on non-timber forest products (NTFPS) in southeast Asia towards enabling community forestry enterprises. Available from: https://ntfp.org/2020/10/assessment-of-policies-on-ntfps-regional-summary/.

Martinez de Arano I. , Maltoni S. , Picardo A. , Mutke S. , (coord.) (2021) Non-wood forest products for people, nature and the green economy. Recommendations for policy priorities in Europe. A white paper based on lessons learned from around the Mediterranean. Series Knowledge to Action nº 5. EFI and FAO, Barcelona, p. 85 https://doi.org/10.36333/k2a05 ISBN: 978-952-7426-7408-1

McCormick, K. and Kautto, N. (2013) The bioeconomy in Europe: an overview. Sustainability 5 (6): 2589–2608.

Messier, C., Puettmann, K., Chazdon, R., Andersson, K.P., Angers, V.A., Brotons, L., Filotas, E., Tittler, R., Parrott, L. and Levin, S.A. (2015) From management to stewardship: viewing forests as complex adaptive systems in an uncertain world. Conservation Letters 8 (5): 368–377.

Messier, C. , Puettmann, K.J. and Coates, K.D. (2013) Managing forests as complex adaptive systems: building resilience to the challenge of global change. Routledge, London. Miina, J. , Kurttila, M. , Calama, R. , de- Miguel, S. and Pukkala, T. (2020) Modelling non-timber forest products for forest management planning in Europe. Current Forestry Reports 6 (4):

309–322.

Millennium Ecosystem Assessment . (2005) Ecosystems and human well-being: synthesis. Washington, DC: Island Press.

Mutke, S. , Calama, R. , GonzálezMartínez, S.C. , Montero, G. , Gordo, F.J. , Bono, D. and Gil, L. (2011) Mediterranean stone pine: botany and horticulture. In: Horticultural reviews. John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, pp. 153–201.

Nichiforel, L., Keary, K., Deuffic, P., Weiss, G., Thorsen, B.J., Winkel, G., Avdibegović, M., Dobšinská, Z., Feliciano, D., Gatto, P., Gorriz Mifsud, E., Hoogstra-Klein, M., Hrib, M., Hujala, T., Jager, L., Jarský, V., Jodłowski, K., Lawrence, A., Lukmine, D., Pezdevšek Malovrh, Š., Nedeljković, J., Nonić, D., Krajter Ostoić, S., Pukall, K., Rondeux, J., Samara, T., Sarvašová, Z., Scriban, R.E., Šilingienė, R., Sinko, M., Stojanovska, M., Stojanovski, V., Stoyanov, N., Teder, M., Vennesland, B., Vilkriste, L., Wilhelmsson, E., Wilkes-Allemann, J., Bouriaud, L. (2018) How private are Europe's private forests? A comparative property rights analysis. Land Use Policy 76: 535–552.

Pereira, R., Zweede, J., Asner, G.P. and Keller, M. (2002) Forest canopy damage and recovery in reduced-impact and conventional selective logging in eastern Para, Brazil. Forest Ecology and Management 168 (1): 77–89.

Pilz, D. , Molina, R. and Mayo, J. (2006) Effects of thinning young forests on chanterelle mushroom production. Journal of Forestry 104 (1): 9–14.

Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forestbased bioeconomy. Forests 12 (12): 1673.

Popay, J. , Roberts, H. , Sowden, A. , Petticrew, M. , Arai, L. , Rodgers, M. , Britten, N. , Roen, K. and Duffy, S. (2006) Guidance on the conduct of narrative synthesis in systematic reviews. Lancaster University.

Ries, L., Murphy, S.M., Wimp, G.M. and Fletcher, R.J. (2017) Closing persistent gaps in knowledge about edge ecology. Current Landscape Ecology Reports 2 (1): 30–41.

Rist, L., Shanley, P., Sunderland, T., Sheil, D., Ndoye, O., Liswanti, N. and Tieguhong, J. (2012) The impacts of selective logging on non-timber forest products of livelihood importance. Forest Ecology and Management 268: 57–69.

Sheppard, J.P., Chamberlain, J., Agúndez, D., Bhattacharya, P., Chirwa, P.W., Gontcharov, A., Sagona, W.C.J., Shen, H., Tadesse, W. and Mutke, S. (2020a) Sustainable forest management beyond the timber-oriented status quo: transitioning to co-production of timber and non-wood forest products – A global perspective. Current Forestry Reports 6 (1): 26–40. Sheppard, J.P., Santos e Silva, C., Louro, R., Stara, K., Belova, O. and Spiecker, H. (2020b) Identification and ecology of NWFP species. In: Vacik, H., Hale, M., Spiecker, H., Pettenella, D., and Tome, M. (Eds.) Non-wood forest products in Europe. Ecology and management of mushrooms, tree products, understory plants and animal products. Norderstedt: BoD, pp. 19–43.

Sheppard, J.P., Bohn Reckziegel, R., Borrass, L., Chirwa, P.W., Cuaranhua, C.J., Hassler, S.K., Hoffmeister, S., Kestel, F., Maier, R., Mälicke, M., Morhart, C., Ndlovu, N.P., Veste, M., Funk, R., Lang, F., Seifert, T., du Toit, B. and Kahle, H.-P. (2020c) Agroforestry: an appropriate and sustainable response to a changing climate in Southern Africa? Sustainability 12 (17): 6796.

Sheppard, J.P. (2017) Multipurpose trees & non-wood forest products: a challenge and opportunity for European silviculture. Interconnecting Forests, Science and People: 125th IUFRO Anniversary Congress 2017. Freiburg. 18–22 September 2017.

Sheppard, J.P., Mangold, R. and Spiecker, H. (2016) Revised silvicultural guidelines for selected MPT and NWFP. Startree Deliverable 2.3. European Commission.

Sinha, A. and Brault, S. (2005) Assessing sustainability of non-timber forest product extractions: how fire affects sustainability. Biodiversity & Conservation 14 (14): 3537–3563.

Small, C.J., Chamberlain, J.L. and Nuckols, C.M. (2014) Failure of black cohosh (*Actaea racemosa* L.) rhizome transplants: potential causes and forest farming implications. Agroforestry Systems 88 (5): 815–822.

Soriano, M., Kainer, K.A., Staudhammer, C.L. and Soriano, E. (2012) Implementing multiple forest management in Brazil nut-rich community forests: effects of logging on natural regeneration and forest disturbance. Forest Ecology and Management 268: 92–102.

Šušnjar, M. , Horvat, D. and Šešelj, J. (2006) Soil compaction in timber skidding in winter conditions. Croatian Journal of Forest Engineering: Journal for Theory and Application of Forestry Engineering 27 (1): 3–15.

Tomé, M., Sheppard, J.P., Alma, M.H., Carrasquinho, I., Christensen, C.J., Hellström, J., Kurttila, M., Marnila, P., Mattila, P., Miina, J., Mutke, S., Paulo, J.A., Palma, J.H., Pihlava, J.M., Pignatti, G., Sanchéz-González, M., Silva, C.S., Soares, P., Vanhanen, H. (2020) Non-wood tree products in Europe. In:Non-wood forest products in Europe. Ecology and management of mushrooms, tree products, understory plants and animal products. Outcomes of the COST Action FP1203 on European NWFPs, pp. 263–302.

UN. (1993) Agenda 21- United Nations conference on environment & development. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil: United Nations Division for Sustainable Development. Available from: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/Agenda21.pdf.

Vacik, H., Wiersum, F., Mutke, S., Kurttila, M., Sheppard, J., Wong, J., de Miguel, S., Nijnik, M., Spiecker, H., Miina, J., Huber, P., Melnykovych, M., Tsioras, P., Abraham, E., Enescu, M. and Kyriazopoulos, A., Hale, M., Spiecker, H., Pettenella, D. and Tome, M. (2020) Considering NWFP in multi-purpose forest management. In: Vacik, H., Hale, M., Spiecker, H., Pettenella, D. and Tome, M. 2020, Non-wood forest products in Europe. Ecology and management of mushrooms, tree products, understory plants and animal products. Norderstedt: BoD, pp. 79–123.

Wei, L., Villemey, A., Hulin, F., Bilger, I., Yann, D., Chevalier, R., Archaux, F. and Gosselin, F. (2015) Plant diversity on skid trails in oak high forests: A matter of disturbance, microenvironmental conditions or forest age? Forest Ecology and Management 338: 20–31.

Mediterranean stone pine production systems and the emerging bioeconomy in Chile

Adams, C. (2017) The Sustainable Development Goals, integrated thinking. p. 51. Available at: https://www.integratedreporting.org/resource/sdgs-integrated-thinking-and-theintegrated-report/ (Accessed 4 May 2021).

Agrimi, M. and Ciancio, O. (1994) Le pin pignon (Pinus pinea). Lanark: FAO Silva Mediterranean.

Akca, E., Kapur, S., Tanaka, Y., Kaya, Z. and Yakti, S. (2010) Afforestation effect on soil quality of dunes. Polish Journal of Environmental Studies 19 (6): 1109–1116.

Ammari, Y., Sghaier, T., Solano, D., Aleta, N., Bono, D., Hothmani, H., Albouchi, A., Coll, L. and Mutke, S. (2011) The Stone pine in Tunisia. International meeting on Mediterranean stone pine for agroforestry (Atropine). Iamz-Ciheam. Valladolid.

Arthur-Worsop, M.J. (1985) An economic evaluation of agroforestry. New Zealand Agricultural Science 19 (3): 99–106.

Ávila, A. , Loewe, V. and Delard C. (2012) Impacto social del cultivo. In: Loewe, M.V. and Delard, C. (Eds.) Un nuevo cultivo para Chile, el Pino piñonero. INFOR-CORFO, Santiago, Chile, pp. 241–246.

Awan, H. and Pettenella, D. (2017) Pine nuts: sanitary conditions and market development. Forests 8 (10): 367. https://doi.org/10.3390/f8100367"https://doi.org/10.3390/f8100367.

Barranco, J. and Ortuño, S. (2004) Aproximación del sector del piñón. Revista Española de Estudios Agrosociales y Pesqueros 201: 165–189.

Bilgin, F. , Acar, I. and Gokce, O. (2000) A case study on Pinus pinea in Turkey. Proceedings of 1st Simposium on Stone pine. Valladolid. Vol. II: 401–410.

Bugge, M.M. , Hansen, T. and Klitkou, A. (2016) What is the bioeconomy? Sustainability 8 (7): 691.

Butler, I., Abellanas, B., Monteagudo, F., Bastida, F. and López, J. (1997) First results of a trial in agronomic grafting in stone pine. Proc. 2nd Spanish Forest Congress. Sociedad Española de Ciencias Forestales. Pamplona, pp. 99–104.

Calama, R., Gordo, J., Mutke, S. and Montero, G. (2008) An empirical ecological-type model for predicting Stone pine cone production in the Northern Plateau (Spain). Forest Ecology and Management 255(3–4):660–673.

Calama, R., Sánchez-González, M. and Montero, G. (2007) Management oriented growth models for multifunctional Mediterranean forests: stone pine. EFI Proceeding 56, European Forest Institute, Joensuu, pp. 57–69.

Campos, P., Ovando, P. and Oviedo, J.L. (2011) Proyecto RECAMAN: renta total y capital del bosque de pino piñonero. In Jornadas sobre Pinar, Pino, Piña y Piñón. Córdoba.

Chamberlain, J.L., Darr, D. and Meinhold, K. (2020) Rediscovering the contributions of forests to transition global food systems. Forests 11: 1098.

Correia, A. (2019) Mediterranean Stone pine and pine nuts: knowledge for a better management. Enhanced production of edibles from forests and orchards; Tunisia, November 12th-13th. Available at

https://inovacao.rederural.gov.pt/images/Docs/GO_Documentos/Stone_pine_TUNISIA_Alexand ra_Correia_nov2019_1.pdf (Accessed 12 April 2021).

Cruz, C. (2008) La cascara de piñón ahorra 30% más que el gas. Available at http://www.elnortedecastilla.es/20080227/palencia/cascara-pinon-ahorra-20080227.html (Accessed 12 April 2021).

Dietz, T., Börner, J., Förster, J. and von Braun, J. (2018) Governance of the bioeconomy: a global study of national bioeconomy strategies. Sustainability 10: 3190.

Dube, F., Thevathasan, N.V., Stolpe, N., Espinosa, M., Zagal, E. and Gordon, A.M. (2013) Selected carbon fluxes in *Pinus ponderosa*-based silvopastoral systems, plantations and pastures in Patagonia. Agroforestry Systems 87 (3): 525–542.

Dube, F. , Sotomayor, A. , Loewe, M.V. , Müller-Using, B. , Stolpe, N. , Zagal, E. and Cabrera, C. (2015) Silvopastoral systems in temperate Chile. In: Dube, F. (Ed.). Silvopastoral systems in South America. Springer, Gainsville, pp. 190–218.

Eichhorn, M.P., Paris, P., Hderzog, F., Incoll, L.D., Liagre, F., Mantzanas, K., Mayus, M., V.P., Pilbeam, D.J., Pisanelli, A. and Dupraz, C. (2006) Silvoarable systems in Europe, past, present and future prospects. Agroforestry Systems 67: 29–50.

Estruch, R., Ros, E., Salas-Salvadó, J., Covas, M., Corella, D., Arós, F., Gómez-Garcia, E., Ruiz-Gutiérrez, V. and Laperta, J. (2018) Primary prevention of cardiovascular disease with a Mediterranean diet with olive oil/nuts. New England Journal Medicine 378: e34.

García, A. and Laval, E. (2019) Boletín cereales. Odepa, Chilean Ministry of Agriculture. Available at https://www.odepa.gob.cl/wp-content/uploads/2019/09/BCereales092019.pdf (Accessed 10 May 2021).

García, A. and Riveros, P. (2019) Avena: situación nacional. ODEPA-MINAGRI, p. 15. Available at www.odepa.gob.cl (Accessed 14 April 2021).

Garland, K.R., Fisher, W.W. and Greig, P.J. (1984) Agroforestry in Victoria. Technical Report Series. Dept. Agriculture, Victoria, p. 93.

Gordo, J., Mutke, S., Calama, R. and Gil, L. (2011) El uso del pino piñonero en sistemas agroforestales. Proceeding of jornadas de cultivos alternativos con especies forestales, 21 y 22 de septiembre de 2011, Valladolid. Junta de Castilla y León, Valladolid. p. 34. Available at www.redforesta.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/09/El-uso-del-pino-pinonero-en-sistemas-agroforestales-Francisco-Javier-Gordo-Alonso.pdf (Accessed 14 April 2021).

INC. (2019) Nuts and dried fruits statistical yearbook 2019/20. International Nut and Dried Fruit Council, Reus, Spain. p. 80. Available at

www.nutfruit.org/files/tech/1587539172_INC_Statistical_Yearbook_2019-2020.pdf (Accessed 14 April 2021).

Jaouadi, W. , Alsubeie, M. , Mechergui, K. and Naghmouchi S. (2020) Silviculture of *Pinus pinea* in NordAfrica and Mediterranean areas. Journal of Sustainable Forestry 40 (7): 656–674. Küçüker, D.M. and Baskent, E.Z. (2017) State of stone pine forests in Turkey, economic importance. In: Carrasquinho I. and Correia A.C. (Eds.) Pine nuts from forests and plantations. CIHEAM, Options Méditerranéennes. Série A, Séminaires Méditerranéens 122 (2): 111–117. Lim, T.K. (2012) Pinus pinea. In: Edible medicinal and non-medicinal plants, Volume 4. Lim, T.K. (ed.). Springer, Dordrecht, pp 304–313.

Loewe-Muñoz, V. and Noel, D. (2021) Mediterranean *Pinus pinea* nuts from Southern Hemisphere countries. Rendiconti Lincei 32 (1): 181–189.

Loewe, M.V. and Delard R.C. (2012) Un nuevo cultivo para Chile, el Pino Piñonero. INFOR-CORFO, Santiago.

Loewe, M.V. and Delard, R.C. (2016) Producción de piñón mediterráneo. INFOR, Santiago, Chile.

Loewe, V. and Delard, C. (2019) Stone pine (*Pinus pinea*): an interesting species for agroforestry in Chile. Agroforestry Systems 93 (2): 703–713.

Loewe, M.V., Vargas, V., Ruiz, J.M. and Lobo, Q.F. (2015a) Creation and implementation of a certification system for insurability and fire risk classification. USDA Forest Service RMRS-P-73: 141–149.

Loewe, M.V., Delard, R.C., Balzarini, M., Álvarez, C.A. and Navarro-Cerrillo, R.M. (2015b) Impact of climate and management variables on stone pine growing in Chile. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology 214–215: 106–116.

Loewe, M.V., Balzarini, M., Álvarez, A., Delard, C. and Navarro-Cerrillo, R.M. (2016) Fruit productivity of Stone pine in Chile. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology 223: 203–216. Loewe-Muñoz, V., Delard, C., Del Río, R. and Balzarini, M. (2020a) Long-term effect of fertilisation on stone pine growth and cone production. Annals of Forest Science 77: 69–78. https://doi.org/10.1007/s13595-020-00978-6.

Loewe-Muñoz, V., Balzarini, M., Delard, C., Del Río, R. and Alvarez, A. (2020b) Inter-annual variability of stone pine cone yield in a non-native habitat. New Forests 51 (6): 1055–1068. Mancilla-Leyton, J.M., Sánchez-Lineros, V. and Vicente, A.M. (2013) Influence of grazing on decomposition of *Pinus pinea* needles in silvopastoral system in Doñana, Spain. Plant Soil 373: 173–181.

Marggraff, G. (2014) White gold, the Tunisian pine nut value chain. 5th International Conference on Mediterranean Pines (Medpine5) 22–26 September 2014. Solsona: s.n.

McCormick, K. and Kautto, N. (2013) The bioeconomy in Europe: an overview. Sustainability 5: 2589–2608.

Mutke, S., Calama, R., Gordo, J. and Gil, L. (2007) El uso del pino piñonero como especie de frutal en sistemas agroforestales. Cuadernos de la Sociedad Española de Ciencias Forestales 22: 137–142.

Mutke, S. (2020) El pino piñonero en plantaciones agronómicas. Foresta 77: 6–7.

New Zealand Tree Crops Association (NZTCA) . (2020) Pine nut. Available at

https://treecrops.org.nz/crops/nut/pine-nut/pine-nut/ (Accessed 10 May 2020).

ODEPA. (2022) Precios. Series de tiempo. Available at:

https://www.odepa.gob.cl/precios/series-de-tiempo (Accessed 1 February 2022).

Pardini, A. and Nori, M. (2011) Agro-silvo-pastoral systems in Italy: integration and

diversification. Pastoralism: Research, Policy and Practice 1 (1): 26–36.

Peña, E. and Pedernera, P. (2004) Silvicultura preventiva para combatir incendios forestales. Chile Forestal 302: 12–14.

Peterson, A. (2007) Global warming, drought and Chinese imports shape an "Experiment in Agriculture" for Colorado. Available at http://ezinearticles.com/?Global-Warming-Drought-and-Chinese-Imports-Shape-an-Experiment-in-Agriculture-for-Colorado&id=674004 (Accessed 14 April 2021).

Pfau, S.F. , Hagens, J.E. , Dankbaar, B. and Smits, A. (2014) Visions of sustainability in bioeconomy research. Sustainability 6: 1222–1249.

Pinoli (2022) Our orchards. Available at: https://pinoli.co.nz/pages/our-orchards (Accessed: 1 February 2022).

Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forestbased bioeconomy. Forests 12: 1673.

Popova, T. and Hristova, H. (2018) Trees of eternity-*Pinus pinea* in daily life, rituals, religion and symbolism. Archaeobotanical evidence from Bulgaria. Journal of Archaeological Science 19: 987–991.

Pretzsch, H., del Río, M., Schütze, G., Ammer, C., Annighöfer, P., Avdagic, A., Barbeito, I., Bielak, K., Brazaitis, G., Coll, L., Drössler, L., Fabrika, M., Forrester, D.I., Kurylyak, V., Löf, M., Motta, R., Skrzyszewski, J., Sramek, V., Sterba, H., Svoboda, M., Verheyen, K.,

Zlatanov, T. and Bravo-Oviedo, A. (2016) Mixing *Pinus sylvestris* and *Fagus sylvatica* enhances structural heterogeneity and increases water availability. Forest Ecology and Management 373: 149–166.

Redondo, C. , Mutke, S. , Adams, S. , Bonet, J.A. , Calama, R. , Calvo, J. and Martínez De Arano, I. (2018) Productos forestales, más allá de la madera. Foresta 70: 48–55.

Reisner, Y. , De Filippi, R. , Herzog, F. and Palma, J. (2007) Target regions for silvoarable agroforestry in Europe. Ecological Engineering 29: 401–418.

Rodríguez, A. , Rodrigues, M. and Sotomayor, O. (2019) Hacia una bioeconomía sostenible en América Latina y el Caribe. United Nations. Recursos Naturales y Desarrollo 191.

Sasson, A. and Malpica, C. (2018) Bioeconomy in Latin America. New Biotechnology 40: 40–45.

Sattout, E. and Faour, G. (2017) Insights on the value chain and management practices of stone pine in Lebanon. In: Carrasquinho, I., Correia, A.C. and Mutke, S. (Eds).

Mediterraneanpine nuts from forests and plantations. CIHEAM. Options Méditerranéennes. Série A, Séminaires Méditerranéens 122: 119–124.

Sbay, H. and Hajib, S. (2016) Le pin pignon, une espèce pour le changement climatique. Centre de Recherche Forestière, Rabat. p. 74. Available at https://docplayer.fr/48624930-Royaume-du-maroc-haut-commissariat-aux-eaux-et-forets-et-a-la-lutte-contre-la-desertification-le-pin-pignon.html (Accessed 16 August 2020).

Schröder, K., Khaldi, A. and Hasnaoui, A. (2014) Analyse de la chaîne de valeur "Pignons de pin" en Tunisie. Project Adaptation au changement climatique des politiques. GIZ at DGF Tunisia, Tunis.

Seidel, D., Leuschner, C., Scherber, C., Beyer, F., Wommelsdorf, T. and Fehrmann, L. (2013) The relationship between tree species richness, canopy and productivity in a temperate mixed forest. Forest Ecology and Management 310: 366–374.

Soto, D., Gysling A., Kahler C., Poblete, P., Alvarez V., Pardo E., Bañados, J. and Baeza, D. (2021) Anuario Forestal 2021. Instituto Forestal, Chile. Boletín Estadístico N°180. 274p. Available at: https://bibliotecadigital.infor.cl/handle/20.500.12220/31292 (Accessed 1 February 2022).

Sülüsoglu, M. (2004) The management of villagers owned stone pine plantations in Turkey. Rome: FAO Forestry Policy and Institutions, Working Paper Series N°5. 18p. Available at http://www.fao.org/docrep/008/j4821e/j4821e00.htm. (Accessed 14 April 2021).

Tamburini, G., Bommarco, R., Cherico-Wanger, T., Kremen, C., Liebman, M. and Hallin, S. (2020) Agricultural diversification promotes multiple ecosystem services without compromising yield. Science Advancement 6 (45): eaba 1715.

Tapia, B. (2021) Boletín papa. ODEPA, 17p. Available at

https://www.odepa.gob.cl/publicaciones/boletines/boletin-de-la-papa-enero-2021 (Accessed 14 April 2021).

Tramblay, Y., Koutroulis, A., Samaniego, L., Vicente-Serrano, S., Volaire, F., Boone, A., Le Page, M., Llasat, M.C., Albergel, C., Burak, S., Cailleret, M., Cindric, K., Davi, H., Dupuy, J.L., Greve, P., Grillakis, M., Martinez-Vilalta, J., Mouillot, F., Renard, D., Turco, M., Türkes, M., Trigo, R., Vidal, J.P., Vilagrosa, A., Zribi, M. and Polcher, J. (2020) Challenges for drought assessment in the Mediterranean under climate scenarios. Earth-Science Reviews 210. Trap, L. (1993) Pinus pinea, update for Australia. Yearbook West Australian Nut and Tree Crops Association, 17. Perth, pp 6–8.

Vanhanen, L. and Savage, G. (2013) Mineral analysis of Pine nuts (*Pinus* spp.) grown in New Zealand. Foods 2: 143–150.

Wolfslehner, B. , Prokofieva, I. and Mavsar, R. (2019) Non-wood forest products in Europe. What Science Can Tell Us, 10. European Forest Institute. Joensuu.

Participatory GIS applications for wild berry utilisation and the Finnish bioeconomy

Akbar, Y. and Tracogna, A. (2017) The sharing economy and the future of the hotel industry: Transaction cost theory and platform economics. International Journal of Hospitality Management. 71: 91–101.

Basu, B. (2017) UBER: Redefining transportation. International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer Science and Management Studies 5 (3): 39–42.

Boulanger-Lapointe, N., Gérin-Lajoie, J., Collier, L.S., Desrosiers, S., Spiech, C., Henry, G.H.R., Hermanutz, L., Lévesque, E. and Cuerrier, A. (2019) Berry plants and berry picking in Inuit Nunangat: Traditions in a changing socio-ecological landscape. Human Ecology. 47: 81–93.

Calama, R., Miina, J., de- Miguel, S., Bonet, J., Mounir, F., Tomé, M., Martinez-Jaúregui, M., Herruzo, C., Peltola, R., Salo, K., Kurttila, M., Hernández-Rodríguez, M., Martín-Pinto, P. and Sánchez-González, M. (2020) Data & models: importance of assessing and forecasting

non-wood forest products in Europe. In Vacik, H., Hale, M., Spiecker, H., Pettenella, D. and Tomé, M. (Eds.) Non-wood forest products in Europe. Ecology and management of mushrooms, tree products, understory plants and animal products. Outcomes of the COST Action FP1203 on European NWFPs. BoD, pp. 60–61.

Finnish Bioeconomy Strategy (2014) Sustainable growth from bioeconomy [online]. Available at: https://biotalous.fi/wp-

content/uploads/2014/08/The_Finnish_Bioeconomy_Strategy_110620141.pdf (Accessed 16 September 2021).

Finnish Meteorological Institute (2021) From point observations to regionally comprehensive climate grids [online]. Available at: https://ilmasto-opas.fi/en/ilmastonmuutos/suomen-muuttuva-ilmasto/-/artikkeli/3db6d382-8d68-498d-bad9-40c5aedf42e3/hila-aineistojen-tuottaminen.html (Accessed 16 September 2021).

Hamunen, K. , Kurttila, M. , Miina, J. , Peltola, R. and Tikkanen, J. (2019) Sustainability of Nordic non-timber forest product-related businesses – A case study on bilberry. Forest Policy and Economics 109: 1–12.

Hujala, T., Kurttila, M. and Store, R. (2014) Mobile forest berry map service: co-creating value from open public data. In Toivonen, M. (Ed.) Services and New Societal Challenges: Innovation for Sustainable Growth and Welfare. Proceedings of the 24th annual RESER Conference, 11–13 September, Helsinki. RESER and VTT, pp. 593–600. [online]. Available at:

https://www.reser.net/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/RESER_2014_Proceedings.pdf (Accessed 16 September 2021).

Kangas, K. and Markkanen, P. (2001) Factors affecting participation in wild berry picking by rural and urban dwellers. Silva Fennica 35 (4): 487–495.

Kilpeläinen, H., Miina, J., Store, R., Kurttila, M. and Salo, K. (2016) Evaluation of bilberry and cowberry yield models by comparing model predictions with field measurements from North Karelia, Finland. Forest Ecology and Management 363: 120–129.

Klitkou, A., Bolwig, S., Hansen, T. and Wessberg, N. (2015) The role of lock-in mechanisms in transition processes: The case of energy for road transport. Environmental Innovation and Societal Transitions 16: 22–37.

Kniivilä, M., Määttä, K., Haltia, E., Hietala J. Huovari , J. and Jutila, K. (2017) Kohti biotaloutta: Kapeikot ja ohjauskeinojen suuntaus (Towards bioeconomy: barriers and redirection of regulation) [online]. Available at: http://julkaisut.valtioneuvosto.fi/handle/10024/160323 (Accessed 16 September 2021).

La Mela, M. (2014) Property rights in conflict: wild berry-picking and the Nordic tradition of allemansrätt. Scandinavian Economic History Review 62 (3): 266–289.

Lankia, T., Kopperoinen, L., Pouta, E. and Neuvonen, M. (2015) Valuing recreational ecosystem service flow in Finland. Journal of Outdoor Recreation and Tourism 10: 14–28. Luhas, J., Mikkilä, M., Uusitalo, V. and Linnanen, L. (2019) Product diversification in

sustainability transition: the forest-based bioeconomy in Finland. Sustainability 11 (12): 1–19. MacPhail, V.J. and Colla, S.R. (2020) Power of the people: a review of citizen science programs for conservation. Biological Conservation 249: 1–15.

MARSI (2020) Luonnonmarjojen ja -sienten kauppaantulomäärät vuonna 2020 (Volumes of wild berries and mushrooms in wholesale markets in 2020). [online]. Available at: https://www.ruokavirasto.fi/globalassets/viljelijat/tuet-ja-rahoitus/marsi-2020-raportti.pdf

(Accessed 16 September 2021).

Miina, J., Hotanen, J.-P. and Salo, K. (2009) Modelling the abundance and temporal variation in the production of bilberry (Vaccinium myrtillus L.) in Finnish mineral soil forests. Silva Fennica 43 (4): 577–593.

Nuortila, C. (2007) Little variation in fruit/flower ratio between years in two ericaceous dwarf shrubs, Vaccinium myrtillus and Vaccinium vitis-idaea. In Nuortila, C. (Ed.) Constraints on sexual reproduction and seed set in Vaccinium and Campanula. Acta Universitatis Ouluensis A. Scientiae Rerum Naturalium 489. Oulu: Oulu University Press, pp. 1–19.

Parlee, B. and Berkes, F. (2006) Indigenous knowledge of ecological variability and commons management: a case study on berry harvesting from Northern Canada. Human Ecology 34: 515–528.

Peter, M., Diekötter, T. and Kremer, K. (2019) Participant outcomes of biodiversity citizen science projects: A systematic literature review. Sustainability 11 (19): 2780.

Pouta, E., Sievänen, T. and Neuvonen, M. (2006) Recreational wild berry picking in Finland – Reflection of a rural lifestyle. Society and Natural Resources 19: 285–304.

Ristioja, A. (2018). Liiketoimintaa luonnontuotteista – toimialaraportti luonnontuotealasta(Natural products as business – report on the natural products sector) [online]. Available at: https://julkaisut.valtioneuvosto.fi/bitstream/handle/10024/160687/Luonnontuoteala_2018.pdf (Accessed 16 September 2021).

Salo, K. (1999) Principles and design of prognosis system for an annual forecast of non-wood forest products. In Niskanen A. and Demidova, N. (Eds.) Research approaches to support non-wood forest products sector development: case of Arkhangelsk Region, Russia. EFI Proceedings 29: 35–44.

Salonen, E. (2003) Here we come, World! Food trends in Finland. Gastronomica 3 (2): 101–103.

Sievänen, T. and Neuvonen, M. (Eds.) (2011) Luonnon virkistyskäyttö 2010. (Recreational use of nature 2010). Working Papers of the Finnish Forest Research Institute 212, pp. 467–471. SITRA (2008) Berries in the World – Introduction to the international markets of berries. [online]. Available at: https://media.sitra.fi/2017/02/28141842/Berries20in20the20world-2.pdf (Accessed 16 September 2021).

Stephany, A. (2015) The business of sharing: making it in the new sharing economy. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

Sutherland, W. and Jarrahi, M.H. (2018) The sharing economy and digital platforms: A review and research agenda. International Journal of Information Management 43: 328–341.

Tahvanainen, V., Kurttila, M., Miina, J., Hujala, T., Väkeväinen, T. and Salo, K. (2016) Pohjoiskarjalaisten ja kainuulaisten metsänomistajien mielipide marjastuksesta ja sienestyksestä yksityismetsissä (Forest owners' opinions on berry and mushroom picking in private forests in North Karelia and Kainuu). Metsätieteen aikakausikirja 2: 95–110.

Tikkanen J., Takala T., Järvelä M.-L., Kurttila M. and Vanhanen H. (2020) Challenges and Solutions for Non-Timber Forest Product Businesses in Finland – An Application of the SODA Analysis. Forests 11 (7): 753.

Tomppo, E., Haakana, M., Katila, M., Mäkisara, K. and Peräsaari, J. (2009) The multi-source national forest inventory of Finland – methods and results 2005. Working Papers of the Finnish Forest Research Institute 111.

Torvelainen, J. (2014) Metsien monikäyttö (Multiple use of forests). In Peltola, A. (Ed.) Finnish Statistical Yearbook of Forestry, Helsinki: Finnish Forest Research Institute, pp. 193–212. Turtiainen, M. , Salo, K. and Saastamoinen, O. (2011) Variations of yield and utilisation of bilberries (*Vaccinium myrtillus* L.) and cowberries (*V. vitis-idaea* L.) in Finland. Silva Fennica 45 (2): 237–251.

Turtiainen, M. , Miina, J. , Salo, K. and Hotanen, J.-P. (2013) Empirical prediction models for the coverage and yields of cowberry in Finland. Silva Fennica 47 (3): 1–12.

Vaara, M. (2015) Luonnonmarjojen käyttö kotitalouksissa ja teollisuudessa (Utilization of wild berries in households and industry). In Salo, K. (Ed.) Metsä. Monikäyttö ja ekosysteemipalvelut (Forest. Multiple use and ecosystem services), Helsinki: Natural Resources Institute Finland, pp. 139–142.

Wallenius, T.H. (1999) Yield variations of some common wild berries in Finland in 1956–1996. Annales Botanici Fennici 36: 299–314.

The keys to unlocking the bioeconomy with non-timber forest products

Bugge, M.M. , Hansen, T. and Klitkou, A. (2016) What is the bioeconomy? A review of the literature. Sustainability 8:691.

Diazgranados, M., Allkin, B., Black, N., Cámara-Leret, R., Canteiro, C., Carretero, J., Eastwood, R., Hargreaves, S., Hudson, A., Milliken, W., Nesbitt, M., Ondo, I., Patmore, K., Pironon, S., Turner, R. and Ulian, S. (2020) World checklist of useful plant species. Kew: Royal Botanical Garden.

Gowdy, J. and Mesner, S. (1998) The evolution of Georgescu-Roegen's bioeconomics. Review of Social Economy 56 (2): 136–156.

Hickey, G.M., Pouliot, M., Smith-Hall, C., Wunder, S. and Nielsen, M.R. (2016) Quantifying the economic contribution of wild food harvests to rural livelihoods: a global-comparative analysis. Food Policy 62: 122–132.

IACGB. (2020) Global Bioeconomy Policy Report (IV): a decade of bioeconomy policy development around the world. Berlin: International Advisory Council on Global Bioeconomy. Meinhold, K., Dumenu, W.K. and Darr, D. (2022) Connecting rural non-timber forest product collectors to global markets: the case of baobab (Adansonia digitata L.). Forest Policy and Economics 134: 102628.

Piplani, M. and Smith-Hall, C. (2021) Towards a global framework for analysing the forestbased bioeconomy. Forests 12: 1673.

Radelet, S. (2015) The great surge: the ascent of the developing world. New York: Simon & Schuster.

Rosling, H. (2018) Factfullness. London: Sceptre.

Shackleton, S. , Shackleton, C. and Shanley, P. (Eds.) (2011) Non-timber forest products in the global context. Heidelberg: Springer.

Shackleton, C.M. and Vos, A. de (2022) How many people globally actually use non-timber forest products? Forest Policy and Economics 135: 102659.

Sheppard, J.P., Chamberlain, J., Agúndez, D., Bhattacharya, P., Chirwa, P.W., Gontcharov, A., Sagona, W.C.J., Shen, H.L., Tadesse, W. and Mutke, S. (2020) Sustainable forest

management beyond the timber-oriented status quo: transitioning to co-production of timber and non-wood forest products – a global perspective. Current Forestry Reports 6: 26–40.

Vedeld, P. , Angelsen, A. , Bojö, J. , Sjaastad, E. and Berg, G.K. (2007) Forest environmental incomes and the rural poor. Forest Policy and Economics 9 (7): 869–879.

Vivien, F.-D., Nieddu, M., Befort, N., Debref, R. and Giampietro, M. (2019) The hijacking of the bioeconomy. Ecological Economics 159: 189–197.

Williams, M. (2003) Deforesting the Earth – from prehistory to global crisis. London: The University of Chicago Press.